

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT
FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 2002- 0530 MDT
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 3**

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was moderate in Southwest and Southern California Areas and light elsewhere. Two new large fires were reported, one each Southern and Northwest Areas. Three large fires were contained in Southwest Area. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, Utah and Wyoming.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

COPPER, Angeles National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Raley) will assume command of the fire at 1800 PDT today. A Unified Command between a Type 2 Incident Management Team (Dietrich) and the Los Angeles County Fire Department is in place. This fire started within the city limits of Saugus, CA and is burning north and northeast in decadent chaparral. Dry fuels, low relative humidity and high winds contributed to extreme fire behavior and rapid fire growth. The communities of Green Valley and Warm Springs, and high voltage lines serving Los Angeles are threatened. Residences within the Drinkwater Canyon have been evacuated and structure protection is in place. Six residences and seven outbuildings were lost yesterday.

WOLF, Los Padres National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management team (Gelobter) is assigned. This fire is burning nine miles north of Ojai, CA in decadent chaparral, pinyon pine and juniper. Major northeast runs and long range spotting were observed in the Sespe drainage, Thorn Point area and on Pine Mountain ridge. Crews are constructing fireline along the northwest and south flanks in steep, rugged terrain. Structure protection is in place for numerous structures and improvements that are threatened in the Howard Creek, Mutau Flat, Rose Valley and Thatcher Cabin areas. The Sespe, Matilija and Dick Smith Wilderness Areas are threatened. Scenic Highway 33 has been reopened.

SUSANNA, Angeles National Forest. This previously reported fire, which began on 6/3, is burning in heavy brush 15 miles north of Azusa, CA. Very difficult terrain, spotting, underslung line and limited access are hampering containment efforts. Crews are constructing handline around slopovers.

ARROWHEAD, San Bernardino National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Conrad) is assigned. This fire is one mile north of San Bernardino, CA. Crews are mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
COPPER	CA	ANF	12,000	5	UNK	1,086	21	23	3	21	1.2M

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
WOLF	CA	LPF	10,644	15	UNK	1,670	43	12	13	6	4.0M
SUSANNA	CA	ANF	125	80	6/8	154	3	1	3	0	175K
ARROWHEAD	CA	BDF	2,688	95	6/7	201	5	1	2	7	2.8M

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Rocky Mountain Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Chesley) is assigned to manage the large fires in southeastern Colorado.

TRINIDAD COMPLEX, Colorado State Forest Service, Pueblo Dispatch Center Counties. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Wood) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Spring and Fisher fires, is eight miles south of Stonewall, CO. The fires are burning in grass, pinyon pine, juniper and ponderosa pine. Winds increased fire behavior with active flame in unburned areas and isolated torching observed. Crews are constructing direct and indirect handline and mopping up.

RIO GRANDE COMPLEX, Rio Grande National Forest. This complex consists of eight fires in Saguache, Mineral, and Rio Grande Counties. The fires are burning in grass, brush, pinyon pine, ponderosa pine and Douglas fir. Crews are patrolling and mopping up.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Bureau of Land Management, Royal Gorge Field Office. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Martin) is assigned. This fire is burning 12 miles north of Westcliffe, CO in gambel oak, juniper, pinyon pine and Douglas fir. Crews are improving fireline and hotspotting. Structure protection remains in place for improvements that are adjacent to unburned fuel.

PINYON CANYON COMPLEX, Department of Defense. This complex, comprised of ten fires, is on Fort Carson Army Base, 20 miles south of La Junta, CO. The fires are burning in pinyon pine, juniper, grass and brush. No new information was reported. This will be the last report unless new information is received.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
TRINIDAD COMPLEX	CO	PBX	25,326	60	6/10	270	7	10	0	8	437K
RIO GRANDE COMPLEX	CO	RGF	195	80	UNK	259	6	11	3	0	364K
IRON MOUNTAIN	CO	RGD	4,439	97	6/7	247	5	6	2	201	1.2M
PINYON CANYON COMPLEX	CO	DOD	3,090	60	UNK	35	4	5	2	0	85K

SOUTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

MIDDLE PONIL COMPLEX, New Mexico State Forestry Office, Cimmaron District. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Van Bruggen) is assigned. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Lohrey) has been ordered. This complex, comprised of the Office, Middle Ponil and Metcalf fires, is burning ten miles west of Cimmaron, NM in ponderosa pine. Moderate fire behavior, torching and short range spotting were observed. The town of Ute Park is threatened.

BULLOCK, Coronado National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Joki) is assigned. This fire is 15 miles northeast of Tucson, AZ, and is burning in grass, oak woodland and chaparral. Crews are patrolling and mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MIDDLE PONIL COMPLEX	NM	N2S	90,000	10	UNK	267	12	6	1	0	350K
BULLOCK	AZ	CNF	30,563	95	6/10	602	10	12	6	4	13M
TURKEY	NM	N2S	1,295	100	---	112	5	1	0	0	350K
BORREGO	NM	SNF	12,995	100	---	389	7	5	3	1	7.7M
MARTIN	AZ	AZS	175	100	---	23	1	0	0	0	80K

N2S = New Mexico State Forestry - Cimmaron District

SNF = Santa Fe National Forest

AZS = Arizona Land Department

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BIG WASH, Bureau of Land Management, Cedar City Field Office. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Broyles) will assume command of the fire today. The fire is burning 21 miles southeast of Cedar City, UT in bug killed spruce and fir. The fire has moved into Deep Creek drainage and O'Neal gulch with extreme fire behavior, long range spotting and significant runs observed. Crews are constructing fireline in steep, inaccessible terrain. Ten vacation residences and associated outbuildings north of the fire are threatened.

NIZHONI, Manti-LaSal National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Burdick) is assigned. This fire is ten miles west of Blanding, UT. The fire is burning in gambel oak, ponderosa and pinyon pine, juniper and chaparral. Aerial resources supported crews building fireline on the northeast flank. A communication site is threatened.

SANFORD, Dixie National Forest. This fire, burning in mixed conifer and aspen forest, is 20 miles east of Panguitch, UT. This will be the last report unless significant activity occurs.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BIG WASH	UT	CCD	1,200	0	6/12	234	11	2	2	0	175K
NIZHONI	UT	MLF	2,354	60	6/10	392	14	5	4	0	897K
SANFORD	UT	DIF	1,500	50	6/7	35	1	0	2	0	220K

ALASKA AREA LARGE FIRES:

VINASALE, Alaska State Division of Forestry. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Ketcher) is assigned. Burning in black spruce, taiga and hardwoods, this fire is 15 miles south of McGrath, AK. Active fire behavior was observed on the east flank, and crews are mopping up on the northeast portion of the fire.

MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY, Bureau of Land Management, Tanana Zone. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Johnson) is assigned. This fire is burning seven miles southwest of Livengood, AK in black spruce, hardwoods, brush and litter. Unfavorable weather conditions postponed a burn out operation. Crews are completing fireline construction east along the Tolavana Trail from the Elliott Highway. Structure protection for the town of Minto is in place.

WEST FORK CHENA, Alaska State Division of Forestry. This fire is burning 50 miles east of Fairbanks, AK in black spruce and hardwoods. Precipitation contributed to the low fire intensity, creeping and smoldering that were observed. Crews are mopping up and rehabilitating firelines.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
VINASALE	AK	AKS	100,000	5	UNK	230	10	1	2	0	1.9M
MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY	AK	TAD	95,626	31	UNK	377	15	2	3	0	2M
WEST FORK CHENA	AK	AKS	22,092	70	UNK	94	4	0	2	4	2.8M

SOUTHERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX, Okefenokee National Wildlife Refuge. A Unified Command between an interagency Fire Use Management Team (Cook), the Georgia Forestry Commission and the Florida Division of Forestry is in place. This lightning-caused complex, consisting of the Blackjack 02, Bay Creek and Number One Island fires, is ten miles northeast of Fargo, GA. Several days of higher humidity have decreased fire behavior. A preexisting permanent fuel break that surrounds the Refuge has been successfully utilized to hold the fire. Crews are monitoring fire activity, weather and fuel conditions.

DEAD END COMPLEX, National Forests in Florida. A Florida State Type 2 Incident Management Team (Green) is assigned. This complex, consisting of nine fires, is burning in southern rough near Olustee, FL. Six of the fires have been contained. Moderate fire behavior was observed along the flanks of the Sandhill, Dead End and Bee Pen fires. Aerial resources are aiding suppression efforts.

MARBLEYARD COMPLEX, George Washington and Jefferson National Forests. This complex, comprised of several fires, is burning three miles south of Glasgow, VA in standing dead timber, hardwoods and rhododendron. Strong winds associated with the passage of a front and little rainfall contributed to very active fire behavior, spotting and slopovers. Crews are constructing handline and burning out.

SIMMONS POND, Florida Division of Forestry. This fire is four miles north of Fort McCoy, FL. The fire is burning on Ocala Lumber Company land with swamp both to the north and south. No further information was reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
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INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX	GA	OKR	122,143	6	UNK	210	1	15	5	0	4.4M
DEAD END COMPLEX	FL	FNF	223	68	UNK	158	4	3	9	0	355K
MARBLEYARD COMPLEX	VA	VAF	144	20	6/7	115	4	2	1	0	NR
SIMMONS POND FIRE	FL	FLS	369	80	UNK	17	0	4	1	0	NR

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

KUPOKUPU, Hawaii Volcanos National Park. Lava flows from Kilauea ignited this fire on the southern edge of Hawaii in the Hawaiian Islands. Very deep duff layers are contributing to strong reburn potential, and continuously moving lava has made portions of the fire too dangerous for crews. Two UH-60 Blackhawk helicopters from the U.S. Army 25th Light Infantry Division based at Schofield Barracks on Oahu are assisting suppression efforts. Crews are improving fireline along the Kalapana Trail, and mopping up the southwest corner.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
KUPOKUPU	HI	HVP	3,660	30	6/15	183	4	0	6	0	NR

NORTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

KASKELA, Bureau of Land Management, Prineville District. This fire, burning in juniper and grass, is 13 miles south of Maupin, OR. Winds contributed to the active fire behavior that was observed during the afternoon. Personnel made good progress building fireline.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
KASKELA	OR	PRD	2,760	75	6/7	34	1	6	0	0	NR

WESTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

PARSNIP, Bureau of Land Management, Ely Field Office. This fire is 30 miles east of Panaca, NV. The fire is burning in sagebrush, pinyon pine and juniper. Flare-ups were observed on the western and southern flanks and crews are mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
PARSNIP	NV	ELD	1,200	95	6/7	149	4	7	1	1	NR

OUTLOOK:

*****A RED FLAG WARNING HAS BEEN POSTED IN NORTHWEST COLORADO FOR STRONG WINDS AND WARM, DRY CONDITIONS*****

*****A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN NORTHWEST ARIZONA FOR GUSTY SOUTHWEST WINDS, VERY LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND EXTREME FIRE DANGER*****

*****A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN SOUTHERN AND CENTRAL UTAH AND THE ARIZONA STRIP FOR STRONG WINDS, LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND A CHANCE OF DRY LIGHTNING*****

*****A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN THE SACRAMENTO VALLEY, THE SURROUNDING FOOTHILLS BELOW 2000 FEET, AND THE GREATER EAST BAY AREA COUNTIES OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FOR STRONG NORTH TO NORTHEAST WINDS*****

Southern California Area can expect mostly sunny skies with morning low clouds and fog along the coast. High temperatures will be in the 70's in coastal areas, in the 80's to mid 90's in the mountains and inland, and in the 90's to 110 in the deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 8 to 15 percent in the mountains and deserts, 15 to 30 percent inland, and above 40 percent along the coast. Winds will be northwest at 5 to 15 mph becoming southwest at 12 to 25 mph in the afternoon.

An upper level trough moving east into Rocky Mountain Area will bring mostly sunny skies with a chance of isolated dry thunderstorms to southern Wyoming and northern Colorado. High temperatures will be 75 to 85 in the mountains and upper 80's to mid 90's at lower elevations in Colorado. Minimum relative humidity will range from 8 to 20 percent in the south. Winds will be westerly, gusting to 40 mph at higher elevations in southern Wyoming and western Colorado.

High pressure will bring mostly sunny to partly cloudy skies to Southwest Area with isolated, mainly dry thunderstorms across the mountains of eastern Arizona, southern New Mexico and southwest Texas. High temperatures will be in the 80's to near 110 in Arizona and mid 70's to mid 90's in New Mexico. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 15 percent in Arizona and western New Mexico, and 15 to 25 percent elsewhere. Winds will be southwest at 10 to 25 mph with strong gusts in northwest Arizona.

Eastern Great Basin Area can expect mostly sunny skies in the south and partly cloudy skies in the north. High temperatures will be 90 to 105 in southern Utah and 65 to 90 in northern Utah and southern Idaho. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 20 percent. Winds will be

northwest to west at 15 to 25 mph in Idaho and southwest at 20 to 30 mph with gusts to 40 mph elsewhere.



An unstable airmass over Alaska Area will bring partly cloudy skies with scattered showers and isolated wet thunderstorms to the southern and eastern interior. The northwest interior can expect mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be upper 60's and 70's. Minimum relative humidity will be above 20 percent in the drier areas of the interior and winds will be variable at 10 to 15 mph.

A slow moving cold front will stall over Florida, bringing isolated rain showers and thunderstorms to Southern Area. High temperatures will be in the 80's and 90's and minimum relative humidity will be above 45 percent. Winds will be variable at 5 to 20 mph.

www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index_j.asp

BUILDING FIRELINE DOWNHILL WITH FIRE BELOW

As a general rule, construct line moving uphill. Many firefighters have lost their lives attacking wildland fires from above. If there is no practical alternative to constructing line downhill, proceed only after weighing the following considerations:

Has the area been scouted for fire perimeter and behavior? Discuss what you need to know about the fire perimeter and fire behavior before building fireline downhill with fire below.

Will wind direction be at your back? Will it stay at your back? Talk about how winds can change when you are on a slope (e.g., time of day, upslope and downslope breezes, etc.).

Is the area free of chimneys and gullies? How would you negotiate your line location if there were chimneys and gullies below where you needed to be working?

Are there adequate safety zones and escape routes as you progress downhill? How do you maintain adequate safety zones and escape routes as you progress downhill?

Can you carry your burn out downhill as you go to provide an anchor point and safety zones? Discuss how you decide when to carry the burn out with you or wait until you have tied in down below.

Have lookouts been posted? What do the lookouts need to be on the watch for?

Do you have good communications, especially with lookouts and crews working toward you? What are some of the dangers of not communicating with lookouts and crews working toward you? What are the benefits of maintaining good communications?

Can the line be completed and burned out before the fire reaches the line? Discuss how this would affect where you locate the line.

Do you have adequate resources to complete the assignment? What additional resources might you need to safely take on an assignment that includes building fireline downhill with fire below?

Is aerial support available if needed? What benefits can aerial resources provide? What might be an added danger from aerial resources in this type of situation? (Common Denominators)

	<u>Has everyone been briefed on the assignment, fire behavior, weather, communications, escape routes and safety zones, hazards and tactics? Discuss who might provide this briefing and where and when it might occur.</u>
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To reduce the risks:

 If the answer is “no” to any of these questions, consider other tactics and provide for safety first.

 Never compromise escape routes to safety zones for the sake of building line. Remind everyone that a situation check is each and every firefighter’s right and responsibility.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>3</u>			<u>5</u>		<u>8</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>462</u>			<u>57</u>		<u>519</u>
NORTHWEST	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>1</u>					<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>2,765</u>					<u>2,765</u>
CA-NORTH	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>17</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>21</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>13</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>15</u>
CA-SOUTH	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>12</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>15</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>7</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>32</u>
NORTHERN	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>3</u>				<u>2</u>		<u>5</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>46</u>				<u>1</u>		<u>47</u>
GB-EAST	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>1,000</u>			<u>0</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>1,145</u>
GB-WEST	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>1</u>					<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>4</u>					<u>4</u>
SOUTHWEST	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>2</u>				<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7</u>				<u>30,011</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>30,023</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>7</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>25</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>121</u>
EASTERN	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>10</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>11</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>22</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>23</u>
SOUTHERN	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>87</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>88</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>993</u>	<u>147</u>	<u>1,140</u>
TOTAL	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>167</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>4,231</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>31,129</u>	<u>421</u>	<u>35,834</u>

Some data reflects activity for the last 7 days for those units that are on a weekly reporting schedule.

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>261</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>281</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>567</u>	<u>1,413</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>410,842</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>412,843</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>73</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>165</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>3,084</u>	<u>300</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>271</u>	<u>3,757</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>27</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>529</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>647</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>24</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>3,660</u>	<u>1,299</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>5,024</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>995</u>	<u>206</u>	<u>1,263</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>368</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>9,096</u>	<u>7,899</u>	<u>17,413</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>615</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>18</u>		<u>116</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>811</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>6,003</u>	<u>289</u>	<u>1,763</u>		<u>20,285</u>	<u>1,148</u>	<u>29,488</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>72</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>209</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>2,941</u>		<u>9</u>	<u>474</u>	<u>6,076</u>	<u>9,597</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>112</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>312</u>	<u>3,642</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>280</u>	<u>4,271</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>589</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>648</u>	<u>468</u>	<u>1,853</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>12,220</u>	<u>7,080</u>	<u>5,145</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>47,876</u>	<u>146,232</u>	<u>218,673</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>591</u>	<u>132</u>	<u>837</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>483</u>	<u>310</u>	<u>509</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>88,575</u>	<u>15,112</u>	<u>105,502</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>762</u>		<u>18</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>6,138</u>	<u>287</u>	<u>7,221</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>31,956</u>		<u>1,177</u>	<u>465</u>	<u>40,782</u>	<u>3,161</u>	<u>77,541</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>89</u>		<u>173</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>18,187</u>	<u>655</u>	<u>19,142</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>16,935</u>		<u>132,978</u>	<u>4,773</u>	<u>212,560</u>	<u>19,088</u>	<u>386,334</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>2,182</u>	<u>348</u>	<u>243</u>	<u>114</u>	<u>27,628</u>	<u>2,026</u>	<u>32,541</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>68,082</u>	<u>18,281</u>	<u>143,308</u>	<u>9,554</u>	<u>831,897</u>	<u>199,321</u>	<u>1,270,443</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE FIRES</u>								<u>37,490</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE ACRES</u>								<u>744,494</u>

Reduction in some agency YTD acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>					<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>31</u>					<u>142</u>	<u>173</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>6</u>		<u>6</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>142</u>	<u>179</u>

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>			<u>475</u>				<u>475</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>99</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>294</u>	<u>436</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>3,500</u>	<u>8,705</u>	<u>1,925</u>	<u>197</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>38,899</u>	<u>53,518</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>121</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>487</u>	<u>19,892</u>	<u>231</u>		<u>9,746</u>	<u>30,519</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>97</u>	<u>108</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>42</u>		<u>17,226</u>	<u>17,648</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>11</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>129</u>	<u>239</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>1,765</u>	<u>13,922</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>402</u>	<u>14,579</u>	<u>30,776</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>56</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1,059</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>2,422</u>	<u>199</u>	<u>15,160</u>	<u>19,292</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>171</u>	<u>171</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>115</u>	<u>142</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>12,910</u>	<u>4,722</u>			<u>12,566</u>	<u>30,288</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>151</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>10,935</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,170</u>	<u>13,467</u>	<u>32,407</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>21</u>		<u>257</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>492</u>	<u>139</u>	<u>916</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>8,709</u>		<u>46,984</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>62,093</u>	<u>20,196</u>	<u>138,412</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>59</u>		<u>228</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>859</u>	<u>1,284</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>10,951</u>		<u>109,229</u>	<u>70,338</u>	<u>35,229</u>	<u>691,012</u>	<u>916,759</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>692</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>608</u>	<u>1,772</u>	<u>3,458</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>24,006</u>	<u>27,979</u>	<u>208,815</u>	<u>76,058</u>	<u>100,385</u>	<u>833,022</u>	<u>1,270,265</u>

Reduction in some agency YTD acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.

WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>60</u>			<u>60</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>62</u>

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

<u>PROVINCES</u>	<u>FIRES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>HECTARES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	<u>HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>
<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>334</u>	<u>1,920</u>
<u>YUKON TERRITORY</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>26</u>
<u>ALBERTA</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>757</u>	<u>377</u>	<u>273,327</u>
<u>NORTHWEST TERRITORY</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>47</u>
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>6,020</u>	<u>390</u>	<u>123,029</u>
<u>MANITOBA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>322</u>	<u>13,040</u>
<u>ONTARIO</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>1,989</u>
<u>QUEBEC</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>474</u>
<u>NEWFOUNDLAND</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>NEW BRUNSWICK</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>192</u>
<u>NOVA SCOTIA</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>121</u>	<u>160</u>
<u>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>NATIONAL PARKS</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>237</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>6,871</u>	<u>2,087</u>	<u>414,486</u>

RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES:

<u>AREA</u>	<u>CREW FED</u>	<u>CREW ST/OT</u>	<u>ENGS FED</u>	<u>ENGS ST/OT</u>	<u>HELI FED</u>	<u>HELI ST/OT</u>	<u>AIRT FED</u>	<u>AIRT ST/OT</u>	<u>OVRHD FED</u>	<u>OVRHD ST/OT</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>			<u>90</u>	<u>116</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>21</u>						<u>10</u>	
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>5</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>			<u>38</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>121</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>153</u>	<u>311</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>6</u>			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>4</u>			<u>79</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>12</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>7</u>			<u>359</u>	<u>237</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>			<u>138</u>	<u>112</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>9</u>				<u>1</u>				<u>8</u>	
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>13</u>		<u>10</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>			<u>116</u>	<u>69</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>158</u>	<u>283</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,003</u>	<u>873</u>

***** THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER *****