

**National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Friday, June 14, 2013 – 0530 MT
National Preparedness Level 2**

National Fire Activity

Initial attack activity:	Light (128 new fires)
New large fires:	1 (*)
Large fires contained:	2
Uncontained large fires: **	13
Area Command Teams committed:	1
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	2
Type 2 IMTs committed:	6

** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.
[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

Two MAFFS C-130 aircraft and support personnel from the 302nd Airlift Wing, Colorado Springs (US Air Force Reserve) are supporting wildland fire suppression operations out of Colorado Springs, CO.

Southwest Area (PL 4)

New fires:	12
New large fires:	1
Uncontained large fires:	5
Area Command Teams committed:	1
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1
Type 2 IMTs committed:	2

Walker's Area Command Team is assigned to provide assistance to Region 3 (FS) and GMAC in support of ongoing suppression, planning, logistical and aviation operations.

Quesinberry's NIMO is assigned to provide strategic management and oversight for coordination of BAER and remaining suppression activities on the Tres Lagunas and Thompson Ridge incidents.

Silver, Gila NF. IMT 2 (Reidy). One mile west of Kingston, NM. Timber. Backing fire with single and group tree torching. Structures threatened. Evacuations and area closures in effect.

Thompson Ridge, Bernalillo District, New Mexico State Forestry. IMT 2 (Day). Ten miles north of Jemez Springs, NM. Timber. Moderate fire behavior. Residences threatened.

Tres Lagunas, Las Vegas District, New Mexico State Forestry. Fifteen miles north of Pecos, NM. Timber. Creeping and smoldering. Structures threatened. Area closures in effect. Precipitation occurred over the fire area yesterday. Reduction in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

Jaroso, Santa Fe NF. IMT 1 (Sciaccia). Eight miles south of Truchas, NM. Timber. Backing fire. Reduction in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

* **Whites Peak**, Cimarron District, New Mexico State Forestry. Fourteen miles southwest of Cimarron, NM. Timber. Active fire behavior with running and spotting. Structures threatened. Evacuations in effect.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Silver	NM	GNF	17,800	800	0	UNK	534	56	12	14	5	0	2.5M	FS
Thompson Ridge	NM	N6S	24,000	2,100	75	UNK	833	-158	15	35	6	0	12.1M	ST
Tres Lagunas	NM	N4S	10,219	-63	85	6/15	609	13	13	21	5	0	10.2M	ST
Jaroso	NM	SNF	3,538	-2,462	0	6/30	47	-80	0	0	0	0	20K	FS
* Whites Peak	NM	N2S	850	---	0	6/18	59	---	2	11	1	0	50K	ST

Rocky Mountain Area (PL 3)

New fires: 20
 New large fires: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 3
 Type 1 IMTs committed: 1
 Type 2 IMTs committed: 2

Black Forest, El Paso County. IMT 1 (Harvey). One mile west of Black Forest, CO. Timber. Active fire behavior with single and group tree torching. Numerous structures threatened. Evacuations in effect.

Royal Gorge, Royal Gorge Field Office, BLM. IMT 2 (Dallas). One mile west of Cañon City, CO. Brush. Short runs with isolated torching and short-range spotting. Structures threatened. Evacuations and area closures in effect. Reduction in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

Big Meadow, Rocky Mountain NP. IMT 2 (Del Grosso). Five miles north of Grand Lake, CO. Timber. Interior burning with isolated tree torching. Area closures in effect. Reduction in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Black Forest	CO	EPX	15,702	7,202	5	6/20	800	---	1	50	8	384	2M	CNTY
Royal Gorge	CO	RGD	3,216	-584	20	UNK	274	138	7	12	5	20	480K	BLM
Big Meadow	CO	RMP	333	-267	30	6/18	178	71	4	15	5	0	333K	NPS

Southern California Area (PL 3)

New fires: 24
 New large fires: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 1
 Type 2 IMTs committed: 1

Hathaway, San Bernardino NF. IMT 2 (Garwood). Six miles north of Banning, CA. Chaparral and timber. Active fire behavior.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Hathaway	CA	BDF	3,520	390	43	6/25	1,372	-58	39	57	12	1	6M	FS

Northwest Area (PL 1)

New fires: 9
 New large fires: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 2

Crowley Creek, Vale District, BLM. Twenty miles southeast of Riverside, OR. Brush. Minimal fire behavior.

Stockade, Vale District, BLM. Twenty miles southeast of Riverside, OR. Brush. Minimal fire behavior.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Crowley Creek	OR	VAD	12,935	0	98	6/14	147	-79	3	11	2	0	550K	BLM
Stockade	OR	VAD	6,613	0	98	6/14	122	45	4	11	0	0	300K	BLM
Mail Trail	WA	SES	2,495	45	100	---	62	-9	2	5	2	0	320K	ST

SES-Southeast Region, Washington DNR

Northern California Area (PL 2)

New fires: 33
 New large fires: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 1
 Type 2 IMTs committed: 1

Daves, Mendocino NF. IMT 2 (Johnson). Forty-five miles west of Chico, CA. Slash. Flanking fire with short crown runs. Structures threatened.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Daves	CA	MNF	300	0	20	6/17	303	137	13	5	3	0	60K	FS

Eastern Great Basin Area (PL 2)

New fires: 11
New large fires: 0
Uncontained large fires: 1

Bruneau, Twin Falls District, BLM. Thirty-five miles southwest of Castleford, ID. Grass. Smoldering. Increase in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Bruneau	ID	TFD	4,940	1,940	90	6/14	35	0	0	6	1	0	40K	BLM

Western Great Basin Area (PL 2)

New fires: 4
New large fires: 0
Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Healy	NV	CCD	727	0	100	---	56	0	2	1	1	0	79K	BLM

CCD - Carson City District, BLM

Other Fires

(As of June 14)

GACC	Fires	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AK	1	267	2	0	0	40
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0
NO	0	0	0	0	0	0
SO	1	75	6	7	0	41
NR	0	0	0	0	0	0
EB	0	0	0	0	0	0
WB	1	1,254	2	3	1	63
SW	1	14,055	3	5	1	77
RM	2	35	0	5	0	12
EA	0	0	0	0	0	0
SA	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6	15,686	13	20	2	233

Predictive Services Discussion: An upper trough will bring scattered showers and thunderstorms to the Northwest and northern Rockies as it crosses the region. Widely scattered thunderstorms will also develop in the afternoon over the southern and central Rockies. Windy conditions over the Four Corners region will continue. Scattered showers and thunderstorms will move through the northern Plains and the Upper Midwest ahead of a cold front. Scattered showers will linger over New England. Temperatures will remain cool across the northern half of the nation while the southern half remains hot, with dry conditions in the Southwest and humid conditions in the South. Alaska will remain warm and mostly dry. A few thunderstorms will develop in southeast Alaska.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



Hydration

First Aid & Health Category

Dehydration is the result of the body trying to regulate its temperature naturally through sweating. Maintaining body fluids is essential for sweating. You must hydrate before, during, and after work.

- Studies conducted on wildland firefighters indicate that during fire suppression activities firefighters need to drink a *minimum* of 1 quart of fluid each hour of work.
- Before work you should take extra fluids to prepare for the heat. Drink 1 or 2 cups of water, juice, or a sport drink before work.
- While working drink at least 1 quart of fluid per hour. Drink as much as you can during the lunch break. Water is your greatest need during work in the heat.
- Hyponatremia (abnormally low concentration of sodium in the blood) as a result of excessive water intake a potentially life-threatening complication and can be prevented when rehydration is enhanced by fluids containing sodium and potassium, or when foods with these electrolytes are consumed along with water.
- After work it is important to continue drinking to replace fluid losses. Thirst always underestimates fluid needs, so you should drink more than you think you need.
- Unacclimatized workers lose more salt in the heat so they need to pay particular attention to salt replacement.
- Don't overdo salt intake; too much salt impairs temperature regulation. Excessive salt can cause stomach distress, fatigue, and other problems.
- You can assess your hydration by observing the volume, color, and concentration of your urine. Low volumes of dark, concentrated urine or painful urination indicate a serious need for rehydration. Other signs of dehydration include a rapid heart rate, weakness, excessive fatigue, and dizziness.
- Rapid loss of several pounds of body weight is a certain sign of dehydration. Rehydrate before returning to work; continuing to work in a dehydrated state can lead to serious consequences, including heat stroke, muscle breakdown, and kidney failure.

Discussion Points

- What are you doing right now to ensure that you are hydrated?

References:

[Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations](#)

[Fitness and Work Capacity--Second Edition](#)

[Wildland Firefighter Health and Safety: Recommendations of the April 1999 Conference, Death from Hyponatremia as a Result of Acute Water Intoxication in an Army Basic Trainee, T. Garigan and D. Ristedt](#)

Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.

[ONLINE](#) | MAIL: 6 Minutes For Safety Subcommittee • 3833 S. Development Ave • Boise, ID 83705 | FAX: 208-387-5250

[6 Minutes Home](#)

Fires and Acres Yesterday

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES				1	4		5
	ACRES				0	1		1
Northwest	FIRES					7	2	9
	ACRES					4	0	4
Northern California	FIRES	1				30	2	33
	ACRES	0				417	3	420
Southern California	FIRES			2		21	1	24
	ACRES			45		70	0	115
Northern Rockies	FIRES					1		1
	ACRES					1		1
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES		2		1	4	4	11
	ACRES		33		4	2	0	39
Western Great Basin	FIRES		2				2	4
	ACRES		137				1	138
Southwest	FIRES	1			1	2	8	12
	ACRES	0			0	850	812	1,662
Rocky Mountain	FIRES		6		4	6	4	20
	ACRES		421		15	7,203	28	7,667
Eastern Area	FIRES	1				2		3
	ACRES	0				1		1
Southern Area	FIRES					6		6
	ACRES					13		13
TOTAL	FIRES	3	10	2	7	83	23	128
	ACRES	0	591	45	19	8,562	844	10,061

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES		5	5	5	174	2	191
	ACRES		3,614	3,986	1,037	37,445	0	46,082
Northwest	FIRES	25	32	9	2	144	91	303
	ACRES	142	28,810	333	0	529	121	29,935
Northern California	FIRES	58	6		6	1,164	148	1,382
	ACRES	70	78		3	11,273	4,000	15,424
Southern California	FIRES	11	48	18	9	1,534	176	1,796
	ACRES	23	783	486	88	19,479	36,666	57,525
Northern Rockies	FIRES	252	12	3		128	71	466
	ACRES	4,887	198	997		1,412	12,566	20,060
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	16	110		3	115	46	290
	ACRES	112	8,196		4	822	163	9,297
Western Great Basin	FIRES	4	75	3	3	26	21	132
	ACRES	52	3,830	1	0	19	43	3,945
Southwest	FIRES	308	64	24	27	329	353	1,105
	ACRES	30,409	906	3,313	204	37,201	36,250	108,283
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	222	59	13	9	250	86	639
	ACRES	536	2,134	514	397	13,938	519	18,038
Eastern Area	FIRES	305		35	26	4,171	221	4,758
	ACRES	7,156		994	87	33,334	1,068	42,639
Southern Area	FIRES	122		37	17	7,956	278	8,410
	ACRES	10,939		3,622	1,445	84,371	10,245	110,622
TOTAL	FIRES	1,323	411	147	107	15,991	1,493	19,472
	ACRES	54,326	48,549	14,246	3,265	239,823	101,641	461,850

Ten Year Average Fires	33,299
Ten Year Average Acres	1,592,699

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES			0		1		1
	ACRES			75		20		95
Southern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern Rockies	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Western Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Rocky Mountain	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES			1		1	2	4
	ACRES			57		1,500	2,562	4,119
TOTAL	FIRES	0	0	1	0	2	2	5
	ACRES	0	0	132	0	1,520	2,562	4,214

Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES			1	2	12		15
	ACRES			5	22	5,125		5,152
Northwest	FIRES	7	36	9	3		136	191
	ACRES	2,066	8,878	449	67		28,883	40,343
Northern California	FIRES	2	12	15	20		120	169
	ACRES	35	780	15,971	251		5,432	22,469
Southern California	FIRES		3	4	4	2	138	151
	ACRES		36	53	298	33	4,872	5,292
Northern Rockies	FIRES	11	11	24	2	47	141	236
	ACRES	1,583	2,742	6,747	156	1,049	9,610	21,887
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	4	20	2	5	20	45	96
	ACRES	696	1,375	2	693	1,358	10,921	15,045
Western Great Basin	FIRES		2	1		12	7	22
	ACRES		24	35		103	300	462
Southwest	FIRES	17	18	5	1		71	112
	ACRES	19,319	10,642	1,372	10		16,399	47,742
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	12	41	30	10	35	96	224
	ACRES	1,691	3,397	3,410	616	5,090	24,995	39,199
Eastern Area	FIRES	20		231	47	683	157	1,138
	ACRES	23,148		27,983	4,744	29,828	32,622	118,325
Southern Area	FIRES	47		85	19	9,593	770	10,514
	ACRES	13,985		44,888	22,022	535,469	846,215	1,462,579
TOTAL	FIRES	120	143	407	113	10,404	1,681	12,868
	ACRES	62,523	27,874	100,915	28,879	578,055	980,249	1,778,495

***** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. *****

Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>.

Canada Fires and Hectares

Provinces	Fires Yesterday	Hectares Yesterday	Fires Year-To-Date	Hectares Year-To-Date
British Columbia	5	58	246	3,724
Yukon Territory	0	380	14	679
Alberta	1	7	610	3,310
Northwest Territory	0	0	14	3,149
Saskatchewan	1	4,750	202	31,023
Manitoba	6	4,757	152	77,768
Ontario	1	0	216	6,007
Quebec	6	8,496	256	21,624
Newfoundland	2	511	42	561
New Brunswick	0	0	306	736
Nova Scotia	0	0	146	306
Prince Edward Island	0	0	0	0
National Parks	0	0	13	15,267
Total	22	18,959	2,217	164,153

This report contains information derived from the National Fire and Aviation Management Web Applications (FAMWEB) system and other sources to provide relative information about emerging and ongoing incident activity. This information is considered operational in nature, is subject to correction, and therefore may not match official year-to-date agency records.

**** National Interagency Coordination Center ****