

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT**  
**MONDAY JULY 28, 2003 - 0530 MDT**  
**NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 5**

**CURRENT SITUATION:**

Initial attack activity was moderate in the Eastern Great Basin and Rocky Mountain Areas, and light elsewhere. Nationally, 332 new fires were reported. Five new large fires were reported, two in the Southern Area and one each in the Eastern Great Basin, Rocky Mountain and Northern California Areas. Three large fires were contained, one each in the Rocky Mountain, Southwest and Southern Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

On July 26<sup>th</sup>, a helicopter crashed while responding to a reported fire near Aspen Ridge, AZ on the White Mountain Apache Reservation. The pilot and a crewmember were fatally injured. The firefighting community extends condolences to family and friends of the deceased.

**NORTHERN ROCKIES AREA LARGE FIRES:**

An Area Command Team (Mann) is assigned to manage large fires on the Flathead National Forest and Glacier National Park.

WEDGE CANYON, Flathead National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Bennett) is assigned. This fire is in sub-alpine fir with down fuel, 20 miles east of Eureka, MT. Fire whirls, torching and crowning in short durations were observed. Evacuations remain in effect. Eleven additional outbuildings have been confirmed lost.

ROBERT, Flathead National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Stam) is assigned. This fire is in timber, 8 miles north of Columbia Falls, MT. Several short crown fire runs were observed. Structure protection is in place for 200 residences and 24 commercial properties.

TRAPPER CREEK COMPLEX, Glacier National Park. A transfer of command from Cook's Fire Use Management Team to Raley's Type 1 Incident Management Team will occur on 7/28 at 0600. This complex, comprised of Trapper Creek, Wolf Gun and Paul Bunyan fires, is in mixed conifer with dead and down fuels, 45 miles northeast of Kalispell, MT. Ground fires with occasional torching were observed. The Many Glaciers developed area remains evacuated. Structure protection is in place for three commercial properties. Going to the Sun Highway through Glacier National Park is closed.

BLACK FROG COMPLEX, Bitterroot National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Frye) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Blackwall and Frog Pond fires, is 34 miles south of Hamilton, MT and 32 miles north of Salmon, ID. Isolated torching was observed. Structure protection is in place for 75 residences and one commercial property. Evacuations from Moose Meadows remain in place. Highway 93 is closed to public vehicles from 2100 on 7/27 to 0900 on 7/28.

SLIMS, Nez Perce National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Benes) is assigned. This fire is in ponderosa pine and mixed conifer, 35 miles east of Grangeville, ID. Up canyon winds continue to push the fire up Meadow Creek toward Horse Creek. Fire continues to spread in heavy surface fuels.

HUNT CREEK FIRE, Priest Lake Area Office, Idaho Department of Lands. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Kechter) will assume command on 7/28 at 1200. This fire is in heavy, cured logging slash, eight miles north/northwest of Coolin, ID. Active fire behavior with group torching and short range spotting was observed.

ROSS CREEK, Kootenai National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Sandman) is assigned. This fire is in sub-alpine fir with tall brush and heavy down fuel loads, 20 miles southwest of Troy, MT. Torching and short range spotting was observed.

HIDDEN LAKE, Beaverhead/Deerlodge National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Chrisman) is assigned. This fire is in sub-alpine fir, four miles northeast of Polaris, MT. Minimal fire behavior was observed.

BIG CREEK, Bitterroot National Forest. A transition between Swope's Type 2 Incident Management Team and a Type 3 organization will occur on 7/28 at 0600. This fire is in timber, four miles northwest of Victor, MT. Minimal fire behavior with continued burning in heavier fuels was observed.

AMETHYST, Yellowstone National Park. This fire is in old growth timber, litter and understory, 25 miles southeast of Mammoth Hot Springs, WY.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
WEDGE CANYON	MT	FNF	18,850	5	8/18	855	21	30	1	29	4.2M
ROBERT	MT	FNF	9,310	0	UNK	637	16	58	5	0	1.3M
TRAPPER CREEK COMPLEX	MT	GNP	16,500	35	9/5	101	2	0	2	1	192K
BLACK FROG COMPLEX	MT	BRF	8,000	25	UNK	783	25	19	4	0	3.7M
SLIMS	ID	NPF	2,200	15	UNK	380	10	6	4	0	2.0M
HUNT CREEK FIRE	ID	PLS	300	20	7/30	192	6	7	3	0	NR
ROSS CREEK	MT	KNF	142	35	UNK	212	16	0	5	0	720K
HIDDEN LAKE	MT	BDF	3,500	35	UNK	229	5	9	2	0	1.7M
BIG CREEK	MT	BRF	1,339	80	UNK	392	11	15	2	0	3.2M
AMETHYST	WY	YNP	315	95	7/30	51	1	1	1	0	600K
LITTLE SALMON CREEK COMPLEX - WFU	MT	FNF	250	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	17K

**EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:**

An Area Command Team (Ribar) is assigned to manage large fires on the Salmon-Challis National Forest.

HOT CREEK, Boise National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Sexton) is assigned. This fire is in mixed conifer with heavy fuel loading, eight miles west of Atlanta, ID. Slow moving surface fire with occasional torching was observed. Evacuations of isolated summer cabins and campers remain in effect. Structure protection is in place for 80 residences and ten commercial properties.

CRAMER, Salmon-Challis National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Martin) is assigned. This fire is in timber, 20 miles west of North Fork, ID. Minimal fire behavior was observed. Structure protection is in place for 38 residences.

CRYSTAL CREEK, Salmon-Challis National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Muir) is assigned. This fire is in sub-alpine fir, brush and grass, 18 miles north/northwest of Stanley, ID. Isolated torching was observed.

BLACK ROCK, Salt Lake Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is in pinyon pine, juniper, Douglas fir and sage, 30 miles west of Spanish Fork, UT. Moderate fire behavior with isolated torching was observed.

BULLDOG, Richfield Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is in oak, mountain mahogany, juniper and pinyon pine, 17 miles north of Ticaboo, UT. Minimal fire behavior was observed.

COTTONWOOD, Moab Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is in fir and oak brush, 65 miles northeast of Moab, UT. No new information was received.

JOE HATCH, Moab Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Suwyn) will assume command on 7/28 at 0800. This fire is 25 miles north of Green River, UT. Minimal fire behavior was observed in Douglas fir and mountain brush.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HOT CREEK	ID	BOF	19,489	15	UNK	784	24	18	9	1	2.3M
CRAMER	ID	SCF	5,614	60	7/31	367	11	4	4	0	1.1M
CRYSTAL CREEK	ID	SCF	1,319	60	UNK	294	9	2	4	0	1.0M
BLACK ROCK	UT	SLD	482	50	7/29	200	6	10	3	0	203K
BULLDOG	UT	RID	31,738	85	UNK	6	0	2	0	5	2.0M
COTTONWOOD	UT	MOD	200	30	UNK	73	3	1	1	0	NR
JOE HATCH	UT	MOD	165	0	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	NR
TIMBER TOP COMPLEX -WFU	UT	ZIP	296	N/A	N/A	14	0	0	0	0	NR

ZIP = Zion National Park

### ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

RED POINT, Black Hills National Forest. A Type 2 Florida State Incident Management Team (Jones) is assigned. This fire is 16 miles southeast of New Castle, WY. Occasional crowning and short range spotting were observed in timber. Residents, west of Dewey Road and south of Elk Mountain, remain evacuated. Structure protection is in place for 71 residences.

LANGLAS DRAW, White River National Forest. This fire is in fir, ponderosa pine, aspen and oak brush, 25 miles southeast of Meeker, CO. Backing fire with isolated torching was observed.

BIG SPRING, Casper Field Office (East Zone), Bureau of Land Management. A transfer of command from Kearney's Type 2 Incident Management Team to a Type 3 organization will take place today. This fire is in ponderosa pine, pinyon pine and juniper, 30 miles north of Kaycee, WY. Minimal fire behavior was observed. Evacuations have been lifted.

DITCH CREEK, Bighorn National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Blume) is assigned. This fire is in lodgepole pine, spruce and fir, five miles southwest of Story, WY. Minimal fire behavior with isolated torching was observed.

DEEP LAKE, Shoshone National Forest. A transition from Domanski's Type 2 Incident Management Team to a Type 3 organization will occur on 7/28 at 1000. This fire is in mixed conifer and grass, 30 miles northwest of Cody, WY. No visible fire was observed.

BALCONY HOUSE COMPLEX, Mesa Verde National Park. This complex, comprised of Moccasin, White, Balcony and Park fires is in pinyon pine, juniper, ponderosa pine, Douglas fir, grass and brush. Minimal fire behavior was observed; ground fuels are continuing to burn out.

RED ROCK, White River Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 30 miles south of Rangely, CO. Uphill runs were observed in juniper and pinyon pine.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
RED POINT	SD	BKF	15,500	40	7/30	806	25	43	4	0	2M
LANGLAS DRAW	CO	WRF	361	15	7/31	138	3	6	3	0	224K
BIG SPRING	WY	CAD	2,700	90	7/29	330	7	12	4	0	1.7K
DITCH CREEK	WY	BHF	370	50	7/31	268	7	0	3	0	489K
DEEP LAKE	WY	SHF	6,886	55	9/15	98	2	0	2	0	1.3M
BALCONY HOUSE COMPLEX	CO	MVP	2,750	35	8/15	67	2	1	1	0	3.6M
RED ROCK	CO	WRD	100	0	UNK	40	2	0	0	0	NR
MAVERICK	CO	GJD	1,161	100	---	220	6	2	2	0	528K

GJD = Western Slope Center, Bureau of Land Management

### NORTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

CLARK, Willamette National Forest. A transfer of command from Gardner's Type 2 Incident Management Team to Morcom's Type 2 Incident Management Team will occur today. This fire is in understory and timber with dead and down fuels, ten miles northeast of Lowell, OR. Some interior islands of fuel continue to burn with isolated torching.

FAWN PEAK COMPLEX, Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Anderson) and a Washington Interagency Incident Management Team (Furlong/Gormley) are assigned. This complex is comprised of the Fawn Peak, Sweetgrass and Farewell fires; the Fawn Peak and Sweetgrass fires have been controlled. The Farewell fire is in sub-alpine fir with heavy dead and down timber, 13 miles northwest of Winthrop, WA. The fire was most active in the northwest corner with torching, crowning and up slope runs. A portable retardant dip site is being established in Canada to support helicopter operations. A Canadian hand crew will arrive today to assist with the suppression effort.

MCGINNIS FLATS, Colville Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Jennings) is assigned. This fire is in pine and grass, one mile north of Keller, WA. Active fire behavior with short uphill runs was observed. Fireline on steep terrain was completed with the use of Fire Line Explosives (FLE).

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
CLARK	OR	WIF	4,964	70	7/30	887	21	38	4	1	8.5M
FAWN PEAK COMPLEX	WA	OWF	68,539	35	UNK	1,217	29	15	13	0	22.8M
MCGINNIS FLATS	WA	COA	2,233	70	7/30	627	14	35	1	2	4.3M

### SOUTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

GRANITE, Gila National Forest. This fire is in mixed conifer, grass and oak, 13 miles northwest of Hillsboro, NM.

BLUE RIVER COMPLEX, Apache-Sitgreaves National Forest. This complex, comprised of the Steeple, Largo and Thomas fires, is in ponderosa pine, mixed conifer, pinyon pine, brush and grass, 18 miles south of Alpine, AZ.

TURNBO, Gila National Forest. A Fire Use Management Team (Cones) is assigned. This fire is in mixed conifer with continuous pine stringers, 37 miles northwest of Silver City, NM, and is being managed with a confinement suppression strategy. Creeping fire with minimal acreage growth due to precipitation was observed. The fire is being monitored by aerial reconnaissance.

KINISHBA, Fort Apache Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is in ponderosa pine, woodlands and chaparral, two miles west of Whiteriver, AZ. No new information was received.

SPRUCE COMPLEX, Gila National Forest. This complex, composed of the Spruce, Silver, Nabours, Parallel, Sacaton, Rain, and House fires are in brush, ponderosa pine and mixed conifer, 18 to 20 miles east, southeast and northeast of Glenwood, NM. Minimal fire behavior was observed due to rain.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
GRANITE	NM	GNF	3,300	15	UNK	50	2	0	0	0	53K
BLUE RIVER COMPLEX	AZ	ASF	18,537	70	UNK	39	1	2	1	0	6.3M
TURNBO	NM	GNF	18,505	NR	UNK	18	0	0	1	0	1.1M
KINISHBA	AZ	FTA	24,714	90	UNK	98	3	2	1	0	5.7M
SPRUCE COMPLEX	NM	GNF	9,452	50	UNK	37	1	0	1	0	NR
DRY LAKE COMPLEX-WFU	NM	GNF	94,580	N/A	N/A	3	0	0	0	0	3.4M
RIVER	AZ	TNF	270	100	---	1	0	0	0	0	37K

TNF = Tonto National Forest

### SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

CANYON, Riverside Unit, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF). A CDF Type 1 Incident Command Team (Henson/Oplinger) is assigned. This fire is in heavy brush, two miles southeast of San Jacinto, CA. Spotting and fire runs were observed. Evacuations remain in effect. Structure protection is in place for 164 residences and one commercial property. Five outbuildings have been confirmed lost.

BASIN, Sequoia National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Dietrich/McCormick) is assigned. This fire is in brush, oak woodland and urban interface, 16 miles northeast of Caliente, CA. Minimal fire behavior was observed. Structure protection is in place for 35 residences.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
CANYON	CA	RRU	4,300	80	7/28	1,102	44	82	6	6	2.4M
BASIN	CA	SQF	1,200	90	7/28	1,021	31	70	9	0	2.1M

### NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

ACKLEY, Modoc National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Wendt) is assigned. This fire is in grass, sage and juniper, eight miles south of Tule Lake, CA. Wind-driven runs, fire whirls and short range spotting were observed. Structure protection is in place for 60 residences.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
ACKLEY	CA	MDF	6,000	50	UNK	658	24	58	5	0	NR

### SOUTHERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

GRASSEY LOOP, Oklahoma Division of Forestry. This fire is in pine plantations, 12 miles northeast of Antlers, OK. Some crowning in smaller plantations was observed.

GATOR FIRE COMPLEX, Sabine National Wildlife Refuge. This fire is five miles southwest of Hackberry, LA. Minimal fire behavior was observed.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
GRASSEY LOOP	OK	OXS	1,500	45	7/29	34	10	9	1	0	NR
GATOR FIRE COMPLEX	LA	SBR	500	90	UNK	4	0	0	1	0	NR
BOSTON POOL	OK	OSA	200	100	---	0	0	0	0	0	12K

OSA = Osage Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs

### OUTLOOK:

**Weather Discussion:** Hotter and drier weather is on tap for much of the west as high pressure strengthens over the region. With the center of the upper high over Nevada, moisture will begin to spread from California into the Pacific Northwest. Monsoon moisture continues over Arizona and New Mexico. A cold front will push through eastern Montana during the late afternoon and evening hours.

Geographic Area Weather	High Temperatures	Minimum Relative Humidity	Wind
<b>EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA</b> Mostly sunny, dry, and warmer Idaho, Bridger-Teton and northern Utah. Partly cloudy southern Utah with a chance of thundershowers, mainly mountains.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: 78 to 90 mountains, 90 to 101 valleys. Utah and Arizona Strip: 80 to 90 higher elevations, 90 to 103 valleys.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: 15 to 26% mountains, 12 to 18% valleys. Utah, Arizona Strip: 12 to 24% mountains, 8 to 20% valleys.	Light and variable 5 to 15 mph, except gusty near storms.

<p><b>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA</b> Patchy night and morning coastal fog and low clouds. Mostly sunny inland, except partly cloudy along and east of the Cascade/Sierra crest with isolated to scattered afternoon and evening thunderstorms in the afternoon and evening.</p>	<p>60s and 70s near the coast, and upper 80s to 112 inland.</p>	<p>14 to 26% inland areas.</p>	<p>Southwest to northwest 6 to 12 mph, gusts 22 to 24 mph during the afternoon east of the Sierra Cascade Crest.</p>
<p><b>NORTHERN ROCKIES AREA</b> Mostly Sunny. Isolated thunderstorms south-central Montana.</p>	<p>West of the Divide: 85 to 105 East of the Divide: 80 to 95</p>	<p>West of the Divide: 10 to 20%. East of the Divide: 15 to 25%.</p>	<p>West of the Divide: west 5 to 10 mph. East of the Divide: southwest to northwest 5 to 15 mph.</p>
<p><b>NORTHWEST AREA</b> High pressure strengthening for mostly sunny, hotter and drier weather. Thunderstorms likely eastern Oregon.</p>	<p>Hot. Mostly 80s and 90s western Oregon and Washington. Mostly 90s to 100 in southwest Oregon and east of the Cascades.</p>	<p>Teens and single digits in southwest Oregon and east of Cascades. Mostly 15 to 30% in western Washington and northwest Oregon.</p>	<p>Generally less than 10 mph. Gusty near thunderstorms.</p>
<p><b>ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA</b> Sunny in the morning, scattered thunderstorms across southern Colorado, eastern plains and northern Wyoming. Isolated everywhere else.</p>	<p>Cool across southern Front Range upper 70s to low 80s. Elsewhere, low elevations 80's to mid 90s. Mountains 70s to 80s.</p>	<p>Western Colorado 15 to 25% lower elevations. Elsewhere 20 to 50%.</p>	<p>Northwest wind 10-20mph for Kansas and variable at 5 to 15 mph elsewhere.</p>
<p><b>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA</b> Partly to mostly cloudy with scattered showers and thunderstorms over the mountains and deserts with a chance of showers and thunderstorms elsewhere.</p>	<p>70 to 80 coastal areas. 75 to 90 mountains. 80 to 100 valleys. 90 to 100 upper desert. 100 to 110 low desert.</p>	<p>25 to 40% deserts. 30 to 45% mountains. 25 to 45% valleys.</p>	<p>Southeast to southwest 5 to 15 mph.</p>
<p><b>SOUTHWEST AREA</b> Partly cloudy. Widely scattered thunderstorms across Arizona, western and northern New Mexico and the Texas panhandle, with storms more numerous over the mountains.</p>	<p>80s mountains and northeast New Mexico and Texas panhandle, 90s to near 105 lower elevations.</p>	<p>10 to 20% lower elevations, 20 to 30% higher terrain and northeast New Mexico and Texas panhandle.</p>	<p>Shifting to northeast 15 to 25 mph northeast New Mexico and Texas panhandle. Otherwise south to southeast 10 to 20 mph remainder of eastern New Mexico and west Texas, and variable to upslope 5 to 15 mph elsewhere.</p>
<p><b>WESTERN GREAT BASIN AREA</b> Partly cloudy with scattered thunderstorms across western 1/3 of Nevada and isolated thunderstorms across the eastern 2/3 of the state.</p>	<p>90s to low 100s valleys, 70s to 80s mountains, with a maximum of 103 in the southern deserts.</p>	<p>12 to 22% at lower elevations, 18 to 38% in upper elevations.</p>	<p>5 to 15 mph from the northwest to southeast, west at 10 mph along the Sierra Front.</p>



[http://www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/dsp\\_sixminutes.php](http://www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/dsp_sixminutes.php)

## WILDLAND/URBAN INTERFACE WATCHOUTS

The primary consideration is to first assure firefighter and public safety. It is a must to assess potential fire behavior, ingress/egress routes, nature of the threat, hazardous materials, and available water supplies before engaging in the protection of any structures. The first step in conducting a safe operation is to assess whether the firefighting operations can be conducted safely.

- Consider the “Wildland/Urban Interface Watchouts” in completing a risk analysis for the urban interface area to be protected. Remember there are three categories of structures:
  - Those that are not threatened.
  - Those that are threatened.
  - Those that have already been lost or too dangerous to protect.
  
- Wildland/Urban Interface Watchouts:
  - Poor access and narrow, one-way roads. A rapidly spreading fire could trap apparatus and personnel before they can turn around or move away from the flames and smoke.
  - Observe bridge limits. Exceeding bridge limits could lead to bridge failure with a resultant blocking of ingress/egress routes that could result in the loss of an escape route or loss of equipment.
  - Inadequate water supply. Without a reserve supply of water, the fire can overtake an area before the fuels can be cleared away.
  - Natural fuels are located 30 feet or closer to structures on level ground. Remember structures on slopes require greater clearance. Structures are located on canyon slopes or “chimneys” on slopes of 30% or more with continuous, flashy fuels. The resulting rate of spread of any fire in this terrain can quickly extend beyond control.
  - Extreme fire behavior: Situations involving crowning, large flame heights and erratic fire behavior can extend in an unpredictable manner beyond the control of any number of personnel. Strong winds of 25+ MPH: Winds increase the chance of spotting over the heads of firefighters and trapping them between both fire areas. Winds also cause greater preheating of fuels in the path of a fire front.
  
  - The need to evacuate the public, livestock, pets, and/or animals. This critical activity can pull personnel from the firefighting activity and can distract attention from fire behavior at a time when the greatest alertness is needed.
  - Propane and above ground fuel tanks that are next to wooden structures or close to vegetation
  - Power lines and poles: What is their location in relation to the structures that are being protected? Watch for both overhead and downed power lines.
  - Local citizens are attempting suppression activities. Lack of knowledge in fire suppression may lead to unsafe tactics.
  
  - Airtanker retardant drops and helicopter bucket operations: Establish communications and

keep fire personnel out of the drop zone.

**FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES			1		34	13	48
	ACRES			2		74	2	78
Northern California	FIRES		2			28	28	58
	ACRES		0			22	2	24
Southern California	FIRES		1			21	9	31
	ACRES		0			40	0	40
Northern Rockies	FIRES		1		0	7	19	27
	ACRES		1		500	81	829	1,411
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES		9		1	14	14	38
	ACRES		206		0	19	48	273
Western Great Basin	FIRES		4				5	9
	ACRES		0				10	10
Southwest	FIRES	1			1	10	55	67
	ACRES	1			0	10	123	134
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	3	20		2	1	20	46
	ACRES	0	111		0	2	8,002	8,115
Eastern Area	FIRES					3		3
	ACRES					1		1
Southern Area	FIRES	2		1		2		5
	ACRES	41		500		1		542
TOTAL	FIRES	6	37	2	4	120	163	332
	ACRES	42	318	502	500	250	9,016	10,628

**FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES	1	14	20	10	346	9	400
	ACRES	20	40,271	196,406	3,713	232,473	2	472,885
Northwest	FIRES	124	112	7	18	900	506	1,667
	ACRES	15,464	2,035	4	12	40,070	109,655	167,240
Northern California	FIRES	96	113	7	5	1,335	435	1,991
	ACRES	50	9,577	2	6,510	16,430	5,284	37,853
Southern California	FIRES	47	53	9	35	1,522	438	2,104
	ACRES	853	2,195	357	160	28,092	3,906	35,563
Northern Rockies	FIRES	686	33	23	15	402	420	1,579
	ACRES	5,740	92,369	5,726	17,782	19,215	41,774	182,606
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	22	428	1	17	365	363	1,196
	ACRES	15,511	78,500	100	8	33,291	55,848	183,258
Western Great Basin	FIRES	5	279	1	7	89	99	480
	ACRES	1	9,777	0	5	1,825	2,835	14,443
Southwest	FIRES	590	153	5	22	719	1,458	2,947
	ACRES	35,137	5,667	284	3,530	12,982	201,958	259,558
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	81	492	37	28	677	331	1,646
	ACRES	400	4,794	1,962	1,325	7,101	16,833	32,415
Eastern Area	FIRES	905		66	19	8,434	424	9,848
	ACRES	52,186		6,890	685	108,127	5,520	173,408
Southern Area	FIRES	125		21	11	10,724	321	11,202
	ACRES	21,310		4,229	756	156,017	8,793	191,105
TOTAL	FIRES	2,682	1,677	197	187	25,513	4,804	35,060
	ACRES	146,672	245,185	215,960	34,486	655,623	452,408	1,750,334

<b>Ten Year Average Fires</b>	<b>51,656</b>
<b>Ten Year Average Acres</b>	<b>2,195.077</b>

\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD agency acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments\*\*\*

**PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern Rockies	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Western Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Rocky Mountain	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
TOTAL	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES					6		6
	ACRES					1,555		1,555
Northwest	FIRES	28	92	146	3		217	486
	ACRES	5,351	10,907	4,675	123		28,180	49,236
Northern California	FIRES	2	7	102	16		127	254
	ACRES	31	267	16,201	2,193		9,712	28,404
Southern California	FIRES		2	3	5		89	99
	ACRES		27	621	2,986		13,641	17,275
Northern Rockies	FIRES	12	11	69	4	23	316	435
	ACRES	502	3,808	9,264	760	1,750	15,035	31,119
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	1	17	3		9	24	54
	ACRES	18	3,791	300		910	6,200	11,219
Western Great Basin	FIRES		1		2		1	4
	ACRES		100		320		230	650
Southwest	FIRES	13	33	19	4	3	226	298
	ACRES	3,333	26,871	39,373	4,877	12	43,128	117,594
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	26	14	88	9	10	74	221
	ACRES	1,718	1,336	12,760	9,542	132	5,883	31,371
Eastern Area	FIRES	23		310	16	447	201	997
	ACRES	10,562		56,064	1,823	78,505	26,889	173,843
Southern Area	FIRES	53		270	68	13,166	1,168	14,725
	ACRES	19,379		95,845	83,182	765,324	910,231	1,873,961
TOTAL	FIRES	158	177	1,010	127	13,664	2,443	17,579
	ACRES	40,894	47,107	235,103	105,806	848,188	1,059,129	2,336,227

**\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD agency acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments\*\*\***

**WFU FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern California	FIRES				16		12	28
	ACRES				3		150	153
Northern Rockies	FIRES				2		5	7
	ACRES				2		310	312
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES				2		6	8
	ACRES				296		89	385
Western Great Basin	FIRES		5					5
	ACRES		2					2
Southwest	FIRES				3		13	16
	ACRES				3,500		159,326	162,826
Rocky Mountain	FIRES		15		2		3	20
	ACRES		1,551		0		1,679	3,230
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES				3			3
	ACRES				830			830
TOTAL	FIRES	0	20	0	28	0	39	87
	ACRES	0	1,553	0	4,631	0	161,554	167,738

**\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD agency acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments\*\*\***

**CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:**

PROVINCES	FIRES YESTERDAY	HECTARES YESTERDAY	FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE
British Columbia	27	95	869	11,391
Yukon Territory	0	48	65	7,641
Alberta	4	2,305	697	8,127
Northwest Territory	4	7,402	110	25,252
Saskatchewan	2	1	382	41,485
Manitoba	22	187	872	352,684
Ontario	2	50	729	299,328
Quebec	0	0	545	50,680
Newfoundland	2	200	112	1,508
New Brunswick	1	1	168	181
Nova Scotia	6	12	223	1,281
Prince Edward Island	0	0	0	0
National Parks	1	1,791	40	5,259
<b>Total</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>12,092</b>	<b>4,812</b>	<b>804,818</b>

**RESOURCES STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES**

AREA	CREWS FED	CREWS ST/OT	ENGS FED	ENGS ST/OT	HELI FED	HELI ST/OT	AIRT FED	AIRT ST/OT	OVRHD FED	OVRHD ST/OT
Alaska										
Northwest	21	67	16	131	5	17	3		574	499
Northern California	17	38	40	91	7	5			93	118
Southern California	32	63	47	126	17	6			69	236
Northern Rockies	60	50	33	153	16	25	2		597	637
Eastern Great Basin	23	43	46	34	19	15			244	110
Western Great Basin	3		15	3	1					
Southwest	3	3	2	1	2	2			36	11
Rocky Mountain	40	30	41	77	12	19	1		359	237
Eastern Area									5	
Southern Area	1			9		2			2	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1979</b>	<b>1850</b>

**\*\*\* NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER \*\*\***