

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT
MONDAY, JULY 15, 2002 0530 MDT
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 5**

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was heavy in the Southern California, Northwest and Northern California Areas, moderate in the Northern Rockies, Eastern Great Basin, Western Great Basin and Southwest Areas, and light elsewhere. Nationally, 504 new fires were reported. Twenty-nine of these became large fires, nine in the Northwest Area, six in the Southwest Area, five in the Eastern Great Basin Area, four in the Western Great Basin Area, two each in the Rocky Mountain and Northern California Areas, and one in the Northern Rockies Area. Four large fires were contained, one in the Southern California Area and three in the Western Great Basin Area. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

NORTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Northwest Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

EYERLY, Warm Springs Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Studebaker) and a Type 2 Incident Management Team (Jackson) are assigned. This fire is burning in ponderosa pine, mixed conifer forest, juniper and bitter brush in the Metolius River Canyon, 15 miles northeast of Camp Sherman, OR. Extreme fire behavior, torching and spotting were observed as the fire advanced east, west and south. Crews are constructing indirect attack handline with support from aerial resources. The Three Rivers subdivision and summer homes on Lake Simtustus remain evacuated; structure protection is in place. Seventeen residences and 19 outbuildings were lost.

TRIMBLY CREEK, Vale District, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Gardner) will assume command at 1800 PDT. This wind driven fire is burning on both sides of the Idaho-Oregon border, eight miles southwest of Homedale, ID. Extreme fire behavior with rapid rates of spread was observed in grass and sagebrush. Engine crews are burning out and wet lining the fire. Succor Creek campground, several ranches near Succor Creek and residences southwest of Homedale have been evacuated; structure protection is in place.

GRIZZLY COMPLEX, Fremont National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Bright) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Grizzly, Bare and Logan fires, is 15 miles west of Lakeview, OR. Moderate fire behavior with torching and spotting was observed in heavy timber and slash. Dozers and crews are building fireline with support from aerial resources.

TOOL BOX, Fremont National Forest. A Washington Interagency Incident Management Team

(Berndt) has been ordered. This fire is 30 miles northwest of Paisley, OR. No further information was reported.

MALHEUR COMPLEX, Malheur National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Morcom) is assigned. This complex, consisting of the Roberts and Easy fires, is burning in mixed conifer forest, eight to 25 miles south of Prairie City, OR. Active fire behavior on all fronts and short range spotting were observed. Crews are constructing direct and indirect attack fireline with support from aerial resources. Evacuation plans have been developed for several communities along Highway 26 and County Road 62.

WINTER, Klamath Lake District, Oregon Department of Forestry. An Oregon Department of Forestry Incident Management Team (Mair) is assigned. This fire is ten miles northwest of Paisley, OR. Active fire behavior was observed in sagebrush, ceanothus, juniper and mixed conifer forest as the fire advanced north, south and west. Crews are flanking the fire with direct attack fireline construction. Several residences are threatened; structure protection is in place.

BISCUIT COMPLEX, Siskiyou National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team has been ordered. This complex consists of several fires, 17 miles southwest of Cave Junction, OR. Torching and significant runs were observed in mixed conifer forest and brush as the fires moved southwest. Personnel are improving access routes and evaluating suppression strategies.

MONUMENT, Malheur National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Stutler) is assigned. This fire is burning in the Monument Rock Wilderness Area, nine miles southwest of Unity, OR. Moderate fire behavior was observed in mixed conifer forest, ponderosa pine and grass. Personnel are conducting reconnaissance for anchor points, safety zones and containment line locations. Five residences are threatened; structure protection is in place.

PUMPHOUSE, Yakima Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This wind driven fire is eight miles south of Toppenish, WA. Very active fire behavior with 12 to 18 foot flame lengths was observed in grass, sagebrush, cottonwood and alder as the fire moved down canyon. Engine crews are flanking the fire with wet line. Limited access and erratic winds are hampering containment efforts.

TILLER COMPLEX, Umpqua National Forest. A Washington Interagency Incident Management Team (Dutton/Holloway) will assume command today. This complex is comprised of numerous fires on the Tiller Ranger District and in the Rogue-Umpqua Divide Wilderness Area, west of Tiller, OR. Short and long range spotting was observed. Rough terrain, rolling debris and spotting are hampering containment efforts. Initial attack is underway. Forty residences are threatened.

BASQUE, Vale District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is burning in grass and sagebrush 18 miles south of Burns Junction, OR. A ranch was evacuated; structure protection is in place.

MAHOGANY MOUNTAIN, Vale District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 15 miles northwest of Jordan Valley, OR and is burning in grass and sagebrush. No further information was reported.

PRIEST HOLE, Deschutes National Forest. This fire is three miles northwest of Sutton, OR. Minimal fire activity was observed in juniper, sagebrush and grass. Engine crews are mopping up and patrolling.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
EYERLY	OR	WSA	17,000	30	7/19	981	32	44	7	0	1.8M
TRIMBLY CREEK	OR	VAD	46,000	0	UNK	54	0	7	1	0	NR
GRIZZLY COMPLEX	OR	FRF	1,400	0	UNK	174	4	12	0	0	250K
TOOL BOX	OR	FRF	2,500	0	UNK	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
MALHEUR COMPLEX	OR	MAF	5,700	0	UNK	548	18	20	1	0	NR
WINTER	OR	98S	1,000	5	UNK	184	5	7	1	0	153K
BISCUIT COMPLEX	OR	SIF	300	0	UNK	15	0	0	0	0	NR
MONUMENT	OR	MAF	17,300	0	UNK	59	0	0	0	0	NR
PUMPHOUSE	WA	YAA	7,000	0	UNK	214	1	27	1	0	NR
TILLER COMPLEX	OR	UPF	48	0	UNK	42	1	2	0	0	NR
BASQUE	OR	VAD	500	0	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	NR
MAHOGANY MOUNTAIN	OR	VAD	2,000	0	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	NR
PRIEST HOLE	OR	DEF	680	70	UNK	4	0	2	0	0	NR

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Rocky Mountain Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

HINMAN, Routt National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Garcia) is assigned. This fire is 23 miles north of Steamboat Springs, CO. Moderate fire behavior was observed in spruce, fir and lodgepole pine on the southwest perimeter. Crews are constructing fireline on the south flank. Numerous residences and two commercial properties are threatened.

BURN CANYON, Grand Mesa-Uncompahgre-Gunnison National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Furlong) is assigned. This fire is five miles southwest of Norwood, CO. Extreme fire behavior with a six mile run to the northwest, crowning and long range spotting were observed in pinyon pine, gambel oak and ponderosa pine. Crews are building handline and burning out. Engine crews are protecting evacuated structures in Redvale and surrounding populated areas.

BEAR MOUNTAIN SOUTH, Medicine Bow National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Gray) is assigned. This fire is 14 miles southeast of Encampment, WY. Individual tree torching and creeping were observed in lodgepole pine and spruce. Crews are flanking the fire with direct attack fireline, holding and mopping up with support from aerial resources. Six residences remain threatened.

STEUBEN, Grand Mesa-Uncompahgre-Gunnison National Forest. This fire is burning ten miles

west of Gunnison, CO in sagebrush, aspen and bug kill Douglas fir. Low fire activity was observed due to precipitation. Crews are constructing handline on the northeast flank.

SPRING CREEK, White River National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Swope) is assigned. This fire is burning in spruce, fir, aspen and brush eight miles north of New Castle, CO. Very active fire behavior with short crown runs and group tree torching was observed. Aerial and hand-ignition burn out operations are underway on the north and northwest flanks and in interior islands. Three residences and associated outbuildings are threatened; structure protection is in place.

MISSIONARY RIDGE, San Juan National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Carlson) is assigned. This fire is five miles northeast of Durango, CO. Interior islands continue to burn out in gambel oak, ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest. Crews are mopping up and rehabilitating firelines on the east side of the fire and constructing fireline on a division in the Weminuche Wilderness Area.

SOUTH FORK II, Wind River Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Benes) is assigned. This fire is ten miles west of Fort Washakie, WY in the Wind River Roadless Area. Minimal fire activity was observed in decadent lodgepole pine and sagebrush. Crews are building handline and mopping up with support from aerial resources.

HENSEL, Medicine Bow National Forest. This fire is burning in bug kill ponderosa pine 20 miles northwest of Wheatland, WY. Rapid uphill runs in Ashenfelder Creek on Laramie Peak spotted into adjoining drainages; helicopters were utilized to slow fire spread. Cliffs, large boulders and very steep terrain are hampering containment efforts.

LOST LAKE, Routt National Forest. This fire is 20 miles west of Yampa, CO. Extreme fire behavior with rapid rates of spread, spotting, torching and crowning were observed in heavy dead and down spruce and fir. Evacuation of remote camps in the Flattop Wilderness Area is underway.

GREEN CREEK, Routt National Forest. This fire is 15 miles southeast of Steamboat Springs, CO. Torching and medium range spotting were observed in heavy dead and down spruce and fir. Smokejumpers are constructing handline with support from aerial resources. Erratic winds from passing thunder cells are hampering containment efforts.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HINMAN	CO	RTF	850	2	UNK	60	1	8	1	0	NR
BURN CANYON	CO	GMF	10,900	10	UNK	341	6	29	3	0	107K
BEAR MOUNTAIN SOUTH	WY	MB2F	492	25	7/18	291	9	4	2	0	338K
STEUBEN	CO	GMF	693	65	7/18	95	2	1	3	0	725K
SPRING CREEK	CO	WRF	11,300	70	7/18	214	5	2	6	0	6.3M
MISSIONARY RIDGE	CO	SJF	70,485	98	7/16	306	4	5	7	83	39.8M
SOUTH FORK II	WY	WRA	15,000	94	7/15	252	7	9	0	0	2.6M
HENSEL	WY	MB1F	14,630	96	UNK	25	0	4	2	7	6.5M
LOST LAKE	CO	RTF	850	0	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	NR
GREEN CREEK	CO	RTF	120	0	UNK	13	0	0	0	0	NR

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

HANG DOG, Manti-LaSal National Forest. This fire is eight miles northeast of La Sal, UT. Extreme fire behavior with 150 to 200 foot flame lengths, crowning and running were observed in gambel oak, ponderosa pine, juniper and pinyon pine. Heavy fuel loading, low relative humidity, erratic winds from passing thunder cells and long term drought are impeding containment efforts. Several residences are threatened.

HORSE, Salmon-Challis National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team has been ordered. This fire is 25 miles west of North Fork, ID. Moderate fire behavior was observed in subalpine fir. Unfavorable weather conditions and very steep, rugged terrain are hampering containment efforts.

CHIP, Lower Snake River District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is four miles southeast of Boise, ID. A wind event during the evening hours contributed to extreme fire behavior in grass and sagebrush. Crews and dozers made good progress with fireline construction on the north flank and burn out operations were successful along Blacks Creek Road. Engine crews are patrolling and mopping up.

MAPLE SPRINGS, Cedar City Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 25 miles north-northeast of Cedar City, UT. Moderate fire behavior with short runs was observed in pinyon pine, juniper and sagebrush. Crews and dozers are constructing direct attack fireline with support from aerial resources.

EAST FORK, Wasatch-Cache National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Raley) is assigned. This fire is burning in lodgepole pine and spruce 35 miles south of Evanston, WY. Moderate fire behavior was observed. Crews made good progress hot-spotting and constructing, improving and mopping up firelines. Evacuation orders remain in place for the Christmas Meadows subdivisions, scattered homes and a Boy Scout camp; structure protection is in place. Three historic cabins were lost yesterday due to a flare-up within containment lines. Thirty two additional outbuildings were confirmed lost.

HORSE, Moab Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is five miles south of Eastland, UT. Moderate fire behavior and short range spotting were observed in pinyon pine, juniper, sagebrush and gambel oak. The fire crossed containment lines on the southeast flank. Crews are building handline and mopping up in very rugged terrain.

MULE, Bridger-Teton National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Smith) is assigned. This fire is 12 miles west of Daniel, WY. Torching, running and spotting up to 1/4 mile was observed in heavy timber. Horse Creek Road was successfully held. Crews are building direct attack fireline with support from aerial resources.

WEST TWIN PEAKS, Wasatch-Cache National Forest. This fire is on the Twin Peaks above Salt

Lake City, UT. Active torching, crowning and spotting were observed on the east and south flanks in Douglas fir, pinyon pine, juniper and gambel oak. Steep, inaccessible terrain, high temperatures, low relative humidity and erratic winds from passing thunder cells are impeding containment efforts.

RATTLE COMPLEX, Moab Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Murphy) is assigned. This complex is 20 miles northeast of Green River, UT. Active fire behavior, crowning and torching were observed on the west flank of the Diamond fire in aspen and mixed conifer forest. The fire is advancing west and southwest toward secondary containment lines on Went ridge. Crews and dozers are improving fireline in West Willow Creek and along Segro Road in preparation for a planned burn out operation.

SPRINGVILLE, Uinta National Forest. This fire is burning one mile north of Springville, UT in oak brush, pinyon pine and juniper. Crews are mopping up with support from aerial resources.

SEQUOIA, Dixie National Forest. This fire is 26 miles southwest of Cedar City, UT. Extreme fire behavior with crowning and rapid fire growth was observed in ponderosa pine. Personnel are scouting the perimeter for containment line locations, anchor points and safety zones.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HANG DOG	UT	MLF	500	0	UNK	18	0	3	0	0	NR
HORSE	ID	SCF	100	0	UNK	19	0	2	2	0	NR
CHIP	ID	BOD	2,000	90	UNK	7	0	2	0	0	NR
MAPLE SPRINGS	UT	CCD	2,460	0	7/16	245	7	15	2	0	50K
EAST FORK	UT	WCF	14,058	85	7/19	1,058	27	24	10	50	10M
HORSE	UT	MOD	1,250	75	7/16	100	4	2	0	0	132K
MULE	WY	BTF	1,000	5	7/18	158	6	6	3	0	NR
WEST TWIN PEAKS	UT	WCF	190	10	7/28	37	0	1	3	0	119K
RATTLE COMPLEX	UT	MOD	87,060	40	UNK	331	8	7	7	2	6.9M
SPRINGVILLE	UT	UIF	2,257	96	UNK	32	1	1	1	0	1.3M
SEQUOIA	UT	DIF	700	0	UNK	75	3	2	1	0	NR

SOUTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Southwest Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

PEAK COMPLEX, Phoenix-Kingman District, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Bennett) will assume command today. This complex, comprised of the Peak, Lion Kill and Wildcow fires, is 12 miles southeast of Kingman, AZ. Intense fire behavior, significant spotting and torching were observed in ponderosa pine, chaparral, pinyon pine and juniper. Rugged terrain, erratic winds and heavy fuels are hampering containment efforts. The community of Pine Lakes has been evacuated; structure protection is in place.

ORACLE HILL, Coronado National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Sears) is assigned. This fire is one mile south of Oracle, AZ. Active fire behavior in grass and chaparral was observed. Crews are constructing direct and indirect attack fireline and burning out. Twenty residences south of Oracle have been evacuated; the community of Oracle is threatened.

ADOBE, Gila National Forest. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use incident is 40 miles northwest of Truth or Consequences, NM. The fire is burning in ponderosa pine, juniper, and pinyon pine and is being managed for resource benefit. This will be the last report unless significant activity occurs.

CREEK, Gila National Forest. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use incident is 50 miles northwest of Truth or Consequences, NM. The fire is being managed for resource benefit. This will be the last report unless significant activity occurs.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
PEAK COMPLEX	AZ	PHD	1,000	0	7/19	66	1	10	1	0	125K
ORACLE HILL	AZ	CNF	2,200	10	UNK	327	9	24	2	0	182K
DOME	AZ	TNF	1,000	70	7/15	53	2	0	1	0	NR
ADOBE	NM	GNF	137	0	UNK	39	1	1	1	0	NR
CREEK	NM	GNF	197	0	UNK	39	1	1	1	0	NR

WESTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

GATE COMPLEX, Humboldt-Toiyabe National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Terwilliger) is assigned. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Lohrey) has been ordered. This complex is comprised of the Gate, Coleville and Slinkard fires and is five miles north of Walker, CA. Extreme fire behavior was observed in Jeffery pine, pinyon pine, juniper and sagebrush as the Slinkard fire advanced north, crossing Highway 89. Evacuations are underway in the Topaz Lake, Holbrook Junction and Double Springs Flat subdivisions; engine crews are providing structure protection. Highways 208, 395 and 89 are closed.

LOST CABIN, Humboldt-Toiyabe National Forest. A California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Type 1 Incident Command Team has been ordered. This fire is 27 miles west of Las Vegas, NV. Extreme fire behavior with crowning, torching and spotting up to 1/2 mile ahead of the front was observed in pinyon pine, juniper and sagebrush. Crews are constructing handline with support from aerial resources. CC Springs and Torino Ranch have been evacuated; structure protection is in place.

EAGLE, Ely Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team has been ordered. This fire is 50 miles southeast of Ely, NV. Running crown fire was observed as the fire moved east in pinyon pine, juniper and sagebrush. The fire has crossed the Nevada-Utah border. Crews and dozers are building fireline on the west flank and protecting threatened structures in Utah. Steep terrain, high winds and continuous fuels are impeding containment

efforts. Nine ranches in Utah were evacuated yesterday.

PAN, Humboldt-Toiyabe National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Saleen) is assigned. This fire is 12 miles north of Bridgeport, CA. Isolated torching, creeping and smouldering were observed in sagebrush, pinyon pine and juniper. Crews made good progress flanking the fire with direct attack handline, supported by aerial resources.

BUCKEYE, Carson City Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This wind driven fire is 15 miles east of Gardnerville, NV. Torching, crowning and rapid rates of spread were observed in pinyon pine and juniper as the fire advanced south. Erratic winds caused the fire to cross containment lines. Crews have re-initiated anchor points and are constructing direct attack handline.

ELLSWORTH, Humboldt-Toiyabe National Forest. This fire is 50 miles southeast of Fallon, NV. Significant runs with the wind were observed in pinyon pine, juniper and sagebrush. Crews and dozers made good progress building fireline on the southeast and west flanks.

BELMONT, Northern Region, Nevada Division of Forestry. This fire is 18 miles southwest of Ruby Valley, NV. Torching was observed in heavy pinyon pine, juniper and sagebrush. Crews and dozers are constructing direct attack fireline.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
GATE COMPLEX	NV	HTF	560	30	7/16	193	11	15	0	0	436K
LOST CABIN	NV	HTF	300	0	UNK	61	2	8	0	0	NR
EAGLE	NV	ELD	5,000	0	7/20	113	3	5	1	0	NR
PAN	NV	HTF	250	20	7/20	193	6	7	0	0	72K
BUCKEYE	NV	CCD	1,500	5	7/16	16	0	3	0	0	NR
ELLSWORTH	NV	HTF	1,200	10	7/16	82	2	2	0	0	10K
BELMONT	NV	NNS	700	25	7/15	128	7	6	1	0	NR
ADOBE	NV	EKD	500	100		9	0	2	0	0	NR
MUD SPRINGS	NV	WID	4,000	100		20	0	4	0	0	NR
COLD SPRINGS	NV	ELD	598	100		12	0	3	0	0	NR

EKD = Elko Field Office, Bureau of Land Management

WID = Winnemucca Field Office, Bureau of Land Management

ELD = Ely Field Office, Bureau of Land Management

NORTHERN ROCKIES AREA LARGE FIRES:

BROAD, Yellowstone National Park. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Frye) is assigned. This fire is burning in old growth lodgepole pine and Douglas fir 20 miles southeast of Mammoth, WY. Sustained crown runs and medium range spotting were observed as the fire advanced northeast and east. The fire has crossed Deep Creek and is approaching an area burned in 1988. Crews spiked out on the southwest flank and are constructing and improving an anchor point on the rim of the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone. Type 1 helitankers were successful on the west flank, holding the fire on the east side of the Yellowstone River. Personnel conducted extensive ground reconnaissance, resulting in the development of initial suppression strategies and tactics.

GOLDSTONE, Beaverhead-Deer Lodge National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Sandman) will assume command at 0600 MDT. This fire is 30 miles west of Wisdom, MT on the Continental Divide. Torching and spotting were observed in subalpine fir. Crews are constructing direct attack handline.

FOX CREEK, Blackfeet Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A Type 2 Incident Management (Kechter) is assigned. This fire is burning nine miles southeast of Babb, MT in subalpine fir, lodgepole pine and spruce. No new information was reported.

WIGWAM COMPLEX, Beaverhead-Deer Lodge National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Chrisman) will assume command at 2200 MDT. This complex, comprised of six fires, is 17 miles southwest of Ennis, MT. Torching and spotting were observed in dead and down lodgepole pine, spruce and subalpine fir. Crews are constructing direct attack handline, utilizing green meadows for natural barriers.

RED WAFFLE, Custer National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team has been ordered. This fire is 35 miles southeast of Bridger, MT. Extreme fire behavior with significant crown runs and multiple fronts were observed in ponderosa pine, brush and grass. Engine crews are providing structure protection to three imminently threatened ranches. Two historical cabins were lost.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BROAD	WY	YNP	9,000	0	UNK	192	3	0	6	0	400K
GOLDSTONE	MT	BDF	175	0	UNK	66	2	2	1	0	45K
FOX CREEK	MT	BFA	3,500	5	UNK	208	7	5	0	0	67K
WIGWAM COMPLEX	MT	BDF	100	10	UNK	157	5	4	0	0	120K
RED WAFFLE	MT	CNF	6,000	0	UNK	62	1	5	1	2	NR

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

INYO COMPLEX, Inyo National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Conrad) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Fuller and Piper fires, is five miles west of Big Pine, CA. The Piper fire has been contained. Extreme fire behavior was observed in sagebrush, Jeffery pine and bug kill lodgepole pine on the Fuller fire. Crews successfully suppressed at three acre spot fire and are constructing and improving handlines. Residents in the Big Pine Canyon area were allowed to return to their homes. Several commercial properties, numerous primary and recreational residences, resorts, and the John Muir Wilderness Area remain threatened.

GARNET, Cleveland National Forest. A California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Type 1 Incident Command Team (Kerrigan) is assigned. This fire is ten miles east of Pine Valley, CA. The fire actively burned downhill toward the desert floor with spotting up to 1/4 mile ahead of the front observed. Crews are flanking the fire with direct attack handline with support from aerial resources. Structure protection is in place at Shrine Camp.

FEMA-MICRONESIA-CHUUK, Guam, Micronesia and Northern Mariana Islands. The islands were

struck by Typhoon Chata an on July 5th and Typhoon Halong on July 9th. US Forest Service and Federal Emergency Management Agency personnel have responded to provide disaster aid and supplies. The US Forest Service has been tasked with organizing and staffing a receiving and distribution center in Chuuk State and setting up operational planning on Chuuk and Guam.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
INYO COMPLEX	CA	INF	6,550	60	UNK	936	31	39	5	0	1.6M
GARNET	CA	CNF	150	25	UNK	250	6	31	3	0	NR
FEMA-MICRONESIA-CHUUK	CA	OSC				220	0	0	0	79	NR
WILD HORSE #2	CA	MNP	650	100	---	25	1	1	0	0	NR

MNP = Mojave National Park

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

RUSH, Northern California District, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Szczepanik) is assigned. This fire is eight miles southeast of Ravendale, CA. Extreme fire behavior was observed in sagebrush, grass and juniper as the fire advanced northeast. Crews have anchored at the heel of the fire on the west flank and are constructing fireline and burning out. Two residences and the Five Springs Wilderness Area are threatened.

MULDOON COMPLEX, Modoc National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Dietrich) is assigned. This complex, consisting of the Deep Creek, Muldoon and several small fires, is 24 miles north of Alturas, CA. Torching and short range spotting were observed in juniper, slash and mixed conifer forest. Crews are making good progress with fireline construction on small, accessible fires. Personnel are conducting reconnaissance for fireline locations, anchor points and safety zones for the fires in the South Warner Wilderness Area.

MUSSOLINI, Siskiyou Unit, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection. This fire is three miles southeast of Gazelle, CA. Low to moderate fire activity was observed in grass and timber. Limited access and very steep, rugged terrain are hampering containment efforts. Four residences are threatened; structure protection is in place.

HORSE COMPLEX, Northern California District, Bureau of Land Management. This complex, consisting of the Horse and Black fires, is 13 miles northeast of Susanville, CA. Minimal fire activity was observed in juniper, sagebrush and grass. Crews are mopping up and patrolling.

ANNIE, Northern California District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is five miles northeast of Fort Bidwell, CA and is burning in grass and sagebrush. Crews made good progress constructing fireline and are mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
RUSH	CA	NOD	3,000	5	7/21	87	3	6	3	0	100K
MULDOON COMPLEX	CA	MDF	100	5	UNK	373	7	39	2	0	NR
MUSSOLINI	CA	SKU	2,500	65	7/16	937	38	76	6	0	1.2M

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HORSE COMPLEX	CA	NOD	1,580	90	7/15	396	10	16	0	0	360K
ANNIE	CA	NOD	300	90	7/15	51	2	3	0	0	NR

OUTLOOK:

*****A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN THE NORTHERN WYOMING MOUNTAINS FOR HIGH TEMPERATURES, DRY FUELS, GUSTY WINDS AND DRY LIGHTNING*****

*****A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN NORTHWEST FLORIDA FOR HIGH DISPERSION INDICES*****

A dry southwest flow over the Northwest Area will bring mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 80's and 90's east of the Cascade Mountains and in the 70's elsewhere. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 30 percent in the east and above 50 percent to the west. Winds will be northwest at 5 to 15 mph.

The Rocky Mountain Area can expect mostly sunny skies with isolated to widely scattered thunderstorms in Wyoming. High temperatures will be in the 70's and 80's in the mountains and mid 80's to 100 at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 4 to 12 percent in northern and central Colorado and southwest Wyoming. Winds will be breezy from the south in the Black Hills with light, variable winds in the remainder of the area.

Weakening high pressure in combination with unstable, moist air over the Eastern Great Basin Area will bring mostly sunny skies. Widely scattered wet and dry thunderstorms with strong microburst winds are forecast over higher terrain. High temperatures will be mid 80's to low 90's in the mountains and mid 90's to 106 in the valleys. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 18 percent. Winds will be west to southwest at 10 to 20 mph and gusty in Idaho, and variable at 5 to 15 mph elsewhere.

Monsoonal moisture over the Southwest Area will bring partly sunny skies and scattered, wet thunderstorms. High temperatures will be in the 70's and 80's in the mountains and in the 90's and 100's at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 10 to 25 percent in Arizona and northwestern New Mexico, and 25 to 50 percent elsewhere. Winds will be upslope, up valley at 5 to 15 mph.

A south-southwest flow over the Western Great Basin Area will bring mostly sunny skies with isolated thunderstorms in eastern and southern Nevada. High temperatures will be in the 90's in the north and up to 110 in the south. Minimum relative humidity will range from the single digits to mid teens.

A thermal trough in combination with moist subtropical air over the Northern Rockies Area will bring mostly sunny skies with scattered thunderstorms in southern Montana. High temperatures will be 95 to 105 in western North Dakota, and 85 to 95 elsewhere. Minimum relative humidity will range from 18 to 28 percent in Montana and the Idaho panhandle, and 12 to 20 percent in the remainder of the region.

The Southern California Area can expect mostly sunny skies, becoming partly cloudy as the afternoon progresses. Isolated to scattered thunderstorms are forecast over the mountains and deserts. High temperatures will be upper 60's and 70's in coastal areas, mid 80's to 90's in the mountains and inland valleys, and mid 90's to 115 in the deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 10 to 20 percent in the deserts, 15 to 30 percent in the mountains, 25 to 40 percent in the valleys, and above 50 percent near the coast. Winds will be onshore at 8 to 15 mph near the coast and southeast to southwest at 5 to 15 mph elsewhere.



High pressure over the Northern California Area will bring mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 60's along the coast and in the 80's and 90's inland. Minimum relative humidity will range from 14 to 22 percent inland and winds will be southwest to northwest at 7 to 16 mph.

www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index_j.asp

<u>HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ENCOUNTERS</u>	
<u>Employees who may encounter hazardous materials in the field should be trained as mandated by OSHA 1910.120 (q), First Responder Awareness Level. However, employees should always recognize that hazmat encounters require special precautions.</u>	
<u>Hazardous materials in the field include, but are not limited to:</u>	
	<u>Clandestine drug waste waste as a result of meth labs, etc., which may look like common household trash at first glance. Drug lab waste can be identified by the presence of gallon plastic jugs, large plastic bags, 5-gallon buckets, and laboratory equipment (tubes and beakers).</u>
	<u>Midnight dumping may be recognized by the presence of barrels or other containers, discoloration of land, plants, or water, and/or dead vegetation and animals.</u>
	<u>Transportation accidents truck, rail, or pipeline accidents may result in the spillage or release of hazardous materials that may result in danger to life, property, or resources.</u>
<u>In all instances, self-protection is your primary responsibility.</u>	
<u>Respond to all encounters by implementing the Three Rs:</u>	
	<u>Recognize: Attempt to identify the substance using the North American Emergency Response Guide, occupancy/location, placards/labels, container shapes/colors, and/or MSDS shipping papers.</u>

	<u>Retreat: Move upwind, upgrade, or upstream; isolate the material; and deny entry to the site. Guidelines for isolation distances include: 150 feet for a minor incident (1 drum, 1 bag, etc.); 500 feet for a major incident (more than 1 drum, etc.); 300 feet for a residential and light commercial incident; 1,000 feet for an open area; 2,500 feet for an incident with BLEVE potential; 2,500 feet for the staging area (must be upwind with vehicles in a headed-out position).</u>
	<u>Report: Notify your supervisor and agency dispatcher. Request hazmat assistance via a safe route.</u>

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>1</u>			<u>2</u>		<u>3</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>10</u>			<u>781</u>		<u>791</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>3</u>	<u>172</u>	<u>233</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7,515</u>	<u>31,415</u>	<u>16</u>		<u>1,003</u>	<u>15,610</u>	<u>55,559</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>26</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>45</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2,000</u>			<u>2,506</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4,513</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>5</u>		<u>2</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>49</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>3,003</u>		<u>151</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,480</u>	<u>6,634</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>35</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>200</u>		<u>2,000</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>2,286</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>10</u>			<u>6</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>44</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>5,853</u>			<u>10</u>	<u>2,548</u>	<u>8,411</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>20</u>			<u>1</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>29</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>6,345</u>			<u>701</u>	<u>1,855</u>	<u>8,201</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>9</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>47</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>1,000</u>			<u>178</u>	<u>1,573</u>	<u>2,756</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>				<u>9</u>	<u>13</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>100</u>				<u>12,355</u>	<u>12,455</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>

<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>2</u>		<u>2</u>		<u>4</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>			<u>2</u>		<u>12</u>		<u>14</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>317</u>	<u>504</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7,524</u>	<u>49,926</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>2,151</u>	<u>4,493</u>	<u>37,514</u>	<u>101,626</u>

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>352</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>388</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>116,358</u>	<u>62,761</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>714,709</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>893,850</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>116</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>538</u>	<u>546</u>	<u>1,379</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>4,025</u>	<u>70,703</u>	<u>1,792</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3,196</u>	<u>33,388</u>	<u>113,114</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>144</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1,288</u>	<u>307</u>	<u>1,759</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>215</u>	<u>3,616</u>	<u>797</u>	<u>3,663</u>	<u>7,263</u>	<u>2,268</u>	<u>17,822</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>1,704</u>	<u>426</u>	<u>2,254</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>2,292</u>	<u>11,216</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>705</u>	<u>19,261</u>	<u>78,095</u>	<u>111,650</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>770</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>223</u>	<u>205</u>	<u>1,278</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>10,078</u>	<u>10,146</u>	<u>2,121</u>	<u>7,305</u>	<u>20,950</u>	<u>1,683</u>	<u>52,283</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>240</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>204</u>	<u>307</u>	<u>822</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>1,686</u>	<u>36,481</u>	<u>1,440</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>79,560</u>	<u>88,084</u>	<u>207,274</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>218</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>382</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>312</u>	<u>17,176</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>28,052</u>	<u>45,600</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>896</u>	<u>156</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>1,028</u>	<u>978</u>	<u>3,123</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>258,473</u>	<u>21,074</u>	<u>5,621</u>	<u>11,390</u>	<u>188,392</u>	<u>436,066</u>	<u>921,016</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>202</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>747</u>	<u>362</u>	<u>1,650</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>51,947</u>	<u>35,915</u>	<u>2,618</u>	<u>5,429</u>	<u>123,195</u>	<u>231,839</u>	<u>450,943</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>762</u>		<u>19</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>7,318</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>8,427</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>31,956</u>		<u>1,225</u>	<u>581</u>	<u>53,104</u>	<u>3,162</u>	<u>90,028</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>97</u>		<u>179</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>25,621</u>	<u>714</u>	<u>26,651</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>17,071</u>		<u>137,976</u>	<u>4,774</u>	<u>259,303</u>	<u>23,719</u>	<u>442,843</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>3,198</u>	<u>1,041</u>	<u>328</u>	<u>213</u>	<u>39,075</u>	<u>4,258</u>	<u>48,113</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>378,055</u>	<u>322,685</u>	<u>216,442</u>	<u>33,893</u>	<u>1,468,977</u>	<u>926,371</u>	<u>3,346,423</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE FIRES</u>								<u>49,053</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE ACRES</u>								<u>1,574,398</u>

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
NORTHWEST	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
NORTHERN ROCKIES	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
EASTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
WESTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
SOUTHWEST	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
EASTERN	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
SOUTHERN	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
TOTAL	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>			<u>1,085</u>				<u>1,085</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>256</u>	<u>425</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>5,776</u>	<u>9,238</u>	<u>2,691</u>	<u>254</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>40,010</u>	<u>58,261</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>86</u>	<u>128</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>1,269</u>	<u>19,894</u>	<u>231</u>		<u>9,943</u>	<u>31,500</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>		<u>97</u>	<u>112</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>538</u>		<u>17,226</u>	<u>18,144</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>177</u>	<u>320</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>725</u>	<u>1,765</u>	<u>15,578</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>3,746</u>	<u>17,042</u>	<u>38,964</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>59</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>845</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>2,422</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>47,755</u>	<u>51,753</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>172</u>	<u>172</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>115</u>	<u>142</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>17,250</u>	<u>4,722</u>			<u>12,566</u>	<u>34,628</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>193</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>15,352</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,170</u>	<u>13,467</u>	<u>36,824</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>21</u>		<u>281</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>493</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>943</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>8,709</u>		<u>42,886</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>62,106</u>	<u>20,446</u>	<u>134,577</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>59</u>		<u>235</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>16,381</u>	<u>864</u>	<u>17,612</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>10,951</u>		<u>109,550</u>	<u>83,625</u>	<u>822,182</u>	<u>691,470</u>	<u>1,717,778</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>178</u>	<u>788</u>	<u>125</u>	<u>16,927</u>	<u>1,792</u>	<u>19,940</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>27,007</u>	<u>33,420</u>	<u>212,489</u>	<u>89,898</u>	<u>890,775</u>	<u>870,097</u>	<u>2,123,686</u>

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>7</u>			<u>7</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>11</u>			<u>11</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>8</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>9</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>852</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>853</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>20</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>852</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>873</u>

Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

<u>PROVINCES</u>	<u>FIRES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>HECTARES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	<u>HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>
<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>596</u>	<u>6,460</u>
<u>YUKON TERRITORY</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>35,355</u>
<u>ALBERTA</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>12,131</u>	<u>952</u>	<u>514,231</u>
<u>NORTHWEST TERRITORY</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>10,595</u>
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13,226</u>	<u>738</u>	<u>813,980</u>
<u>MANITOBA</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>3,416</u>	<u>544</u>	<u>28,959</u>
<u>ONTARIO</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>2,678</u>	<u>354</u>	<u>42,173</u>
<u>QUEBEC</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>463</u>	<u>660,470</u>
<u>NEWFOUNDLAND</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>35,614</u>
<u>NEW BRUNSWICK</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>191</u>	<u>210</u>
<u>NOVA SCOTIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>184</u>
<u>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>NATIONAL PARKS</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>4,248</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>31,496</u>	<u>4,276</u>	<u>2,152,479</u>

RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES

<u>AREA</u>	<u>CREW FED</u>	<u>CREW ST/OT</u>	<u>ENGS FED</u>	<u>ENGS ST/OT</u>	<u>HELI FED</u>	<u>HELI ST/OT</u>	<u>AIRT FED</u>	<u>AIRT ST/OT</u>	<u>OVRHD FED</u>	<u>OVRHD ST/OT</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>		<u>3</u>								
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>160</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>422</u>	<u>229</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>138</u>	<u>129</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>49</u>	<u>92</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>24</u>		<u>26</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>181</u>	<u>31</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>225</u>	<u>173</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>72</u>	<u>54</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>61</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>524</u>	<u>247</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>									<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>6</u>		<u>2</u>				<u>35</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>223</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>406</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>1,712</u>	<u>964</u>

*** THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER ***