

National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Wednesday July 2, 2014 – 0530 MT
National Preparedness Level 1

National Fire Activity

Initial attack activity:	Light (120 new fires)
New large fires:	2 (*)
Large fires contained:	0
Uncontained large fires: **	5
Area Command Teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1
Type 2 IMTs committed:	3

** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

Southwest Area (PL 4)

New fires:	20
New large fires:	0
Uncontained large fires:	2
Type 2 IMTs committed:	2

Diego, Santa Fe NF. IMT 2 (Nieto). Eight miles south of Coyote, NM. Timber. Active fire behavior. Structures threatened. Evacuations and road closures in effect.

San Juan, Fort Apache Agency, BIA. IMT 2 (Reidy). Eighteen miles southeast of Show Low, AZ. Timber. Creeping and smoldering. Structures threatened. Evacuations in effect.

Oak, Coronado NF. Previously reported incident. Thirty four miles northwest of Wilcox, AZ. Pinyon pine, juniper and grass. Backing and flanking with short uphill runs. Residences threatened. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Diego	NM	SNF	3,250	1,250	0	7/10	578	185	17	21	4	0	750K	FS
San Juan	AZ	FTA	6,975	575	15	UNK	697	14	14	31	6	0	4.4M	BIA
Oak	AZ	CNF	12,296	---	N/A	N/A	175	---	4	5	2	0	1.9M	FS

Northern California Area (PL 2)

New fires:	33
New large fires:	2
Uncontained large fires:	2
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1

* **Butts**, Sonoma-Lake Napa Unit, Cal Fire. Cal Fire IMT 1 (Smith). Three miles north of Pope Valley, CA. Brush and grass. Active fire behavior with long-range spotting. Numerous residences threatened. Evacuations in effect.

* **Coleman**, Northern California District, BLM. Twenty-five miles east of Fort Bidwell, CA. Juniper, brush and grass. Active fire behavior with isolated torching and short-range spotting. Structures threatened.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
* Butts	CA	LNU	2,500	---	30	UNK	384	---	9	57	1	5	100K	ST
* Coleman	CA	NOD	350	---	5	7/6	99	---	4	4	0	0	20K	BLM

Rocky Mountain Area (PL 1)

New fires:	3
New large fires:	0
Uncontained large fires:	0
Type 2 IMTs committed:	1

8 Mile, Royal Gorge Field Office, BLM. IMT 2 (Dallas). Six miles northeast of Cañon City, CO. Timber, oak and pinyon pine. Minimal fire behavior. Road closures in effect.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
8 Mile	CO	RGD	528	0	N/A	N/A	299	-37	6	4	3	0	2M	BLM

Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires:	12
New large fires:	0
Uncontained large fires:	1

Honeymoon, Big Cypress NP. Thirty-three miles northwest of Weston, FL. Southern rough and grass. No new information.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Honeymoon	FL	BCP	850	---	15	7/6	10	---	0	10	0	0	75K	NPS

Other Fires

(As of June 27)

GACC	Fires	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AK	2	219,128	1	0	5	82
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0
NO	0	0	0	0	0	0
SO	0	0	0	0	0	0
NR	0	0	0	0	0	0
EB	0	0	0	0	0	0
WB	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW	2	79,759	0	0	0	2
RM	0	0	0	0	0	0
EA	0	0	0	0	0	0
SA	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	298,887	1	0	5	84

Predictive Services Discussion: Scattered showers and thunderstorms will spread across much of the Southwest, the southern and central Rockies, and the eastern Great Basin. Isolated thunderstorms will develop over northern California and central and eastern Oregon. Scattered showers and thunderstorms will form along a cold front stretching from north Texas to New England. Temperatures will remain very warm across the West, the South, and the East. High pressure will bring mild conditions to the northern Plains, the Midwest, and the Great Lakes.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>

A Week to Remember, Reflect and Learn
June 30 - July 6, 2014
Learning from
the Nuttal Fire Shelter Deployment
10 years ago today



On July 2, 2004, Coronado National Forest, a firing group, consisting of four Hotshot crews, two medics and a Firing Group Supervisor, was assigned to Division E to contain a 7 acre slop-over which occurred above H4 and to assess firing needs between the slop-over and H4. A portion of DIV E had been fired the previous evening and DIV E resources worked late the previous night and were required to mitigate work/rest on the morning of July 2. The two firing group medics were staged on the upper end of the line close to DP 20 rather than committing them down the steep line. That morning, two helitack crew members were inserted, by helicopter, on H4 without the knowledge of either the Firing Group Supervisor or the DIV E Supervisor.

The incident structure protection group which was installing hose-lays in support of slop-over containment, as well as Plumas and Lassen IHC's which were working the upper end of the slop-over, were directed to hike out based on observations of significant increases in fire activity and intensity.

After mitigating work/rest and participating in a 10 AM briefing, the DIV E Supervisor, DIV E medics, Safety Officer, and the Superintendent from the Mt. Taylor IHC began hiking down the DIV E line toward H4. All other crews assigned to the division remained at DP20 while DIV E Supervisor tied in with Firing Group Supervisor at a lookout point above H4.

Flagstaff and Augusta IHC's moved out to the main line after completing the slop-over handline, preparing to burn the main line down to H4. When a downhill crown run into the drainage below H4 was reported by the Flagstaff IHC Captain, both crews were directed to immediately make their way to H4. Within minutes, the fire made a rapid uphill run to H4 which cut off the two crews from H4. They reversed course, moving upslope back into the slop-over. During the hike back to the slop-over, a member of the Flagstaff IHC became incapacitated from a heat stress-related illness and was evacuated to the slop-over by members of the Flagstaff and Augusta IHC's.

Members of Flagstaff IHC at H4 fired all vegetation around the helispot. There were 13 firefighters on the helispot at the time the fire made its first run at H4. The Firing Group Supervisor could not make contact with Augusta and used a trail on the lee-side of the ridge (short-cut trail) to access the slop-over from H4. Upon meeting the crews in the slop-over he was informed of the crewmember injury and the inability to move the individual through the black up to DP 20 due to the steepness of the slope. Remaining pockets of receptive fuel around the slop-over were burned.

Based on ember/ash fallout and heavy acrid smoke conditions –the Flagstaff Superintendent ordered the other 11 individuals including the 2 helitack crewmembers at H4 to deploy their shelters while he ensured everyone remained in place. **None of the 12 firefighters sustained injury.**

Once the heat dissipated enough, the Firing Group Supervisor hiked to H4 and then returned to the aspen grove with the paramedic assigned to DIV E and the Division E Supervisor, who was also a para-medic. At the aspen grove the ill crewmember received ALS treatment for heat exhaustion and once Plumas IHC cleared the trail from below DP 20 down to the aspen grove the crewmember was carried via Stokes litter to DP20 and transferred to a waiting ambulance.

Discussion Topics:

- The South Canyon, Cramer and Nuttal fires all involved helitack personnel deploying shelters at or near their Helispot. What information do you need prior to being inserted into a remote helispot? What questions may be deferred until landing at the helispot? Should the helicopter ever be considered the "E" in LCES?
- Helitack are often inserted onto helispots during suppression activities to support logistical missions. What are the communication responsibilities between fireline supervision and helitack? Where should they be shown on an Incident Action Plan? Do they report to the Division Supervisor or Air Support?
- On July 2, the Firing Group Supervisor staged his medics because of terrain and fitness concerns; the DIV E supervisor brought his medics down to H4 to support the evening burn operation planned from H4 to H5. Because of their physical fitness level, the DIV E medics could not be sent back up the escape route at the same time as Plumas and Lassen which added two inexperienced people at H4. The medics, however, played a critical role in stabilizing the injured IHC crewmember and provided ALS treatment promptly. Do you have a plan and the equipment to provide ALS treatment and extract the patient to an ambulance when aircraft cannot be used? What are your units SOP/Rules of Engagement for medical treatment and emergency transportation?

Additional Learning: Read the [Deployment Review](#)

Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.

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Fires and Acres Yesterday

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest	FIREs	4	3	0	0	5	4	16
	ACRES	7	133	0	0	6	1	147
Northern California	FIREs	5	0	0	0	22	6	33
	ACRES	1	0	0	0	158	2	161
Southern California	FIREs	0	0	0	0	9	2	11
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	19	0	19
Northern Rockies	FIREs	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
	ACRES	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Eastern Great Basin	FIREs	0	5	0	1	8	0	14
	ACRES	0	175	0	0	177	0	352
Western Great Basin	FIREs	0	2	0	0	2	1	5
	ACRES	0	10	0	0	4	0	14
Southwest	FIREs	2	1	1	1	3	12	20
	ACRES	1,403	1	15	0	2	13	1,434
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	0	1	0	0	1	1	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Eastern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Southern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	12	0	12
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	40	0	40
TOTAL	FIREs	13	12	1	2	64	28	120
	ACRES	1,413	319	15	1	406	18	2,172

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	17	0	0	249	11	277
	ACRES	0	23,908	0	0	200,902	5	224,815
Northwest	FIREs	51	43	28	1	245	125	493
	ACRES	3,045	3,201	27	0	20,521	553	27,347
Northern California	FIREs	38	3	3	1	1,462	192	1,699
	ACRES	16	34	23	0	2,631	1,053	3,757
Southern California	FIREs	23	38	10	10	1,468	227	1,776
	ACRES	229	1,355	511	8	18,118	6,508	26,729
Northern Rockies	FIREs	349	20	2	0	191	74	636
	ACRES	2,976	1,235	10	0	2,974	117	7,312
Eastern Great Basin	FIREs	17	115	0	7	218	77	434
	ACRES	922	8,077	0	120	1,127	1,012	11,258
Western Great Basin	FIREs	2	73	1	10	22	22	130
	ACRES	18	1,068	0	2	67	743	1,898
Southwest	FIREs	368	98	10	21	474	325	1,296
	ACRES	112,714	1,344	575	6,165	12,663	39,664	173,125
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	224	79	20	5	386	71	785
	ACRES	1,954	872	1,181	2,096	31,261	43	37,407
Eastern Area	FIREs	408	0	39	23	4,432	281	5,183
	ACRES	602	0	1,486	206	33,109	4,868	40,271
Southern Area	FIREs	372	0	63	26	12,888	452	13,801
	ACRES	110,701	0	3,237	282	196,345	33,666	344,231
TOTAL	FIREs	1,852	486	176	104	22,035	1,857	26,510
	ACRES	233,177	41,094	7,050	8,879	519,718	88,232	898,150

Ten Year Average Fires	38,372
Ten Year Average Acres	2,442,321

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest	FIRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	55	0	0	0	0	55
Northern California	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern California	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Western Great Basin	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	FIRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	55	0	0	0	0	55

Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	7	0	0	0	0	7
	ACRES	0	59,591	0	0	0	0	59,591
Northwest	FIREs	7	46	5	3	0	162	223
	ACRES	1,166	11,210	2,930	37	0	20,824	36,167
Northern California	FIREs	1	3	15	9	0	127	155
	ACRES	1	135	7,316	60	0	5,950	13,462
Southern California	FIREs	2	5	3	6	0	71	87
	ACRES	9	277	191	454	0	2,082	3,013
Northern Rockies	FIREs	10	20	43	4	11	114	202
	ACRES	792	8,090	9,365	3,253	241	16,119	37,860
Eastern Great Basin	FIREs	3	14	5	7	29	63	121
	ACRES	355	4,062	2,184	56	1,006	19,208	26,871
Western Great Basin	FIREs	0	3	1	0	7	3	14
	ACRES	0	716	300	0	147	216	1,379
Southwest	FIREs	3	16	7	0	1	43	70
	ACRES	1,600	16,248	1,959	0	75	17,194	37,076
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	21	35	95	18	65	73	307
	ACRES	1,741	2,731	19,679	4,833	2,338	10,256	41,578
Eastern Area	FIREs	53	0	298	41	1,166	161	1,719
	ACRES	58,417	0	45,911	5,537	70,781	63,580	244,226
Southern Area	FIREs	86	0	167	26	7,311	857	8,447
	ACRES	17,638	0	64,025	24,863	337,014	885,179	1,328,719
TOTAL	FIREs	186	149	639	114	8,590	1,674	11,352
	ACRES	81,719	103,060	153,860	39,093	411,602	1,040,608	1,829,942

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>.

Canada Fires and Hectares

Provinces	Fires Yesterday	Hectares Yesterday	Fires Year-To-Date	Hectares Year-To-Date
British Columbia	0	0	321	5,593
Yukon Territory	0	0	18	463
Alberta	32	1	712	1,834
Northwest Territory	10	454	113	275,017
Saskatchewan	1	26	181	20,976
Manitoba	0	0	94	1,411
Ontario	6	2,701	129	3,240
Quebec	14	174	135	30,578
Newfoundland	1	0	41	532
New Brunswick	1	0	138	98
Nova Scotia	0	0	133	422
Prince Edward Island	0	0	0	0
National Parks	0	0	27	77,910
Total	65	3,355	2,042	418,073

This report contains information derived from the National Fire and Aviation Management Web Applications (FAMWEB) system and other sources to provide relative information about emerging and ongoing incident activity. This information is considered operational in nature, is subject to change, and therefore may not match official year-to-date agency records.

**** National Interagency Coordination Center ****