

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT  
MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 2002 0530 MDT  
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 5**

**CURRENT SITUATION:**

Initial attack activity was moderate in the Eastern Great Basin and Northern Rockies Areas, and light elsewhere. Nationally, 171 new fires were reported. Five of these became large fires, two each in the Eastern Great Basin and Southern Areas and one in the Alaska Area. Two large fires were contained, one in the Rocky Mountain Area and one in the Southern Area. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

**NORTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:**

Priorities are being established by the Northwest Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Ribar) is assigned to manage large fires in southwestern Oregon and northern California.

FLORENCE, Siskiyou National Forest. Two Type 1 Incident Management Teams (Lohrey and Martin) are assigned. This fire is burning in mixed conifer forest and brush, 26 miles southwest of Grants Pass, OR. Higher relative humidity and cooler temperatures moderated fire behavior. Indirect attack fireline construction tying in to the Sour Biscuit fire is nearing completion on the east flank. Crews are building and improving fireline on the northwest perimeter in preparation for a planned burn out. The Illinois River Valley is under a 24 hour evacuation advisory; 3,619 residences and 250 commercial properties are threatened; structure protection is in place.

SOUR BISCUIT, Siskiyou and Six Rivers National Forests. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Bennett) is assigned. A transfer of command from Broyles Type 2 Incident Management Team to Lohrey's Type 1 Incident Management Team will occur today. This fire is burning on both sides of the California-Oregon border, 17 miles southwest of Cave Junction, OR. Active fire behavior was observed in mixed conifer forest and brush. Crews and dozers are constructing fireline above the Illinois River Valley in preparation for a burn out. The community of Gasquet, CA is threatened.

TIMBERED ROCK, Southwest Oregon District, Oregon Department of Forestry. An Oregon Department of Forestry Incident Management Team (Thorpe) is assigned. This fire is 15 miles north of Shady Cove, OR. Minimal fire behavior was observed in old growth timber and heavy slash. A burn out operation is underway on the north flank. Several residences and outbuildings are threatened; structure protection is in place.

**TILLER COMPLEX**, Umpqua National Forest. A transfer of command from Walker's Type 2 Incident Management Team to Stutler's Type 1 Incident Management Team occurred yesterday. US Army Task Force Destroyer (1<sup>st</sup> Battalion, 5<sup>th</sup> Field Artillery Regiment) commanded by Lt. Col. David R. Byrn Sr., at Ft. Riley, KS is assigned. This complex, consisting of eight large and numerous small fires, is on the Tiller Ranger District and in the Rogue-Umpqua Divide Wilderness Area, 25 miles east of Canyonville, OR. Moderate fire behavior with short crown runs was observed in grass, brush and timber. Crews are building indirect and direct fireline, burning out where appropriate, and scouting for new fire starts.

**DEER POINT**, Wenatchee National Forest. A Washington Interagency Incident Management Team (Furlong/Gormley) is assigned. This fire is seven miles northwest of Chelan, WA and is burning in sagebrush, ponderosa pine and lodgepole pine. Fire behavior included creeping and smouldering, with some group torching in unburned islands in the interior and in the Grade Creek drainage. Burn out operations were successfully completed on the northeast flank near Parrish Peak and Cooper Ridge, significantly reducing the threat to Manson and Chelan.

**TOOL BOX COMPLEX**, Fremont National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Hefner) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Tool Box, Silver, Lava and Winter fires, is approximately ten miles south of Silver Lake, OR. Light precipitation contributed to smouldering and creeping in sagebrush, juniper, fir and ponderosa pine. Crews made good progress constructing and improving containment lines, and mopping up.

**MONUMENT**, Malheur National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Morcom) is assigned. This fire is nine miles southwest of Unity, OR. Smouldering and creeping were observed in mixed conifer forest, ponderosa pine and sagebrush. Crews are mopping up and rehabilitating firelines.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
FLORENCE	OR	SIF	234,985	10	UNK	2,407	64	104	15	12	11.4M
SOUR BISCUIT	OR	SIF	42,078	20	UNK	1,885	60	54	15	0	4.1M
TIMBERED ROCK	OR	ORS	25,950	75	8/7	1,206	46	94	19	2	5.4M
TILLER COMPLEX	OR	UPF	31,052	25	UNK	1,587	52	80	3	0	10.4M
DEER POINT	WA	WEF	39,800	70	UNK	691	17	26	3	9	13.3M
TOOL BOX COMPLEX	OR	FRF	120,085	95	8/5	1,288	35	82	5	0	18.4M
MONUMENT	OR	MAF	24,378	90	8/10	24	0	9	0	0	7.2M

#### **SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:**

**PINES**, San Diego Unit, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF). A Unified Command between a CDF Type 1 Incident Command Team (Ristow) and the US Forest Service is in place. This fire is burning one half mile southeast of Julian, CA in chaparral and bug kill timber. Extreme fire behavior was observed during the morning hours, moderating as the afternoon progressed. Crews and dozers made good progress building fireline with support from aerial resources. Residents of the Ranchita subdivision and homes near the northeast perimeter of the

fire remain evacuated; structure protection is in place. One additional outbuilding was confirmed lost.

MCNALLY, Sequoia National Forest. A transfer of command from Humphrey's Type 1 Incident Management Team to Studebaker's Type 1 Incident Management Team will occur at 1800 PDT. This fire is burning in heavy brush and mixed conifer forest, nine miles north of Kernville, CA. Upslope runs, individual and group tree torching, and heavy spotting were observed as the fire advanced northeast. The fire has spotted across the Kern River near Deadman Canyon. Crews made good progress toward containment of a slopover near Bald Mountain and successfully suppressed numerous spot fires on the east flank. Twelve residences remain threatened; structure protection is in place.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HEL	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
PINES	CA	MVU	34,486	80	8/7	2,516	62	228	12	41	9.4M
MCNALLY	CA	SQF	100,800	55	UNK	2,052	52	75	12	1	20.6M

#### **EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:**

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

KING HILL, Payette National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Suwyn) has been ordered. This fire is burning in grass and sagebrush, five miles southeast of Indian Valley, ID. No further information was reported.

HORSE BUTTE, Upper Snake River District, Southern Idaho Area, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 14 miles east of Burley, ID. Extreme fire behavior was observed in grass, brush, juniper and pinyon pine. Engine crews and dozers are building fireline with support from aerial resources. Three residences and associated outbuildings are threatened.

CATHEDRAL ROCK, Salmon-Challis National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Saleen) is assigned. This fire is burning on both sides of the Continental Divide, 35 miles north-northwest of Salmon, ID. Isolated torching, creeping and smouldering were observed in lodgepole pine, spruce and fir. Crews made good progress establishing anchor points and constructing direct attack fireline. Personnel scouted and secured numerous spot fires.

GARDEN VALLEY COMPLEX, Boise National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Brunner) is assigned. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Murphy) has been ordered. This complex consists of 19 fires northeast of Garden Valley, ID. Smouldering, creeping, intermittent torching and short range spotting were observed in sagebrush, lodgepole pine and subalpine fir. Crews made good progress constructing fireline on two new fires. Mop-up is underway on the remaining fires.

SEQUOIA, Dixie National Forest. This fire is 26 miles southwest of Cedar City, UT. Creeping and smouldering were observed in chaparral and ponderosa pine. Crews are gridding for hot spots and monitoring inaccessible areas.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
KING HILL	ID	PAF	300	0	UNK	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
HORSE BUTTE	ID	SID	5,000	30	8/6	119	0	21	1	0	90K
CATHEDRAL ROCK	ID	SCF	333	25	8/8	363	12	4	6	0	487K
GARDEN VALLEY COMPLEX	ID	BOF	1,100	80	8/6	577	20	3	9	0	5.1M
SEQUOIA	UT	DIF	8,100	97	8/6	61	1	0	1	0	2.4M

### ALASKA AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Alaska Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

NORTH FORK, Southwest Area Forestry, Alaska Division of Forestry. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Kurth) is assigned. This fire is two miles north-northwest of Medfra, AK. Running, spotting and crowning were observed in black spruce, muskeg and hardwood forest. Heavy smoke impeded aerial operations, necessitating the use of water borne craft to support the fire area. Crews are providing structure protection to the community of Medfra and have initiated indirect attack fireline construction.

KETCHUM CREEK, Upper Yukon Zone, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (McKnight) is assigned. This fire is three miles northeast of Circle Hot Springs, AK. Running, crowning and torching were observed in black spruce, taiga and hardwood forest. Smokejumpers and a crew secured the southern perimeter along Crooked Creek and successfully suppressed a slopover.

GESKAMINA LAKE, Tanana Zone, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 70 miles west of Fairbanks, AK near the community of Lake Minchumina. Running and crowning were observed in black spruce, taiga, muskeg and hardwood forest. Heavy smoke is hampering accurate fire mapping and limiting aerial operations. Personnel successfully burned out around threatened structures at West Twin Lake. Structure protection is in place along the Kantishna River.

MINCHUMINA GROUP, Tanana Zone, Bureau of Land Management. This group of fires, consisting of the Sischu, John Hansen Lake, John Hansen Creek and Moose Lake fires, is northwest of Lake Minchumina, AK. Running, crowning and torching were observed in black spruce, taiga, muskeg and hardwood forest. All fires in the area are very active, some with flaming fronts in excess of ten miles wide. Personnel are providing structure protection to threatened cabins along the northwest and north sides of Lake Minchumina.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
NORTH FORK	AK	AKS	21,680	0	UNK	137	6	0	1	0	266K
KETCHUM CREEK	AK	UYD	1,200	0	UNK	41	1	0	1	0	NR
GESKAMINA LAKE	AK	TAD	118,480	0	UNK	4	0	0	2	0	350K

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MINCHUMINA GROUP	AK	TAD	147,860	0	UNK	23	1	0	1	0	300K

### ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

TOLLMAN, Niobrara County. This fire is burning in grass, sagebrush and ponderosa pine on both sides of the Wyoming-Nebraska border, 18 miles northeast of Lusk, WY. Higher relative humidity and lower temperatures moderated fire behavior. Crews made excellent progress constructing fireline. Seven residences and associated outbuildings are threatened; structure protection is in place.

HENSEL, Medicine Bow National Forest. This fire is burning in bug kill ponderosa pine 20 miles northwest of Wheatland, WY.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
TOLLMAN	WY	NIX	5,900	75	8/5	153	3	19	1	0	NR
HENSEL	WY	MB1F	14,730	98	UNK	4	0	1	0	7	7.5M
LONG MESA	CO	MVP	2,601	100	---	173	4	2	0	7	1.3M

MVP = Mesa Verde National Park

### WESTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

BUSTER, Ely Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 15 miles northeast of Pioche, NV. Interior torching was observed in sagebrush, pinyon pine and juniper. Crews are making good progress mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BUSTER	NV	ELD	4,214	80	8/6	192	5	2	2	0	NR

### SOUTHERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

CHOCOLATE BAYOU, Brazoria National Wildlife Refuge. This fire is 40 miles south of Houston, TX. Running and spotting were observed in grass and brush. Dozers are building fireline and engine crews are burning out.

PARCHED CORN BAY, Alligator River National Wildlife Refuge. This fire is two miles south of Stumpy Point, NC. Moderate fire behavior was observed in scrub pine, pocosin and marsh grass. Engine crews and dozers are constructing fireline. Highway 264 is closed due to heavy smoke.

SAMPSON, Cherokee National Forest. This fire is seven miles southwest of Erwin, TN. Low to moderate fire behavior was observed in bug kill timber and hardwood litter. Crews made good progress constructing fireline and mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
CHOCOLATE BAYOU	TX	BRR	3,000	50	8/5	30	0	8	0	0	NR
PARCHED CORN BAY	NC	ALR	580	60	8/5	24	0	5	2	0	NR
SAMPSON	TN	CNF	330	95	8/5	29	2	0	1	0	30K
JR	TX	TXS	500	100		10	0	0	0	0	NR

TXS = Texas State Forest Service

## OUTLOOK:

**\*\*\*A RED FLAG WARNING HAS BEEN POSTED FOR THE UPPER YUKON RIVER AREA OF ALASKA FOR DRY LIGHTNING\*\*\***

**\*\*\*A RED FLAG WARNING HAS BEEN POSTED IN NORTHEASTERN AND EXTREME WESTERN NEVADA FOR STRONG WINDS AND LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY\*\*\***

**\*\*\*A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN SOUTHEAST NEVADA FOR STRONG SOUTHWEST WINDS AND LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY\*\*\***

Low pressure moving across the Northwest Area will bring mostly cloudy skies with widely scattered showers and thunderstorms. High temperatures will be in the 50's, 60's and 70's. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 25 percent in eastern Oregon and above 25 percent elsewhere. Winds will be southwest to northwest at 5 to 20 mph with gusts to 30 mph in southeastern Oregon.

The Southern California Area can expect sunny skies with morning low clouds and fog along the coast. High temperatures will be upper 60's to mid 70's near the coast, mid 70's to low 90's in the mountains and inland valleys, and in the 90's to 110 in the deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 8 to 25 percent in the mountains and deserts, 30 to 50 percent in the valleys, and above 50 percent in coastal areas. Winds will be onshore at 8 to 18 mph along the coast and southwest to west at 12 to 24 mph elsewhere.

A southwest flow over the Eastern Great Basin Area will bring mostly sunny skies with isolated to widely scattered afternoon thunderstorms in the mountains. High temperatures will be in the 70's and 80's in southern Idaho and upper 80's to 105 in the south. Minimum relative humidity will range from 8 to 18 percent at lower elevations and 15 to 28 percent in the mountains. Winds will be southwest at 10 to 20 mph with gusts to 35 mph at higher elevations.

Monsoonal moisture moving into the Rocky Mountain Area will bring partly sunny skies with isolated to scattered wet thunderstorm activity. High temperatures will be in the 60's and 70's in the mountains and 85 to 95 at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 30 percent at lower elevations and 25 to 35 percent in the mountains. Winds will be southwest at 10 to 20 mph with gusts to 30 mph in western Wyoming, and variable at 10 to 20 mph elsewhere.

The Alaska Area can expect mostly sunny to partly cloudy skies with scattered rain showers in the southern portion of the state. High temperatures will be in the mid 70's and winds will be north to northwest.

The Western Great Basin Area can expect mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be near 100 in the south and upper 80's to 90's elsewhere. Minimum relative humidity will range from the single digits to teens. Winds will be southwest at 15 to 30 mph with stronger gusts at higher elevations.

Low pressure along the Gulf of Mexico will bring scattered afternoon showers as far north as South Carolina in the Southern Area. High temperatures will be in the 80's and 90's and minimum relative humidity will generally be above 40 percent. Winds will be light and variable.



[www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index\\_j.asp](http://www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index_j.asp)

### ATTEMPTING A FRONTAL ASSAULT ON A FIRE

Attempting a frontal assault on a fire is recognized as Watchout Situation #10 and is a potentially dangerous tactic. If your tactics include a frontal assault, the following checklist must be adequately addressed before engaging the fire:

<u>Has the fire been scouted and sized up? Who will scout and size up a fire and what are they looking for?</u>
<u>Is your position defensible? List what makes a firefighter's position defensible. (Anchor points, safety zones, escape routes, etc.)</u>
<u>Are escape routes and safety zones adequate? Review what constitutes an adequate safety zone and escape route.</u>
<u>Do you have an anchor point? How would you establish an anchor point for a frontal assault on a fire?</u>
<u>Do you have adequate resources to complete the assault? Discuss things you need to consider; for example, if the frontal assault fails, do you have backup?</u>
<u>Are you informed on strategy, tactics, and hazards? Consider what could happen if someone has a different approach than you; for example, the IC has a burnout operation planned while you are attempting frontal assault.</u>
<u>Is the terrain favorable to holding the fire? Discuss ways the terrain will influence where you will make a stand.</u>

In order to reduce the risks, reassess your tactics, post lookouts. Identify situations in which firefighters may be enticed to attempt frontal assault on a fire. Review why this may or may not be a good idea.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	<u>FIREs</u>		0		1	1		2
	<u>ACRES</u>		4,350		3,561	16,135		24,046
NORTHWEST	<u>FIREs</u>		5			1	11	17
	<u>ACRES</u>		41			275	40,260	40,576
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	<u>FIREs</u>	7				10	3	20
	<u>ACRES</u>	3				7	500	510
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	<u>FIREs</u>					10	6	16
	<u>ACRES</u>					1,296	2,804	4,100
NORTHERN ROCKIES	<u>FIREs</u>	1				1	26	28
	<u>ACRES</u>	3				0	14	17
EASTERN GREAT BASIN	<u>FIREs</u>		15			2	28	45
	<u>ACRES</u>		5,164			2	339	5,505
WESTERN GREAT BASIN	<u>FIREs</u>		5					5
	<u>ACRES</u>		126					126
SOUTHWEST	<u>FIREs</u>	1	1				3	5
	<u>ACRES</u>	0	0				0	0
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	<u>FIREs</u>		1			0	2	3
	<u>ACRES</u>		0			1,400	0	1,400
EASTERN	<u>FIREs</u>					9		9
	<u>ACRES</u>					6		6
SOUTHERN	<u>FIREs</u>			1		18	2	21
	<u>ACRES</u>			3,350		54	12	3,416
TOTAL	<u>FIREs</u>	9	27	1	1	52	81	171
	<u>ACRES</u>	6	9,681	3,350	3,561	19,175	43,929	79,702

**FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	FIREs		30	29	8	434	16	517
	ACRES		<u>190,379</u>	<u>115,496</u>	<u>69,825</u>	<u>863,023</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>1,238,739</u>
NORTHWEST	FIREs	205	212	28	24	910	847	2,226
	ACRES	<u>16,589</u>	<u>167,244</u>	<u>1,879</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>19,748</u>	<u>434,564</u>	<u>640,036</u>
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIREs	163	17	5	12	1,622	504	2,323
	ACRES	<u>230</u>	<u>6,864</u>	<u>818</u>	<u>3,665</u>	<u>7,635</u>	<u>24,251</u>	<u>43,463</u>
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIREs	63	65	17	20	2,003	517	2,685
	ACRES	<u>8,426</u>	<u>25,754</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>720</u>	<u>33,786</u>	<u>150,874</u>	<u>219,641</u>
NORTHERN ROCKIES	FIRE	849	41	29	36	310	476	1,741
	ACRES	<u>13,069</u>	<u>10,319</u>	<u>2,127</u>	<u>9,150</u>	<u>21,905</u>	<u>8,891</u>	<u>65,461</u>
EASTERN GREAT BASIN	FIREs	58	412	8	25	359	623	1,485
	ACRES	<u>5,291</u>	<u>51,988</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>103,539</u>	<u>117,682</u>	<u>278,625</u>
WESTERN GREAT BASIN	FIREs	10	373	1	10	81	126	601
	ACRES	<u>316</u>	<u>29,894</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>42,218</u>	<u>72,624</u>
SOUTHWEST	FIREs	1,052	264	23	47	1,073	1,270	3,729
	ACRES	<u>263,364</u>	<u>21,529</u>	<u>5,621</u>	<u>11,390</u>	<u>188,523</u>	<u>434,743</u>	<u>925,170</u>
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	FIREs	322	341	33	59	843	496	2,094
	ACRES	<u>52,197</u>	<u>43,432</u>	<u>2,648</u>	<u>9,116</u>	<u>137,338</u>	<u>242,358</u>	<u>487,089</u>
EASTERN	FIREs	762		19	28	8,079	314	9,202
	ACRES	<u>31,956</u>		<u>1,225</u>	<u>581</u>	<u>54,260</u>	<u>3,336</u>	<u>91,358</u>
SOUTHERN	FIREs	97		183	41	26,136	795	27,252
	ACRE	<u>17,071</u>		<u>146,971</u>	<u>4,775</u>	<u>263,654</u>	<u>23,975</u>	<u>456,446</u>
TOTALS	FIREs	3,581	1,755	375	310	41,850	5,984	53,855
	ACRES	<u>408,509</u>	<u>547,403</u>	<u>276,976</u>	<u>109,265</u>	<u>1,693,591</u>	<u>1,482,908</u>	<u>4,518,652</u>
<b>TEN YEAR AVERAGE FIRES</b>								<u>55,583</u>
<b>TEN YEAR AVERAGE ACRES</b>								<u>2,147,054</u>

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*

**PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:**

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>450</u>			<u>450</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>450</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>450</u>

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	FIREs			1				1
	ACRES			1,085				1,085
NORTHWEST	FIREs	22	103	30	10	6	256	427
	ACRES	6,145	9,238	2,691	254	292	40,010	58,630
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIREs	7	14	10	11		86	128
	ACRES	163	1,269	19,894	231		9,943	31,500
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIREs	1	2	6	7		97	113
	ACRES	70	24	286	671		17,226	18,277
NORTHERN ROCKIES	FIREs	9	11	103	2	44	289	458
	ACRES	725	1,765	15,578	108	4,478	19,155	41,809
EASTERN GREAT BASIN	FIREs	1	19	2	8	8	23	61
	ACRES	7	4,345	445	2,422	279	47,755	55,253
WESTERN GREAT BASIN	FIREs						5	5
	ACRES						172	172
SOUTHWEST	FIREs	4	13	10			120	147
	ACRES	90	17,250	4,722			12,647	34,709
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	FIREs	8	18	110	8	21	28	193
	ACRES	516	3,029	15,352	2,290	2,170	11,287	34,644
EASTERN	FIREs	21		281	8	495	141	946
	ACRES	8,709		42,886	437	62,116	20,446	134,594
SOUTHERN	FIREs	59		237	79	17,297	864	18,536
	ACRES	10,951		109,574	85,053	833,249	691,470	1,730,297
TOTAL	FIREs	132	180	790	133	17,871	1,909	21,015
	ACRES	27,376	36,920	212,513	91,466	902,584	870,111	2,140,970

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*

**WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>14</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>18</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>13</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>14</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>0</u>		<u>35</u>	<u>35</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>8</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>9</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>851</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>852</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>100</u>		<u>800</u>	<u>900</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>1,651</u>	<u>1,651</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>49</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>851</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>114</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,489</u>	<u>3,454</u>

\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.\*\*\*

**CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:**

<u>PROVINCES</u>	<u>FIRES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>HECTARES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	<u>HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>
<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>960</u>	<u>7,840</u>
<u>YUKON TERRITORY</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>36,335</u>
<u>ALBERTA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,137</u>	<u>539,474</u>
<u>NORTHWEST TERRITORY</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>11,253</u>
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>856</u>	<u>852,359</u>
<u>MANITOBA</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1,013</u>	<u>716</u>	<u>76,256</u>
<u>ONTARIO</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>692</u>	<u>171,326</u>
<u>QUEBEC</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>797,340</u>
<u>NEWFOUNDLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>35,657</u>
<u>NEW BRUNSWICK</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>205</u>	<u>207</u>
<u>NOVA SCOTIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>189</u>	<u>197</u>
<u>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>NATIONAL PARKS</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>5,249</u>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>5,594</b>	<b>2,533,493</b>

**RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES**

<u>AREA</u>	<u>CREW FED</u>	<u>CREW ST/OT</u>	<u>ENGS FED</u>	<u>ENGS ST/OT</u>	<u>HELI FED</u>	<u>HELI ST/OT</u>	<u>AIRT FED</u>	<u>AIRT ST/OT</u>	<u>OVRHD FED</u>	<u>OVRHD ST/OT</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>			<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>43</u>	<u>23</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>197</u>	<u>136</u>	<u>470</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>55</u>			<u>1495</u>	<u>1246</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>9</u>		<u>198</u>	<u>141</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>228</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>11</u>			<u>364</u>	<u>499</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>		
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>9</u>			<u>170</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>25</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>										
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>129</u>	<u>109</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>										<u>73</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>63</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,560</b>	<b>2,081</b>

**\*\*\* THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER \*\*\***