

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT
FRIDAY, JULY 26, 2002 0530 MDT
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 5**

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was heavy in the Northwest Area, moderate in the Northern Rockies and Eastern Great Basin Areas, and light elsewhere. Nationally, 197 new fires were reported. Six of these became large fires, three in the Rocky Mountain Area, two in the Northwest Area and one in the Eastern Great Basin Area. Four large fires were contained, two in the Eastern Great Basin Area and one each in the Northwest and Alaska Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

The U.S. Army Task Force Destroyer (1/5 FA 1st Battalion, 5th Regiment) commanded by Lt. Col. David R. Byrn Sr., at Ft. Riley, KS, is assigned to the Monument fire.

NORTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Northwest Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Mann) is assigned to manage large fires in southeast Oregon. An Area Command Team (Williams-Rhodes) is assigned to manage large fires on the Malheur and Ochoco National Forests. An Area Command Team (Ribar) is assigned to manage large fires in southwest Oregon.

SHELDON RIDGE, Central Oregon District, Oregon Department of Forestry. An Oregon Department of Forestry Incident Management Team (Keith) is assigned. This fire is located 7 miles south of Mosier, OR in timber, grass and brush. Extreme, wind driven, fire behavior with running and long range spotting was observed. Crews are building fireline with assistance from dozers. Aerial resources are assisting in suppression efforts. Two hundred residences and several outbuildings are threatened.

SKUNK, Winema National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Gardner) has been ordered. This fire is north of Sprague River, OR, in bitter brush and ponderosa pine. Spotting, torching and runs were observed. Personnel are constructing fireline. Fifty residences, several outbuildings and commercial properties are threatened; structure protection is in place.

WHITE RIVER, Prineville District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire, burning in grass, brush and juniper, is four miles north of Maupin, OR. Active fire behavior caused by winds was observed. One hundred residences and several out buildings are threatened; structure protection is in place.

WINTER, Klamath Lake District, Oregon Department of Forestry. An Oregon Department of Forestry Incident Management Team (Mair) is assigned. This fire is ten miles northwest of Paisley, OR. Moderate burning and short range spotting were observed in sagebrush, ceanothus, juniper and mixed conifer forest. Crews are constructing direct attack fireline, improving established fireline and mopping up. Twenty residences are threatened. Reduction in acreage was due to better mapping.

DEER POINT, Wenatchee National Forest. A Unified Command has been established between a Type 1 Incident Management Team (Vail) and a Washington Interagency Management Team (Perry). This fire is 27 miles north of Chelan, WA in mixed brush, ponderosa pine and lodgepole pine. Increased winds led to short range spotting and torching on the east flank. Steep, rugged terrain with limited access is impeding suppression efforts. Seventy-five residences are threatened in and surrounding the communities of Manson and Chelan.

BISCUIT COMPLEX, Siskiyou National Forest. Two Type 2 Incident Management Teams (Joki and Broyles) are assigned. This complex consists of the Florence and Biscuit fires, which are 26 miles west of Grants Pass and 17 miles southwest of Cave Junction, OR respectively. Both fires exhibited very active fire behavior in mixed conifer and brush. Isolated torching was observed on the Florence fire. Crews are constructing indirect attack handline and burning out. Steep, inaccessible terrain is hampering containment efforts. Thirteen residences and several outbuildings are threatened. Two cabins and three outbuildings are confirmed lost.

MALHEUR COMPLEX, Malheur National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Morcom) is assigned. This complex, consisting of the Roberts, Easy and several smaller fires, is burning in mixed conifer forest, eight to 25 miles south of Prairie City, OR. Erratic winds and low relative humidity resulted in interior crown runs and spotting. Crews are burning out and constructing indirect attack fireline with assistance from dozers. Fifty-two residences, several commercial properties and numerous outbuildings are threatened

NORTH UMPQUA COMPLEX, Umpqua National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Jackson) is assigned. Burning in heavy timber, this complex of several fires is 25 miles east of Glide, OR. Torching, short range spotting and running were observed. Extremely rocky and steep terrain is hampering containment efforts. Crews are burning out, improving established handline and mopping up. Twenty residences and several outbuildings are threatened

TOOL BOX COMPLEX, Fremont National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Gelobter) is assigned. This complex consists of the Tool Box, Silver and Lava fires which are approximately ten miles south of Silver Lake, OR. Active fire behavior was observed in sage, ceanothus and mixed conifer. Personnel are constructing and improving fireline while providing for structure protection. Sixty residences, a major power line and an extensive communications site are threatened.

TILLER COMPLEX, Umpqua National Forest. A Washington Interagency Incident Management Team (Dunton) and a Type 2 Incident Management Team (Walker) are assigned. This complex is comprised of 94 reported fires on the Tiller Ranger District and in the Rogue-Umpqua Divide Wilderness Area, west of Tiller, OR. Active fire behavior with spotting, torching and running resulted from increased winds. Rolling debris is hampering containment efforts. Crews are patrolling and mopping up. Five residences are threatened.

747/MURRAY COMPLEX, Ochoco National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Melton) is assigned. These fires are 10 to 15 miles south of Dayville, OR. Smouldering and creeping were observed in ponderosa pine, juniper, sage and grass. Crews are improving established fireline, burning out and mopping up. Extremely rugged and inaccessible terrain is hampering suppression efforts. Four residences and several outbuildings are threatened. Reduction in acreage was due to better mapping.

MONUMENT, Malheur National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Stutler) is assigned. This fire is nine miles southwest of Unity, OR in mixed conifer forest, ponderosa pine and grass. Minimal fire behavior was observed. Crews are constructing indirect fireline and improving established fireline. Seventy-five residences are threatened. Reduction in acreage was due to better mapping.

CACHE MOUNTAIN, Deschutes National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Sandman) is assigned. This fire is 15 miles northwest of Sisters, OR in brush, slash and timber. Active fire behavior with spotting and torching was observed. Crews are building fireline and mopping up. Steep terrain is hampering containment efforts. One residence is threatened.

TIMBERED ROCK, Central Oregon District, Oregon Department of Forestry. This fire is 15 miles north of Shady Cove, OR burning in timber and dead down fuels. Significant fire runs, crowning, torching and spotting were observed. Personnel are building fireline on the south and east flanks. Steep terrain is impeding containment efforts.

EYERLY COMPLEX, Warm Springs Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Studebaker) is assigned. This complex consists of the Eyerly and Geneva 2 fires which are burning in ponderosa pine, mixed conifer forest, juniper and bitter brush in the Metolius River Canyon, 15 miles northeast of Camp Sherman, OR. Crews are mopping up and rehabilitating fireline. Reduction in acreage was due to better mapping.

SWAMP CREEK, Burns District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is four miles northwest of Diamond, OR in juniper, sagebrush and grass. Engine personnel are patrolling. Five residences are threatened.

CHERRY CREEK, Prineville District, Bureau of Land Management. Burning in sage and juniper, this fire is 11 miles south of Clarno, OR. No new information was reported. This will be the last report unless new information is received.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
SHELDON RIDGE	OR	ORS	3,000	0	7/30	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	168K
SKUNK	OR	WNF	1,700	0	UNK	92	1	21	0	0	NR
WHITE RIVER	OR	PRD	9,200	0	UNK	48	0	12	1	0	NR
WINTER	OR	ORS	33,811	55	8/1	915	29	33	7	0	5.6M
DEER POINT	WA	WEF	33,115	35	UNK	1,169	26	52	8	9	5.7M
BISCUIT COMPLEX	OR	SIF	19,350	0	UNK	737	19	13	6	5	2.2M
MALHEUR COMPLEX	OR	MAF	15,500	20	UNK	1,088	34	33	7	0	6.1M
NORTH UMPQUA COMPLEX	OR	UPF	1,120	35	7/31	561	16	18	5	0	2.0M
TOOL BOX COMPLEX	OR	FRF	81,508	45	UNK	1,476	39	93	4	0	6.6M
TILLER COMPLEX	OR	UPF	9,608	18	8/16	1,011	26	52	3	0	3.6M
747/MURRAY COMPLEX	OR	OCF	11,739	50	8/1	906	30	32	2	0	3.2M
MONUMENT	OR	MAF	24,400	50	UNK	1,495	38	24	9	0	3.7M
CACHE MOUNTAIN	OR	DEF	700	5	UNK	62	1	7	0	0	30K
TIMBERED ROCK	OR	ORS	2,800	10	UNK	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	850K
EYERLY COMPLEX	OR	WSA	23,573	95	7/26	949	30	28	5	37	10.5M
SWAMP CREEK	OR	BUD	320	80	UNK	13	0	4	0	0	18K
CHERRY CREEK	OR	PRD	200	0	UNK	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
FLAGTAIL	OR	MAF	8,175	100	---	649	17	49	1	2	3.2M

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

MCNALLEY, Sequoia National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Humphrey) is assigned. This fire is burning in heavy brush and mixed conifer forest 12 miles north of Kernville, CA. Moderate torching and running were observed. Crews are constructing direct and indirect attack fireline. The Giant Sequoia National Monument and 200 residences are threatened; structure protection is in place.

FEMA-MICRONESIA-CHUUK, Guam, Micronesia and Northern Mariana Islands. The islands were struck by Typhoon Chata an on July 5th and Typhoon Halong on July 9th resulting in 40 major landslides causing many injuries and fatalities as well as severe damage to the islands. US Forest Service and Federal Emergency Management Agency personnel have responded to provide disaster aid and supplies. The US Forest Service has been tasked with organizing and staffing a receiving and distribution center for planning food and water distribution in Chuuk State and setting up operational planning on Chuuk and Guam.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HEL	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
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INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HEL	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MCNALLEY	CA	SQF	58,500	10	UNK	1,560	58	22	13	1	5.1M
FEMA-MICRONESIA-CHUUK	CA	OSC				344	0	0	0	445	NR

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

HORSE SKIN, Lower Snake River District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 15 miles west and southwest of Castleford, ID burning in sage and grass. Erratic fire behavior was observed due to gusting winds. Dozers are building fireline on the north flank.

GARDEN VALLEY COMPLEX, Boise National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Brunner) will assume command today. This complex consists of approximately 60 fires northeast of Garden Valley, ID in sage, lodgepole pine and subalpine fir. The fires are smouldering and creeping with some torching and spotting. Crews are performing initial attack on unstaffed fires within the complex. Steep terrain and limited access are hampering containment efforts.

SEQUOIA, Dixie National Forest. The Type 2 Incident Management Team (Suwyn) is assigned. This fire is 26 miles southwest of Cedar City, UT. Precipitation moderated fire behavior in ponderosa pine and chaparral. Crews are monitoring and rehabilitating established fireline. Aerial resources are assisting suppression efforts.

RATTLE COMPLEX, Moab Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Murphy) is assigned. This complex is 20 miles northeast of Green River, UT. Favorable weather conditions resulted in minimal fire behavior in aspen and mixed conifer forest. Crews are constructing direct attack fireline and patrolling. Difficult terrain and limited access are hampering containment efforts.

COUNTY LINE, Uintah and Ouray Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 30 miles north of Green River, UT. Crowning, torching and running were observed in sage, oak, pine and manzanita. Dozers are constructing fireline on the east flank with assistance from aerial resources. Containment efforts are hampered by inaccessible terrain.

CANYONS COMPLEX, Manti-LaSal National Forest. A transfer of command from Dash s Type 1 Incident Management Team to Mannelin s Type 2 Incident Management Team occurred 7/25 at 1200 MDT. This complex consists of the Hang Dog and Hammond fires which are eight miles northeast of Lasal and 15 miles northwest of Blanding, UT respectively. The fires are burning in serviceberry, sage, chaparral, gambel oak, pinyon pine, juniper and ponderosa pine. Significant precipitation has resulted in minimal fire activity on the Hammond fire. Crews are mopping up and rehabilitating dozer fireline.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HORSE SKIN	ID	BOD	5,000	10	UNK	75	0	11	0	0	NR
GARDEN VALLEY COMPLEX	ID	BOF	200	0	UNK	305	11	2	4	0	NR
SEQUOIA	UT	DIF	8,062	95	7/26	269	6	4	5	0	1.8M
RATTLE COMPLEX	UT	MOD	94,260	80	UNK	404	9	4	4	2	9.7M
COUNTY LINE	UT	UOA	2,923	60	7/29	49	10	1	2	0	NR
CANYONS COMPLEX	UT	MLF	9,800	95	7/27	106	2	6	1	0	2.6M
ROARING	ID	SCF	384	100	---	38	2	0	0	0	91K
MULE	WY	BTF	3,932	100	---	493	16	9	3	0	3.5M

SCF = Salmon-Challis National Forest

BTF = Bridger-Teton National Forest

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BIG ELK, Arapaho-Roosevelt National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Bateman) is assigned. This fire is nine miles southeast of Estes Park, CO. Minimal fire activity with creeping and smouldering was observed in brush and ponderosa pine. Crews are mopping up.

PEPPER, Rock Springs District, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Benes) has been ordered. This fire is 27 miles south of Rock Springs, WY in sage, grass, timber and heavy dead down fuels. Very active fire behavior was observed with individual tree torching, running and crowning. Personnel are constructing fireline and aerial resources are aiding suppression.

SHELDON, Black Hills National Forest. This fire is eight miles northeast of Newcastle, WY. Minimal fire activity was observed in timber, ponderosa pine and mahogany. Crews are burning out, constructing and improving fireline. Local road closures are in effect.

LOST GREEN COMPLEX, Routt National Forest. A Fire Use Management Team (Cook) is assigned. This complex is comprised of the Lost Lake and Green Creek fires which are 30 miles southwest and 15 miles southeast of Steamboat Springs, CO respectively. Higher relative humidity and precipitation resulted in smouldering fire behavior in heavy dead and down spruce and fir. Crews are mopping up. Twelve residences are threatened.

AGONY, Fort Carson, Department of Defense. This fire is 16 miles south of Colorado Springs, CO in scrub oak, sage and grass. Active fire behavior with upslope runs was observed. Crews are constructing fireline with assistance from dozers. Personnel are improving existing roads in preparation for burnout operations.

HENSEL, Medicine Bow National Forest. This fire is burning in bug kill ponderosa pine 20 miles

northwest of Wheatland, WY. Minimal fire activity with smouldering was observed. Crews are constructing fireline and mopping up. Aerial resources are aiding suppression in extremely difficult terrain.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BIG ELK	CO	ARF	4,413	85	7/27	479	11	20	3	1	3.4M
PEPPER	WY	RSD	1,450	0	UNK	95	2	15	1	0	NR
SHELDON	SD	BKF	500	40	7/28	221	6	20	1		NR
LOST GREEN COMPLEX	CO	RTF	4,094	50	UNK	155	5	0	2	0	650K
AGONY	CO	DOD	390	25	UNK	54	2	6	1	0	20K
HENSEL	WY	MB1F	14,730	94	UNK	45	1	4	1	7	7.4M

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

STANZA, Klamath National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Carlson) is assigned. This fire is burning in old growth timber ten miles south of Happy Camp, CA. Extremely steep terrain and rolling debris are impeding suppression efforts.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
STANZA	CA	KNF	100	10	7/31	403	18	2	3	0	NR

NORTHERN ROCKIES AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Northern Rockies Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

BROAD, Yellowstone National Park. A transition from Frye's Type 1 Incident Management Team to Yellowstone National Park will occur at 1800 MDT. This fire is burning in old growth lodgepole pine and Douglas fir 20 miles southeast of Mammoth, WY. Favorable weather conditions resulted in minimal fire behavior with smouldering and creeping. Crews are patrolling and mopping up.

FOX CREEK, Blackfeet Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A transfer of command from Kechter's Type 2 Incident Management Team to a Type 3 organization will occur at 1500 MDT. This fire is burning nine miles southeast of Babb, MT in subalpine fir, lodgepole pine and spruce. Isolated torching, smouldering and creeping were observed in the interior. Crews are mopping up.

RED WAFFLE, Custer National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Chrisman) is assigned. This fire is 35 miles southeast of Bridger, MT with minimal fire behavior observed in ponderosa pine, brush and grass. Steep, rocky and difficult terrain is hampering containment efforts. Personnel are mopping up with aerial assistance.

OXBOW, Clearwater Supervisory Area, Idaho Department of Lands. This fire is 13 miles west of Cottonwood, ID. This fire is burning in timber understory with active fire behavior observed in grass and brush. Crews are patrolling and mopping up on the northeast flank. Aerial resources are assisting suppression on the west flank.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BROAD	WY	YNP	9,140	85	9/28	240	4	1	5	0	3.7M
FOX CREEK	MT	BFA	6,300	95	7/25	479	14	16	1	0	2.6M
RED WAFFLE	MT	CNF	6,000	75	UNK	191	2	4	2	0	1.6M
OXBOW	ID	CWS	180	80	7/26	56	2	0	3	0	58K

ALASKA AREA LARGE FIRES:

GOBLET CREEK, Galena Zone, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 15 miles north of Anvik, AK. The fire is burning deep in mixed fuels and black spruce. Higher relative humidity and precipitation are moderating fire behavior and aiding containment efforts. Crews are improving established fireline.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
GOBLET CREEK	AK	GAD	3,000	25	7/29	98	6	0	2	0	212K
THURSDAY CREEK	AK	MSS	1,453	100	---	123	6	0	3	0	1.1M

OUTLOOK:

***** A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN SOUTHERN OREGON FOR LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND INCREASING NORTH TO NORTHEAST WIND *****

***** A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FOR NORTH WINDS AND LOW HUMIDITY*****

The Northwest Area can expect partly sunny skies with a chance of showers or isolated wet thunderstorms in northeast Washington. High temperatures will be in the 60's along the coast, 70's in northwest Oregon and western Washington; 80 to 95 east of the Cascade Mountains and in southwestern Oregon. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 30 percent east of the Cascade Mountains and southwest Oregon and 50 to 70 percent elsewhere. Winds will be west to northwest at 5 to 15 mph except 15 to 25 mph east of the Cascades, with gusts to 40mph in central Washington.

Mostly sunny skies are expected over the Southern California Area. High temperatures will be 70's to low 80's in coastal areas, 80's to 90's in the mountains, and low 90's to 112 in inland valleys and low deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 30 percent in the southern mountains and inland valleys, 7 to 15 percent in the northern deserts and 20 to 30 percent in the southern deserts. Winds will be onshore 8 to 15 mph at the coast and south to southwest at 10 to 20 mph elsewhere.

The Eastern Great Basin Area can expect isolated to widely scattered thunderstorms in the mountains of eastern Idaho, eastern Utah and northwest Wyoming. Temperatures will be 75 to 88 in the mountains and 90's to 104 in the valleys. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 30 percent in the mountains and 10 to 20 percent at lower elevations. Winds will be west to southwest at 5 to 15 mph.

Due to an upper level disturbance the Rocky Mountain Area can expect widely scattered thunderstorms. High temperatures will be from 65 to 75 in the mountains; 75 to 85 at lower elevations.

The Black Hills will see temperatures in the upper 80's and lower 90's at lower elevations; 75 to 85 in the mountains. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 25 percent in Colorado, 30 to 40 percent in Wyoming and 15 to 25 percent in the Black Hills. Winds will be from the west at 10 to 20 mph in Wyoming and 5 to 15 mph elsewhere. Gusty and erratic winds will occur near thunderstorms.

Low pressure off the coast of the Northern California Area will bring mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 60's and 70's at the coast and 80's to near 100 inland. Minimum relative humidity will range from 14 to 19 percent.

A Pacific cold front moving into the Northern Rockies Area will bring scattered thunderstorms in the south and isolated storms in the north. High temperatures will be 85 to 95. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 25 percent in the west and 25 to 40 percent in North Dakota. Winds will be west at 10 to 20 mph.



www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index_j.asp

DISENGAGEMENT PROCEDURES

Whenever the intensity of a fire exceeds the ability of the forces to control it, we are left with no alternative but to disengage and either wait for better circumstances or change tactics. Whatever happens, it is always safer and more advantageous from an operational perspective if you have a plan for the disengagement. The following items are things to consider in your planning and discussion:

- ! Preplan the disengagement.
- ! Discuss establishing trigger points based on measurable factors such as:
 - T RH
 - T Winds
 - T Fire behavior
 - T Topographical boundaries
 - T Time/distance to safety zones
 - T Loss of support resources (airtankers, helicopters, etc.)
 - T Other operational considerations (e.g., firefighter fatigue, loss of lookouts or communication)
- ! When disengagement occurs, go through the Risk Management Process (see the Incident Response Pocket Guide):
 - T Situational Awareness
 - T Hazard Assessment
 - T Hazard Controls
 - T Decision Points
 - T Evaluate

! When disengagement occurs, determine the disengagement type:

- T Hold in place--order additional resources or wait for the fire to take its run.
- T Change tactics--direct to indirect.
- T Pull back--shorten the distance/time to the safety zone.
- T Retreat--halt operations and move rapidly to the safety zone.

! When disengagement occurs, define re-engagement criteria:

- T Winds die down
- T Fire behavior decreases
- T Additional resources arrive
- T Fire reaches barriers or fuel breaks
- T Tactics are agreed upon and relayed to forces.

! Command/Leadership responsibilities resulting from changes in engagement plans include:

- T Communicate the changes to your subordinates, as well as to adjacent forces and up the chain of command.
- T Account for all your people.
- T Make sure everyone follows the disengagement plan.
- T Make sure an experienced person with a radio is the last person out during a retreat.
- T Use the Risk Management Process (see the Incident Response Pocket Guide) to reassess the situation before re-engaging the fire.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>1,847</u>	<u>371</u>		<u>430</u>		<u>2,648</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>13</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>61</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>9,202</u>			<u>2,800</u>	<u>23,720</u>	<u>35,724</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>13</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>14</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>7</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>17</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>		<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>15</u>		<u>3,500</u>	<u>3,515</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>			<u>2</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>37</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>64</u>			<u>140</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>238</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>21</u>

<u>GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>5,115</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>676</u>	<u>5,844</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>10</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>11</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>4</u>				<u>0</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>21</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>9</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>390</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>395</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>7</u>		<u>7</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>9</u>		<u>9</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>13</u>		<u>13</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>81</u>		<u>81</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>197</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>16,170</u>	<u>371</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>3,754</u>	<u>27,911</u>	<u>48,478</u>

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		29	29	6	419	16	499
	<u>ACRES</u>		144,850	85,894	6,837	764,487	16	1,002,084
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	171	194	21	10	820	777	1,993
	<u>ACRES</u>	16,478	117,483	1,789	10	16,802	200,281	352,843
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	154	17	4	12	1,485	472	2,144
	<u>ACRES</u>	222	6,864	797	3,665	7,497	2,694	21,739
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	60	61	16	19	1,865	486	2,507
	<u>ACRES</u>	2,298	19,647	81	719	20,711	110,847	154,303
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	835	39	29	35	283	357	1,578
	<u>ACRES</u>	13,001	10,314	2,127	9,451	21,123	8,788	64,804
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	53	352	7	23	299	540	1,274
	<u>ACRES</u>	4,573	46,291	100	25	101,475	121,557	274,021
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	8	297	1	10	67	118	501
	<u>ACRES</u>	315	24,630	10	6	71	42,113	67,145
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	1,017	167	23	47	1,061	1,178	3,493
	<u>ACRES</u>	263,349	21,496	5,621	11,390	188,488	434,651	924,995
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	309	302	33	52	816	454	1,966
	<u>ACRES</u>	52,196	37,343	2,648	6,512	125,831	242,344	466,874
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	762		19	28	7,810	311	8,930
	<u>ACRES</u>	31,956		1,225	581	53,951	3,334	91,047
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	97		181	41	25,897	786	27,002
	<u>ACRES</u>	17,071		143,391	4,775	262,523	23,824	451,584
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	3,466	1,458	363	283	40,822	5,495	51,887
	<u>ACRES</u>	401,459	428,918	243,683	43,971	1,562,959	1,190,449	3,871,439
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE FIRES</u>								<u>52,337</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE ACRES</u>								<u>1,813,727</u>

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>			<u>1,085</u>				<u>1,085</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>256</u>	<u>425</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>5,776</u>	<u>9,238</u>	<u>2,691</u>	<u>254</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>40,010</u>	<u>58,261</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>86</u>	<u>128</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>1,269</u>	<u>19,894</u>	<u>231</u>		<u>9,943</u>	<u>31,500</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>		<u>97</u>	<u>113</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>682</u>		<u>17,226</u>	<u>18,288</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>287</u>	<u>456</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>725</u>	<u>1,765</u>	<u>15,578</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>4,478</u>	<u>19,155</u>	<u>41,809</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>60</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>2,545</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>2,422</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>47,755</u>	<u>53,453</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>172</u>	<u>172</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>115</u>	<u>142</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>17,250</u>	<u>4,722</u>			<u>12,566</u>	<u>34,628</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>193</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>15,352</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,170</u>	<u>13,467</u>	<u>36,824</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>21</u>		<u>281</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>495</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>946</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>8,709</u>		<u>42,886</u>	<u>437</u>	<u>62,116</u>	<u>20,446</u>	<u>134,594</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>59</u>		<u>237</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>16,382</u>	<u>864</u>	<u>17,616</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>10,951</u>		<u>109,574</u>	<u>83,725</u>	<u>822,232</u>	<u>691,470</u>	<u>1,717,952</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>790</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>16,956</u>	<u>1,902</u>	<u>20,085</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>27,007</u>	<u>35,120</u>	<u>212,513</u>	<u>90,149</u>	<u>891,567</u>	<u>872,210</u>	<u>2,128,566</u>

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>			<u>1,085</u>				<u>1,085</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>256</u>	<u>425</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>5,776</u>	<u>9,238</u>	<u>2,691</u>	<u>254</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>40,010</u>	<u>58,261</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>86</u>	<u>128</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>1,269</u>	<u>19,894</u>	<u>231</u>		<u>9,943</u>	<u>31,500</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>		<u>97</u>	<u>113</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>682</u>		<u>17,226</u>	<u>18,288</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>287</u>	<u>456</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>725</u>	<u>1,765</u>	<u>15,578</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>4,478</u>	<u>19,155</u>	<u>41,809</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>60</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>2,545</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>2,422</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>47,755</u>	<u>53,453</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>172</u>	<u>172</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>115</u>	<u>142</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>17,250</u>	<u>4,722</u>			<u>12,566</u>	<u>34,628</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>193</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>15,352</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,170</u>	<u>13,467</u>	<u>36,824</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>21</u>		<u>281</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>495</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>946</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>8,709</u>		<u>42,886</u>	<u>437</u>	<u>62,116</u>	<u>20,446</u>	<u>134,594</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>59</u>		<u>237</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>16,382</u>	<u>864</u>	<u>17,616</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>10,951</u>		<u>109,574</u>	<u>83,725</u>	<u>822,232</u>	<u>691,470</u>	<u>1,717,952</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>790</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>16,956</u>	<u>1,902</u>	<u>20,085</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>27,007</u>	<u>35,120</u>	<u>212,513</u>	<u>90,149</u>	<u>891,567</u>	<u>872,210</u>	<u>2,128,566</u>

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WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>14</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>18</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>13</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>14</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>8</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>9</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>851</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>852</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>800</u>	<u>800</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>1,651</u>	<u>1,651</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>39</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>851</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,461</u>	<u>3,326</u>

Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

<u>PROVINCES</u>	<u>FIRES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>HECTARES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	<u>HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>
<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>762</u>	<u>7,752</u>
<u>YUKON TERRITORY</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>36,335</u>
<u>ALBERTA</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>1,082</u>	<u>539,350</u>
<u>NORTHWEST TERRITORY</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>10,923</u>
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>811</u>	<u>852,145</u>
<u>MANITOBA</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>539</u>	<u>643</u>	<u>65,841</u>
<u>ONTARIO</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>579</u>	<u>164,870</u>
<u>QUEBEC</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>492</u>	<u>755,291</u>
<u>NEWFOUNDLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>114</u>	<u>35,614</u>
<u>NEW BRUNSWICK</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>202</u>	<u>206</u>
<u>NOVA SCOTIA</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>183</u>	<u>197</u>
<u>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>NATIONAL PARKS</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>5,249</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>610</u>	<u>5,063</u>	<u>2,473,773</u>

RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES

<u>AREA</u>	<u>CREW FED</u>	<u>CREW ST/OT</u>	<u>ENGS FED</u>	<u>ENGS ST/OT</u>	<u>HELI FED</u>	<u>HELI ST/OT</u>	<u>AIRT FED</u>	<u>AIRT ST/OT</u>	<u>OVRHD FED</u>	<u>OVRHD ST/OT</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>15</u>			<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>24</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>104</u>	<u>240</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>429</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>37</u>			<u>1379</u>	<u>1367</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>64</u>	<u>27</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>122</u>	<u>441</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>11</u>			<u>221</u>	<u>119</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>13</u>			<u>310</u>	<u>171</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>				
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>			<u>2</u>							
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>7</u>			<u>201</u>	<u>62</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>										
<u>SOUTHERN</u>			<u>6</u>		<u>1</u>				<u>21</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>307</u>	<u>321</u>	<u>383</u>	<u>629</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,342</u>	<u>2,204</u>

*** THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER ***