

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT
MONDAY, JUNE 10, 2002 0530 MDT
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 4**

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was heavy in Northern California Area, moderate in Rocky Mountain Area, and light elsewhere. Eleven new large fires were reported, four in Northern California Area, three in Rocky Mountain Area, two in Southern California and one each in Southern and Eastern Great Basin Areas. Two large fires were contained in Northern California Area. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, and Utah.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Rocky Mountain Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Chesley) is assigned to manage large fires in southeast Colorado.

COAL SEAM, Grand Junction Dispatch Center Area Counties. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Hart) is assigned. Burning in heavy oakbrush, this fire is four miles west of Glenwood Springs, CO. Extreme fire behavior was observed. Burnout operations around Glenwood Springs city water tower were successful. Resources are working to stop the fire from moving into Glenwood Springs. Western and southern Glenwood Springs are evacuated; 400 structures are threatened. Twenty-three residences and several structures are confirmed lost.

HAYMAN, Pike-San Isabel National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Martin) has been ordered. This fire is burning six miles northwest of Lake George, CO in ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest. High rates of spread to the north and east with extreme fire behavior were observed. Several camps, ranches, recreation areas and towns are being evacuated with 3,700 residences threatened. Twenty commercial structures and one outbuilding were lost.

LONG CANYON, Bureau of Land Management, Grand Junction District. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Hartman) has been ordered to assume command of Long Canyon and Dierich Creek incidents. This fire is burning in brush, pinyon pine and juniper 20 miles northwest of Grand Junction, CO. Very active fire behavior with crowning was observed. Extremely rough terrain, inaccessibility, high winds and low relative humidity are impeding suppression efforts.

DIERICH CREEK, Bureau of Land Management, Grand Junction District. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Hartman) will assume command at 0900 MDT. This fire is burning in sagebrush, juniper and pinyon pine southwest of Glade Park, CO. Extreme fire behavior with crowning was observed. Steep terrain and high winds are hampering suppression efforts. A mandatory evacuation of 200 residences has been ordered.

MISSIONARY RIDGE, San Juan National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Solarz) has been ordered. This fire is ten miles north of Durango, CO. The fire is burning in oakbrush, ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest. Sustained crowning and torching with spotting 1/4 mile ahead of the front were observed. Aerial resources are assisting suppression efforts. Nine residences have been evacuated. One historic cabin was lost.

TRINIDAD COMPLEX, Colorado State Forest Service, Pueblo Dispatch Center Counties. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Swope) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Spring and Fisher fires, is eight miles south of Stonewall, CO. The fires are burning in grass, pinyon pine, juniper and ponderosa pine. A large spot fire spread rapidly due to high winds. Burnout operations are complete.

LYTLE, Department of Defense. This fire is 12 miles south of Colorado Springs, CO on the Fort Carson Military Reservation. The fire is burning in pinyon pine, juniper and oakbrush. Fire behavior was limited to single tree torching and spotting. Burnout operations have been completed.

BANTY, Bureau of Land Management, Craig District. This fire is burning in bush and cottonwoods ten miles southwest of Rangely, CO. High winds are contributing to a high rate of spread. County road closures and evacuations are in progress. Eighteen structures are threatened.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
COAL SEAM	CO	GJX	7,500	0	UNK	177	0	29	1	38	NR
HAYMAN	CO	PSF	19,700	10	UNK	269	10	6	0	21	79K
LONG CANYON	CO	GJD	1,100	0	UNK	7	0	1	0	0	NR
DIERICH CREEK	CO	GJD	300	0	UNK	47	0	9	0	0	NR
MISSIONARY RIDGE	CO	SJF	6,500	0	UNK	95	4	0	2	1	NR
TRINIDAD COMPLEX	CO	PBX	28,926	87	6/10	310	9	10	2	8	1.0M
LYTLE	CO	DOD	2,682	20	UNK	70	1	12	2	0	35K
BANTY	CO	CRD	250	0	UNK	27	0	9	0	0	NR

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

WOLF, Los Padres National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management team (Gelobter) is assigned. This fire is burning ten miles north of Ojai, CA in decadent chaparral, pinyon pine and juniper. Spotting and isolated torching on the north flank were observed. The fire spread to the north and northeast. Crews are constructing fireline on the north, southeast and south flanks. High winds and low relative humidity are hampering containment efforts. Structure protection is in place for numerous structures and improvements that are threatened in the Howard Creek, Mutau Flats and Rose Valley areas. Matilija Canyon Road remains closed to non local traffic. The Sespe, Matilija and Dick Smith Wilderness Areas are threatened.

COPPER, Angeles National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Dietrich) is assigned. This fire started within the city limits of Saugus, CA and is burning north and northeast in decadent

chaparral. Crews made good progress on the north and east flanks. The threat to the communities of Lake Hughes, Lake Elizabeth and Leona Valley, and high voltage power lines serving the Los Angeles basin has been greatly reduced. Structure protection is in place.

DAVIS, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, San Luis Obispo Unit. This fire is burning in grass six miles east of Shandon, CA. High winds are hampering containment efforts.

WK HILL/33, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Fresno-Kings Unit. Burning in annual and perennial grasses, this fire is near Coalinga, CA. An old oilfield with numerous pipes and construction equipment is in the fire's vicinity. Crews are completing line construction and mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
WOLF	CA	LPF	21,278	55	UNK	1,547	40	8	18	6	10.0M
COPPER	CA	ANF	23,500	80	6/10	1,287	28	16	3	26	6.0M
DAVIS	CA	SLU	750	0	UNK	93	2	9	1	0	NR
WK HILL/33	CA	FKU	400	70	6/10	77	2	11	0	0	15K

SOUTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

CHERRY, El Malpais National Park. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Gardner) is assigned. This fire, burning in grass and ponderosa pine, is 26 miles southwest of Grants, NM. High winds contributed to extreme fire behavior. Crews are burning out on the north, south and east flanks. A voluntary evacuation has been recommended for the El Calderon area and the Frank Lloyd Wright House. An evacuation plan and structure protection is in place for several residences.

PONIL, New Mexico State Forestry Office, Cimmaron District. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Lohrey) is assigned. This fire was previously reported as the Ponil Complex consisting of the Office, Middle Ponil, Turkey and Metcalf fires. The Turkey fire has been contained and the other fires are now being reported as one combined incident. The fire is burning ten miles west of Cimmaron, NM in ponderosa pine. A wind event spread the fire to the north and northeast. Crews are constructing fireline on the east and west flanks. The town of Ute Park, Philmont Boy Scout Camp, Vermego Park Complex, power lines, numerous gas wells and several historic structures are threatened.

BULLOCK, Coronado National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Joki) is assigned. This fire is 15 miles northeast of Tucson, AZ, and is burning in grass, oak woodland and chaparral. No active fire behavior was observed. Crews are patrolling, mopping up and rehabilitating fireline.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
CHERRY	NM	EMP	8,300	10	6/13	266	8	8	0	0	616K
PONIL	NM	N2S	85,000	10	UNK	997	42	22	11	0	2.1M
BULLOCK	AZ	CNF	30,563	95	6/10	283	4	10	3	4	14.1M

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BIG WASH, Bureau of Land Management, Cedar City Field Office. A transition from Broyles Type 2 Incident Management Team to Hefner's Type 1 Incident Management Team will occur today. The fire is burning 21 miles southeast of Cedar City, UT in bug killed spruce and fir. Crowning, torching and spotting up to 1/4 mile ahead of the front were observed. Steep, rugged terrain, high winds, dry fuels and limited access are hampering containment efforts. Crews are constructing direct attack handline and dozers are constructing a contingency line on the northeast flank. Numerous structures on the ridge above Deep Creek have been evacuated and structure protection is in place.

FERRON MOUNTAIN, Manti-La Sal National Forest. This fire is burning in brush, pinyon pine and juniper two miles southwest of Ferron, UT. Isolated torching was observed. Very windy conditions are hampering containment efforts. Crews are constructing handline. Winter range habitat and a municipal watershed are threatened.

SANFORD, Dixie National Forest. This previously reported fire is 20 miles northeast of Panguitch, UT. The fire is burning in aspen, pinyon pine, juniper and mixed conifer forest. Rough terrain, limited access and wind are hampering containment efforts. Personnel are working to hold the northeast flank. The Sanford Ranch is threatened.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BIG WASH	UT	CCD	1,800	15	6/15	477	15	8	4	0	1.0M
FERRON MOUNTAIN	UT	MLF	500	5	6/13	43	1	0	2	0	85K
SANFORD	UT	DIF	5,000	10	7/7	40	1	3	2	0	250K

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

FORKS, Klamath National Forest. This fire is three miles down stream from Forks of the Salmon, CA. The fire is burning in continuous hardwood and mixed conifer forest. Steep terrain is contributing to rapid fire growth. Limited access is hampering containment efforts.

FIELD, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Nevada-Yuba-Placer Unit. This fire is west of Smartville, CA and is burning in grass and oak woodlands. Active fire behavior was observed. Crews are burning out.

PONY, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Amador-El Dorado Unit. This fire is burning in thick brush and oak woodlands south of Rancho Murietta, CA. Extreme fire behavior was observed with spotting up to two miles ahead of the front. Crews are constructing direct attack fireline. Evacuation of several residences was completed. Ten residences are threatened and structure protection is in place.

KUPUKUPU, Hawaii Volcanos National Park. Lava flows from Kilauea ignited this fire on the southern edge of Hawaii in the Hawaiian Islands. Very deep duff layers are contributing to strong reburn potential, and continuously moving lava has made portions of the fire too dangerous for crews. Two UH-60 Blackhawk helicopters from the U.S. Army 25th Light Infantry Division based at Schofield Barracks on Oahu are assisting suppression efforts. Aerial resources are being utilized

to hold the fire on the north flank, protecting native Hawaiian rainforest. Crews completed handline on the fire's south flank and are mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
FORKS	CA	KNF	100	0	6/13	128	6	6	2	0	NR
FIELD	CA	NEU	600	50	6/10	177	6	9	2	0	NR
PONY	CA	AEU	200	75	6/10	199	4	8	1	0	NR
KUPUKUPU	HI	HVP	3,660	60	UNK	176	5	0	5	0	960K
SKYWAY	CA	BTU	1,000	100	---	320	0	23	0	0	NR
COLGATE	CA	NEU	200	100	---	135	5	6	0	0	NR

BTU = California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Butte Unit.

ALASKA AREA LARGE FIRES:

VINASALE, Alaska State Division of Forestry. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Ketcher) is assigned. Burning in black spruce, taiga and hardwoods, this fire is 15 miles south of McGrath, AK. Low relative humidity and winds increased fire activity. Crews are mopping up along the east flank.

MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY, Bureau of Land Management, Tanana Zone. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Johnson) is assigned. This fire is burning seven miles southwest of Livengood, AK in black spruce, hardwoods, brush and litter. Smouldering and creeping were observed. Crews are mopping up.

WEST FORK CHENA, Alaska State Division of Forestry. This fire is burning 50 miles east of Fairbanks, AK in black spruce and hardwoods. This fire is now in monitor status.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
VINASALE	AK	AKS	92,000	5	UNK	155	3	1	2	0	2.7M
MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY	AK	TAD	97,126	35	UNK	287	10	2	5	0	2.9M
WEST FORK CHENA	AK	AKS	22,092	70	UNK	0	0	0	0	4	3.6M

SOUTHERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

MARBLEYARD COMPLEX, George Washington and Jefferson National Forests. This complex, comprised of several fires, is burning three miles south of Glasgow, VA in standing dead timber, hardwoods and rhododendron. Decreasing relative humidity and increasing temperatures significantly increased fire activity. Personnel are burning out and constructing fireline. Several structures are threatened on the Chicken Fire.

DEAD END COMPLEX, National Forests in Florida. A Florida State Type 2 Incident Management Team (Greene) is assigned. This complex, consisting of nine fires, is burning in southern rough near Olustee, FL. Smoldering and creeping were observed on the Sandhill and Lost fires. Crews are patrolling and mopping up.

DEIKE, Texas State Forest Service. This fire is 70 miles northwest of San Antonio and is burning in juniper and oak. Torching and spotting up to 1/4 mile ahead of the front were observed. Personnel are patrolling and mopping up.

BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX, Okefenokee National Wildlife Refuge. A Unified Command between an interagency Fire Use Management Team (Cook), the Georgia Forestry Commission and the Florida Division of Forestry is in place. This lightning-caused complex, consisting of the Blackjack 02, Bay Creek and Number One Island fires, is ten miles northeast of Fargo, GA. Precipitation and high relative humidity have limited fire spread. A preexisting permanent fuel break that surrounds the Refuge is being successfully utilized to hold the fire. Personnel are monitoring and improving fireline.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MARBLEYARD COMPLEX	VA	VAF	359	40	6/11	160	NR	3	1	0	NR
DEAD END COMPLEX	FL	FNF	168	84	UNK	154	4	9	1	0	770K
DEIKE	TX	TXS	125	70	UNK	19	0	5	0	0	NR
BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX	GA	OKR	124,492	6	UNK	167	1	10	3	0	4.9M

OUTLOOK:

*****A RED FLAG WARNING HAS BEEN POSTED IN COLORADO FOR STRONG WINDS, VERY WARM TEMPERATURES, LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND HIGH HAINES INDICES*****

*****A RED FLAG WARNING HAS BEEN POSTED IN NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FOR THE NORTHERN SACRAMENTO VALLEY AND WEST TO THE COAST RANGE FOR STRONG NORTH TO NORTHEAST WINDS AND LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY FOR AREAS BELOW 2000 FEET*****

*****A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN NORTHERN NEW MEXICO FOR GUSTY AFTERNOON WINDS, LOW MINIMUM RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND EXTREME FIRE DANGER*****

Rocky Mountain Area can expect sunny skies with a chance of showers to the north. High temperatures in northern Colorado will be in the lower 70's to lower 80's across lower elevations and in the 60's in the mountains. Southern Colorado's high temperatures will be in the 70's in the mountains and low 80's to low 90's in the valleys. Minimum relative humidity in Colorado will range from 10 to 23 percent and winds will be from the west at 20 to 35 mph with higher gusts.

Southern California Area can expect mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 60's in coastal areas, in the 70's to mid 80's in the mountains and inland, 85 to 90 across the high deserts, and 90's to 107 over the low deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 20 percent in the deserts, 25 to 40 percent in the valleys and mountains, and 40 to 55 percent near the coast. Winds will be northeast to southeast at 15 to 25 mph over higher elevations and onshore at 7 to 15 mph along the coast.

High pressure developing over Southwest Area will bring mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be from the 70's in the mountains to the upper 90's at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 15 percent across Arizona and New Mexico. Winds will be from the southwest at 10 to 15 mph but 15 to 25 mph with higher gusts in the watch area.

Eastern Great Basin Area can expect partly cloudy skies with a chance of showers in the north, and mostly sunny skies in the south. High temperatures will be 70 to 90 in southern Utah and 55 to 75 in southern Idaho and northern Utah. Minimum relative humidity will range from 9 to 25 percent in the south and 17 to 30 percent in the north. Winds will be southwest to northwest at 10 to 20 mph.

Northern California Area can expect partly sunny skies with a chance of showers to the north. High temperatures will be in the mid 70's and minimum relative humidity will range from 14 to 22 percent in the drier inland areas. Winds will be north to northwest at 15 to 30 mph with gusts to 45 mph along the coast and in the Sacramento Valley. Northeast winds at 15 to 30 mph are forecast for the Bay Area.

Alaska Area will be mostly cloudy with scattered showers south of the Alaska Range and isolated showers to the north. High temperatures will be in the 60's and 70's. Minimum relative humidity will be in the mid teens to the 20 percent range in the drier areas of the interior. Winds will be south at 15 mph from the Alaska Range southward and variable at 10 mph elsewhere.

High pressure will bring mostly sunny skies to Southern Area with scattered afternoon thunderstorms in the west. High temperatures will be in the 80's to lower 90's. Minimum relative



humidity will range from 35 to 65 percent and winds will be east to southeast at 5 to 15 mph.

www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index_j.asp

EXTREME FIRE BEHAVIOR (continued)

Extreme fire behavior has always been present in cases of shelter deployment. It is critical for firefighters to maintain situational awareness of live and dead fuel moisture conditions as well as predicted and current weather conditions. As fire behavior changes, it is critical to act decisively to the changing situation. Discuss how the following factors can contribute or lead to extreme fire behavior:

- Frost Kill: Has there been a late or unusually extensive freeze? Is the loading of frost-killed fuels high?
- Drought Conditions: Live Fuel Moisture Index, KBDI, Soil Moisture Index, low humidity, high temperatures
- Slope: Increases fire spread uphill, preheats fuels by convection, may channel winds
- Sea Breeze/Foehn: Wind direction may vary throughout the day, humidity changes may occur, strong wind velocities may drive fire behavior to extremes.

To aid situational awareness, track NFDRS live and dead fuel moisture outputs. Take hourly weather observations and track the hourly changes. By tracking fuel moisture and weather observations and using “Table 74: Fire Severity Related to Fuel Moisture Chart,” firefighters can be alerted to those conditions that can lead to situations where there is a high potential for extreme fire behavior.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>2</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>			<u>2</u>		<u>5,700</u>		<u>5,702</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>4</u>		<u>4</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>2</u>		<u>2</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>				<u>30</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>34</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>3</u>				<u>257</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>430</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>22</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>34</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>401</u>	<u>483</u>	<u>888</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>4,477</u>	<u>4,477</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>2</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>4</u>		<u>2,100</u>	<u>13,003</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>15,108</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>13</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>800</u>			<u>8,043</u>	<u>26,095</u>	<u>34,938</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>8</u>		<u>8</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>34</u>		<u>34</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>58</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>59</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>112</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>807</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>27,498</u>	<u>31,227</u>	<u>61,638</u>

Some data reflects activity for the last 7 days for those units that are on a weekly reporting schedule.

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>270</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>294</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1,590</u>	<u>1,416</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>423,705</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>426,732</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>78</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>173</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>3,084</u>	<u>300</u>		<u>88</u>	<u>271</u>	<u>3,760</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>29</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>579</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>726</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>29</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>3,660</u>	<u>1,684</u>	<u>116</u>	<u>5,489</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1,044</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>1,325</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>371</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>9,529</u>	<u>7,901</u>	<u>17,852</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>627</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>149</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>862</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>6,431</u>	<u>289</u>	<u>2,108</u>		<u>20,905</u>	<u>1,159</u>	<u>30,892</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>78</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>218</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>3,064</u>		<u>9</u>	<u>475</u>	<u>6,558</u>	<u>10,203</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>114</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>312</u>	<u>3,647</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>280</u>	<u>4,278</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>635</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>665</u>	<u>489</u>	<u>1,941</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>12,233</u>	<u>7,084</u>	<u>5,145</u>	<u>6,320</u>	<u>62,242</u>	<u>150,787</u>	<u>243,811</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>610</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>887</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>483</u>	<u>1,411</u>	<u>529</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>92,248</u>	<u>15,852</u>	<u>111,036</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>762</u>		<u>18</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>6,519</u>	<u>287</u>	<u>7,602</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>31,956</u>		<u>1,177</u>	<u>465</u>	<u>41,454</u>	<u>3,144</u>	<u>78,196</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>89</u>		<u>173</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>18,241</u>	<u>661</u>	<u>19,202</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>16,935</u>		<u>135,327</u>	<u>4,773</u>	<u>212,903</u>	<u>19,176</u>	<u>389,114</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>2,248</u>	<u>369</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>28,246</u>	<u>2,111</u>	<u>33,344</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>68,529</u>	<u>20,540</u>	<u>146,025</u>	<u>15,756</u>	<u>865,256</u>	<u>205,257</u>	<u>1,321,363</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE FIRES</u>								<u>38,561</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVERAGE ACRES</u>								<u>763,405</u>

Reduction in some agency YTD acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>335</u>	<u>335</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>335</u>	<u>335</u>

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>			<u>475</u>				<u>475</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>444</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>3,500</u>	<u>9,216</u>	<u>1,925</u>	<u>197</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>39,057</u>	<u>54,187</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>121</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>487</u>	<u>19,892</u>	<u>231</u>		<u>9,934</u>	<u>30,707</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>97</u>	<u>108</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>42</u>		<u>17,226</u>	<u>17,648</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>11</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>154</u>	<u>283</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>1,765</u>	<u>15,576</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>2,053</u>	<u>16,530</u>	<u>36,032</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>56</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1,059</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>2,422</u>	<u>199</u>	<u>15,160</u>	<u>19,292</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>171</u>	<u>171</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>115</u>	<u>142</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>12,910</u>	<u>4,722</u>			<u>12,566</u>	<u>30,288</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>193</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>15,352</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,170</u>	<u>13,467</u>	<u>36,824</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>21</u>		<u>257</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>492</u>	<u>139</u>	<u>916</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>8,709</u>		<u>46,984</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>62,093</u>	<u>20,196</u>	<u>138,412</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>59</u>		<u>228</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>860</u>	<u>1,289</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>10,951</u>		<u>109,229</u>	<u>72,731</u>	<u>35,229</u>	<u>691,112</u>	<u>919,252</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>744</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>617</u>	<u>1,805</u>	<u>3,557</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>24,006</u>	<u>28,490</u>	<u>214,886</u>	<u>78,451</u>	<u>102,036</u>	<u>835,419</u>	<u>1,283,288</u>

Reduction in some agency YTD acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.

WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

<u>PROVINCES</u>	<u>FIRES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>HECTARES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	<u>HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>
<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>334</u>	<u>1,923</u>
<u>YUKON TERRITORY</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>ALBERTA</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>614</u>	<u>398</u>	<u>295,555</u>
<u>NORTHWEST TERRITORY</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>57</u>
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>392</u>	<u>129,299</u>
<u>MANITOBA</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>329</u>	<u>13,161</u>
<u>ONTARIO</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>161</u>	<u>3,492</u>
<u>QUEBEC</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>188</u>	<u>475</u>
<u>NEWFOUNDLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>NEW BRUNSWICK</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>192</u>
<u>NOVA SCOTIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>177</u>
<u>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>NATIONAL PARKS</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>237</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>739</u>	<u>2,158</u>	<u>444,641</u>

RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES:

<u>AREA</u>	<u>CREW FED</u>	<u>CREW ST/OT</u>	<u>ENGS FED</u>	<u>ENGS ST/OT</u>	<u>HELI FED</u>	<u>HELI ST/OT</u>	<u>AIRT FED</u>	<u>AIRT ST/OT</u>	<u>OVRHD FED</u>	<u>OVRHD ST/OT</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>84</u>	<u>100</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>			<u>3</u>	
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>7</u>			<u>35</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>176</u>	<u>325</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>										
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>			<u>116</u>	<u>18</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>5</u>							
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>185</u>	<u>96</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>100</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>									<u>3</u>	
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>15</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>110</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>168</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>359</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>797</u>	<u>754</u>

*** THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER ***