

INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT
SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 2005 0800 MDT
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 3

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was light nationally with 175 fires reported. Three new large fires were reported, one each in the Northern Rockies, Southwest and Southern Areas. Four large fires were contained, two in the Southern Area and one each in the Eastern Great Basin and Northwest Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah and Washington.

NORTHERN ROCKIES AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

I 90, Lolo National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Sandman) is assigned. This fire is one mile south of Alberton, MT and includes the Tarkio, West Mountain and Fish fires. Private residences, commercial properties and utility corridors are threatened. Structure protection is in place. Steep, rugged terrain is impeding containment efforts. Ground fire with isolated torching and short crown runs was observed. Interstate 90 and all accesses along the Clark Fork River from Petty Creek to Tarkio remain closed.

ROCKIN COMPLEX, Bitterroot National Forest. This complex, comprised of four fires, is 10 miles northwest of Darby, MT in timber. An area closure is in effect for the Rock Creek trailhead and the west end of Lake Como. Narrow canyons, steep, rocky terrain and adverse weather conditions continue to hamper containment efforts. Extreme fire behavior with torching and crowning was reported.

LONG BLACK COMPLEX, Clearwater National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Carlson) is assigned. This incident is 38 miles northeast of Pierce, ID in timber. Steep terrain and limited access are hindering containment efforts. Torching, smoldering and spotting were reported.

FROG POND, Beaverhead/Deerlodge National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Larsen) is assigned. This fire is 25 miles southwest of Phillipsburg, MT in timber. Scattered smokes were reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
I-90	MT	LNF	7,000	10	UNK	216	4	16	1	2	NR	FS
ROCKIN COMPLEX	MT	BRF	1,400	0	UNK	44	0	0	5	0	500K	FS
LONG BLACK COMPLEX	ID	CWF	130	10	UNK	196	6	3	3	0	75K	FS
FROG POND	MT	BDF	300	95	8/6	205	4	2	1	0	1.8M	FS

NORTHWEST AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

DIRTY FACE, Washington State Department of Natural Resources - Southeast. A Washington Interagency Incident Management Team (Furlong/Gormley) is assigned. This fire is 25 miles northwest of Leavenworth, WA in timber. Steep, inaccessible terrain continues to hinder containment efforts. An evacuation notice is in effect for nearby residences. Structure protection is in place. Private residences, historic sites, a state park and endangered species habitat remain threatened. Fire behavior included short upslope runs, occasional torching and backing downslope.

LICK CREEK, Washington State Department of Natural Resources Southeast. A Washington Interagency Incident Management Team (Berndt/LaFave) is assigned. This fire is six miles north of Cle Elum, WA in logging slash, brush understory, timber and grass. An evacuation notice for the North Fork of the Teanaway river is in effect. Private structures and wildlife habitat are threatened. Active fire with some torching and crowning was observed.

BLOSSOM COMPLEX, Siskiyou National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Paul) is assigned. A unified command has been established between the U.S. Forest Service and the Oregon Department of Forestry. This complex, comprised of the Blossom and Solitude fires, is 25 miles northeast of Gold Beach, OR in timber. A road closure order remains in effect. Private structures along the Rogue River are threatened. Inaccessible terrain continues to hamper containment efforts. Fire continued to be active with torching, downhill backing and rolling debris.

MULE PEAK, Wallowa-Whitman National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (West) is assigned. This fire is 20 miles southeast of La Grande, OR in timber and grass. Mule Peak Lookout, outbuildings and endangered species habitat remain threatened. Steep terrain and heavy subalpine fuels continue to impede containment efforts. Short runs with short range spotting and isolated torching were reported.

SHADY, North Cascades National Park. This fire is three miles northwest of Stehekin, WA in timber, brush and grass. Minimal fire behavior was observed. No further information was reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
DIRTY FACE	WA	SES	1,060	35	8/10	648	15	24	7	1	3.4M	ST
LICK CREEK	WA	SES	400	NR	UNK	207	6	4	5	0	NR	ST
BLOSSOM COMPLEX	OR	SIF	1,935	25	8/22	654	21	3	10	0	6.9M	FS
MULE PEAK	OR	WWF	1,140	20	UNK	584	18	13	5	0	2.9M	FS
SHADY	WA	NCP	109	95	8/8	115	4	0	3	0	NR	NPS
CAMAS CREEK	OR	ORS	180	100	---	251	11	3	2	0	NR	ST

ORS - Oregon Department of Forestry

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

SHEEP CREEK, Ashley National Forest. A transfer of command from a Fire Use Management Team (Clark) back to the local unit will occur today. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) incident is 20 miles southwest of Manila, UT in timber litter and lodgepole pine. The fire is

being managed to accomplish resource objectives. Isolated smokes were observed. This will be the last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

DAMMERON COMPLEX, Cedar City Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This complex, comprised of the Dammeron, Mill Creek, Yant and Stahlie fires, is five miles north of St. George, UT in mixed conifer, pinyon, juniper and grass. The fire will be monitored by air resources. No further information was received.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
SHEEP CREEK - WFU	UT	ASF	3,322	N/A	N/A	33	0	1	0	0	240K	FS
DAMMERON COMPLEX	UT	CCD	18,537	95	9/1	12	0	0	1	5	NR	BLM
SNAKE ONE	ID	PAF	25,280	100	---	332	7	8	2	0	3.6M	FS

PAF - Payette National Forest

ALASKA AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

NULATO #3, Alaska Fire Service, Galena Zone. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Jandt) is assigned. This fire is four miles northwest of Nulato, AK in brush. This incident also includes the South Fork fire. Native allotments remain threatened. Increased fire activity with small runs, torching and backing was reported.

MISSION CREEK, Alaska Fire Service, Upper Yukon Zone. This fire started on Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act land nine miles west of Eagle, AK in black spruce and tundra. Isolated torching, creeping and smoldering were observed.

BOUNDARY CREEK, Alaska Fire Service, Upper Yukon Zone, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Walker) is assigned. This fire started on Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act land six miles southeast of Eagle, AK in black spruce and hardwood litter. A portion of the fire is in Canada. Structures along the Taylor Highway near O'Brien and Dome Creeks are potentially threatened. Moderate fire activity with creeping, smoldering and isolated torching was reported. Burnout operations were successful.

PARADISE CREEK, Alaska Fire Service, Galena Zone. This fire is 15 miles south of Anvik, AK in black spruce and tundra. Higher relative humidity and cloud cover moderated fire activity. No new information was reported.

WEST DEER HUNTER, Alaska Fire Service, Galena Zone. This fire is 20 miles south of Anvik, AK in grass, tundra, and black spruce. No new information was reported. This will be the last report unless new information is received.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
NULATO #3	AK	GAD	12,500	20	8/12	299	11	0	4	0	1.4M	BLM
MISSION CREEK	AK	UYD	23,936	20	UNK	141	8	0	1	0	NR	NCA
BOUNDARY CREEK	AK	UYD	58,200	40	UNK	227	6	5	3	0	4.1M	NCA
PARADISE CREEK	AK	GAD	450	80	8/6	40	2	0	2	0	NR	BLM
WEST DEER HUNTER	AK	GAD	800	55	8/7	34	2	0	0	0	NR	BLM

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

PINYON COMPLEX, Inyo National Forest. This complex, comprised of the Oak Creek, Pinyon and Hogback fires is six miles northwest of Independence, CA in timber and brush. The north and south forks of Sawmill Creek are in patrol status. Creeping and moderate fire behavior in the interior fuels were observed.

COMB COMPLEX, Sequoia & Kings Canyon National Park. A Fire Use Management Team (Hall) is assigned. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) complex, comprised of the Comb and East Creek fires is 18 miles northeast of Grant Grove, CA in mixed conifer and chaparral. The fire is being managed to accomplish resource objectives. Flanking and backing were reported. Fire activity increased due to passing thunderstorm cells.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
PINYON COMPLEX	CA	INF	742	80	8/6	7	0	0	1	1	615K	FS
COMB COMPLEX - WFU	CA	KNP	2,150	N/A	N/A	36	1	0	1	0	300K	NPS

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

COMMISSARY, Grand Mesa/Uncompahgre/Gunnison National Forest. This fire is 22 miles west of Gunnison, CO in hardwood litter. Steep terrain with numerous snags continues to hinder containment efforts.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
COMMISSARY	CO	GMF	274	20	UNK	3	0	0	1	0	145K	FS
BENNY S CREEK- WFU	CO	RGF	135	N/A	N/A	6	0	0	0	0	30K	FS

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

LALAMILO, Hawaii County. This fire started on private land in grass, one mile west of Waikoloa Village, HI. Decrease in acreage is due to more accurate mapping. No further information was received.

AKONE-PULE HIGHWAY, Hawaii County. This fire started on private land in grass, one mile north of Kawaihae Harbor, HI. Decrease in acreage is due to more accurate mapping. No further information was received.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
LALAMILO	HI	CNTY	14,285	90	UNK	6	0	2	1	0	NR	PRI
AKONE-PULE HWY.	HI	CNTY	1,128	90	UNK	22	0	3	1	0	NR	PRI

SOUTHWEST AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

SYCAMORE, Prescott National Forest. This fire is 24 miles west of Prescott, AZ in grass and juniper. Creeping with occasional torching was observed.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
SYCAMORE	AZ	PNF	2,000	50	8/11	3	0	0	0	0	1K	FS

SOUTHERN AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

REREG COMPLEX, Ouachita National Forest. This complex is eight miles east of Broken Bow, OK in timber. Private residences and the Beaver Ben State Recreation Area are threatened. Very active fire behavior with torching and spotting was reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
REREG COMPLEX	AR	OUF	150	50	UNK	115	3	15	0	0	45K	FS
NORTHEAST UNIT #1	TX	TPR	660	100	---	7	0	1	1	0	12K	FWS
WEST UNIT 1	TX	TPR	660	100	---	9	0	1	1	0	NR	FWS

TPR Texas Point National Wildlife Refuge

OUTLOOK:

Weather Discussion: Strong high pressure continues over the West. Mid and upper level moisture and instability over Nevada is expected to spread into northeast California, eastern Oregon, Idaho and western Montana. In Alaska, an upper level ridge is building into the state from the south.

Geographic Area Weather	High Temperatures	Minimum Relative Humidity	Wind
Northern California Mostly sunny. A 10% chance of afternoon and evening thunderstorms in the eastern areas.	80s and 90s prevailing with warmest inland valleys 100 to near 105.	10 to 25%.	Afternoon wind mostly southwest to northwest 3 to 10 mph and locally gusty along the coast and eastern high desert areas.

Northern Rockies A flat ridge of high pressure will bring hot and dry conditions. Subtropical moisture moving into southwest and southern Montana will bring isolated, possibly dry thunderstorms.	West of divide: 90 to 97. East of divide: 91-99. North Dakota: 88 to 96.	West of divide: 10 to 20%. East of divide: 12 to 20%. North Dakota: 22 to 32%.	West of divide: southwest 10 to 20 mph with higher gusts possible. East of divide: west 10 to 20 mph with higher gusts. North Dakota: north 5 to 15 mph.
Southern California Morning low clouds and fog coastal areas, otherwise mostly sunny in the morning becoming partly cloudy with scattered thunderstorms over the mountains and deserts in the afternoon.	80 to 95 mountains. 90 to 105 valleys. 95 to 105 upper deserts. 95 to 105 lower deserts.	10 to 30% central California and 20 to 40% southern California.	Southeast to southwest 5 to 15 mph.
Alaska Partly to mostly cloudy with scattered rain showers	60s to mid 70s.	35 to 45%.	South to southwest 5 to 15 mph.
Eastern Great Basin Mostly sunny Idaho and Bridger-Teton with isolated dry thunderstorms central Idaho mountains and southwest corner. Mostly sunny and clear northern Utah, partly cloudy with scattered mountain showers and thunderstorms southern and eastern Utah.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: 73 to 81 mountains, 89 to 101 valleys. Northern Utah: 77 to 85 mountains, 85 to 98 valleys. Southern Utah, Arizona Strip: 76 to 97 mountains, 95 to 106 valleys.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: 10 to 25%. Northern Utah: 17 to 25% mountains, 7 to 17% valleys. Southern Utah, Arizona Strip: 20 to 34% mountains, 13 to 23% valleys.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: variable 5 to 10 mph. Northern Utah: upslope/upvalley 5 to 10 mph. Southern Utah, Arizona Strip: upslope/upvalley 5 to 10 mph.



http://www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/dsp_sixminutes.php

Wildland Urban Interface Hazards

Firefighters in the wildland urban interface may encounter hazards other than the fire itself, such as hazardous materials, utility lines and poor access.

Hazardous Materials

- Common chemicals used around the home may be a direct hazard to firefighters from flammability, explosion potential and/or vapors or off-gassing. Such chemicals include paint, varnish and other flammable liquids; fertilizer; pesticides; cleansers; aerosol cans, fireworks, batteries and ammunition. In addition, some common household products such as plastics may give off very toxic fumes when they burn. Stay OUT of the smoke from burning structures and any unknown sources such as trash piles.

Illicit Activities

- Marijuana plantations or drug production labs may be found in wildland urban interface areas. Extremely hazardous materials such as propane tanks and flammable/toxic chemicals may be encountered, as well as booby traps.

Propane tanks

- Both large (household size) and small (gas grill size) liquefied propane gas (LPG) tanks can present hazards to firefighters, including explosion. See the "LPG Tank Hazards" discussion for details.

Utility lines

- Utility lines may be located above and below ground and may be cut or damaged by tools or equipment. Don't spray water on utility lines or boxes.

Septic tanks and fields

- Below-ground structures may not be readily apparent and may not support the weight of engines or other apparatus.

New construction materials

- Many new construction materials have comparatively low melting points and may "off-gas" extremely hazardous vapors. Plastic decking materials that resemble wood are becoming more common and may begin softening and losing structural strength at 180° F, though they normally do not sustain combustion once direct flame is removed. However, if they continue to burn they exhibit the characteristics of flammable liquids.

Pets and livestock

- Pets and livestock may be left when residents evacuate and will likely be highly stressed, making them more inclined to bite and kick. Firefighters should not put

themselves at risk to rescue pets or livestock.

🔴 Evacuation occurring

- Firefighters may be taking structural protection actions while evacuations of residents are occurring. Be very cautious of people driving erratically. Distraught residents may refuse to leave their property, and firefighters may need to disengage from fighting fire to contact law enforcement officers for assistance. In most jurisdictions firefighters do not have the authority to force evacuations. Firefighters should not put themselves at risk trying to protect someone who will not evacuate!

🔴 Limited access

- Narrow one-lane roads with no turn-around room, inadequate or poorly maintained bridges and culverts are frequently found in wildland urban interface areas. Access should be sized-up and an evacuation plan for all emergency personnel should be developed.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES		0	0		2		2
	ACRES		6,879	447		0		7,326
Northwest	FIRES	1	1			3	2	7
	ACRES	0	0			503	2	505
Northern California	FIRES					16	3	19
	ACRES					15,425	2	15,427
Southern California	FIRES						7	7
	ACRES						8	8
Northern Rockies	FIRES	6				6	13	25
	ACRES	21				55	7,751	7,827
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	1	2			4	6	13
	ACRES	0	88			4	3	95
Western Great Basin	FIRES		6				4	10
	ACRES		3				0	3
Southwest	FIRES	33	6				6	45
	ACRES	485	54				1	540
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	6					4	10
	ACRES	0					4	4
Eastern Area	FIRES					22	3	25
	ACRES					29	0	29
Southern Area	FIRES					6	6	12
	ACRES					158	154	312
TOTAL	FIRES	47	15	0	0	59	54	175
	ACRES	506	7,024	447	0	761	7,925	32,076

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES	4	89	59	17	355	21	545
	ACRES	4	927,953	459,744	3,217	357,395	336	1,748,649
Northwest	FIRES	131	115	14	16	533	431	1,240
	ACRES	22,193	34,539	4,970	121	51,796	3,243	116,862
Northern California	FIRES	64	7	8	7	1,044	203	1,333
	ACRES	51	2	9	40	31,138	96	31,336
Southern California	FIRES	30	83	13	26	1,553	377	2,082
	ACRES	816	5,082	150	73,720	24,355	2,535	106,658
Northern Rockies	FIRES	388	28	25	7	363	235	1,046
	ACRES	10,979	2,145	3,254	25	8,226	9,863	34,492
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	27	445	4	22	402	278	1,178
	ACRES	2,295	608,593	22	625	78,705	43,763	734,003
Western Great Basin	FIRES	3	374	14	18	53	79	541
	ACRES	3	977,313	13,012	51	99,464	395	1,090,238
Southwest	FIRES	1,436	275	13	44	1,196	1,241	4,205
	ACRES	22,883	146,240	9,249	332	129,348	411,733	719,785
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	253	323	21	18	396	313	1,324
	ACRES	2,997	5,311	222	11	18,313	16,283	43,137
Eastern Area	FIRES	578		35	47	8,492	481	9,633
	ACRES	7,108		1,731	949	64,203	7,821	81,812
Southern Area	FIRES	197		162	34	15,658	443	16,494
	ACRES	26,573		28,372	1,834	198,244	11,314	266,337
TOTAL	FIRES	3,111	1,739	368	256	30,045	4,102	39,621
	ACRES	95,902	2,707,178	520,735	80,925	1,045,774	507,382	4,973,309

Ten Year Average Fires	54,603
Ten Year Average Acres	2,920,350

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern Rockies	FIRES						0	0
	ACRES						10	10
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Western Great Basin	FIRES		1					1
	ACRES		40					40
Southwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Rocky Mountain	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Area	FIRES					1		1
	ACRES					120		120
Southern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
TOTAL	FIRES	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
	ACRES	0	40	0	0	120	10	170

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES					4		4
	ACRES					626		626
Northwest	FIRES	18	93	77	2		209	399
	ACRES	5,651	12,362	3,667	249		17,973	39,902
Northern California	FIRES	12	21	138	24		167	362
	ACRES	188	1,101	24,845	2,690		18,437	47,261
Southern California	FIRES	1	5	4	13		79	102
	ACRES	1,000	282	8	2,726		6,819	10,835
Northern Rockies	FIRES	5	28	96	3	31	241	404
	ACRES	155	3,244	19,497	22	2,131	22,304	47,353
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	1	16	4	1	10	42	74
	ACRES	1	7,049	711	11	128	10,046	17,946
Western Great Basin	FIRES		6	10			2	18
	ACRES		146	2,711			2,903	5,760
Southwest	FIRES	7	45	2	10		235	299
	ACRES	2,342	41,105	3,210	15,014		65,109	126,780
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	29	40	99	14	21	100	303
	ACRES	3,709	10,074	20,099	10,312	2,526	28,629	75,349
Eastern Area	FIRES	39		455	36	1,078	136	1,744
	ACRES	17,569		67,587	4,423	68,965	25,540	184,084
Southern Area	FIRES	34		149	52	403	1,095	1,733
	ACRES	7,180		79,565	35,609	270,629	893,010	1,285,993
TOTAL	FIRES	146	254	1,034	155	1,547	2,306	5,442
	ACRES	37,795	75,363	221,900	71,056	345,005	1,090,770	1,841,889

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

WFU FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES			2	11			13
	ACRES			32,178	108,323			140,501
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES						1	1
	ACRES						0	0
Southern California	FIRES				6		5	11
	ACRES				2,220		200	2,420
Northern Rockies	FIRES				5		26	31
	ACRES				25		43	68
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES				4		27	31
	ACRES				166		5,181	5,347
Western Great Basin	FIRES		6		1			7
	ACRES		1		140			141
Southwest	FIRES				2	1	27	30
	ACRES				9,278	5	105,080	114,363
Rocky Mountain	FIRES		24		4	2	5	35
	ACRES		2,487		1	1,762	1,538	5,788
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES				8			8
	ACRES				202			202
TOTAL	FIRES	0	30	2	41	3	91	167
	ACRES	0	2,488	32,178	120,355	1,767	112,042	268,830

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

PROVINCES	FIRES YESTERDAY	HECTARES YESTERDAY	FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE
British Columbia	3	0	656	30,363
Yukon Territory	1	0	79	174,845
Alberta	1	3	1,157	60,502
Northwest Territory	0	500	253	157,499
Saskatchewan	1	10	312	209,947
Manitoba	0	0	214	44,770
Ontario	25	7	1,075	26,081
Quebec	7	5,455	953	794,978
Newfoundland	1	0	125	17,074
New Brunswick	1	0	244	259
Nova Scotia	1	0	232	499
Prince Edward Island	0	0	10	42
National Parks	0	0	61	34,215
Total	41	5,975	5,371	1,551,074

RESOURCES STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES

AREA	CREWS FED	CREWS ST/OT	ENGS FED	ENGS ST/OT	HELI FED	HELI ST/OT	AIRT FED	AIRT ST/OT	OVRHD FED	OVRHD ST/OT
Alaska	26	3		5	2	9	1		158	86
Northwest	53	53	23	68	12	32	7		452	287
Northern California	9		11	5	3	2	0		1	3
Southern California	3		10		6	1	0		22	
Northern Rockies	18	2	13	15	9	4	3		150	87
Eastern Great Basin	7	4	10		2	4	1		115	43
Western Great Basin	3	4	6		4		1			
Southwest	1		7	3			0			
Rocky Mountain	3				6		1		9	2
Eastern Area							0		2	
Southern Area	3		11	6		2	0		13	3
Total	126	66	91	102	44	54	14	0	922	511

*** NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER ***