

National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Wednesday, September 10, 2014 – 0530 MT
National Preparedness Level 2

National Fire Activity

Initial attack activity:	Light (37 new fires)
New large fires:	2 (*)
Large fires contained:	1
Uncontained large fires: **	9
Area Command Teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	4
Type 2 IMTs committed:	4

** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

Northern California Area (PL 3)

New fires:	7
New large fires:	0
Uncontained large fires:	3
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1

Happy Camp Complex, Klamath NF. IMT 1 (McGowan). One mile east of Happy Camp, CA. Timber, brush and grass. Active fire behavior with short crown runs. Numerous structures threatened. Evacuations, road and area closures in effect.

July Complex (2 fires), Klamath NF. Four miles east of Sawyers Bar, CA. Timber. Active fire behavior with short crown runs and spotting. Area closure in effect.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Happy Camp Complex	CA	KNF	103,814	4,614	30	9/20	2,517	-120	64	121	13	2	64.5M	FS
July Complex	CA	KNF	44,648	351	78	10/1	242	41	4	4	6	2	48.5M	FS

Northwest Area (PL 2)

New fires:	3
New large fires:	1
Uncontained large fires:	4
Type 1 IMTs committed:	2
Type 2 IMTs committed:	3

Deception Complex (2 fires), Willamette NF. Transfer of command from IMT 1 (Schulte) to IMT 2 (Watts) will occur on 9/13. Two miles west of Oakridge, OR. Timber. Moderate fire behavior. Area closures in effect.

790, Rogue River-Siskiyou NF. Transfer of command from IMT 2 (Fillis) to IMT 2 (Johnson) will occur 9/12. Thirty miles northeast of Medford, OR. Timber. Moderate fire behavior. Area closures in effect.

Yellow Point, Western Lane District, Oregon DOF. ODF IMT 1 (Thorpe). Twenty-five miles west of Cottage Grove, OR. Timber. Minimal fire behavior. Road closures in effect.

* **Freezout Ridge**, Wallowa-Whitman NF. Twenty nine miles east of Joseph, OR. Timber. Backing fire with group torching and short-range spotting. Structures threatened. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

West Fork, Wallowa-Whitman NF. Seven miles south of Joseph, OR. Timber. Active fire behavior. Numerous structures and energy infrastructure threatened. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Deception Complex	OR	WIF	4,824	643	64	9/25	1,024	-60	22	51	9	0	27.6M	FS
790	OR	RSF	3,035	72	54	9/30	699	17	21	7	9	0	12.2M	FS
Yellow Point	OR	781S	785	39	35	UNK	840	66	35	27	9	0	3M	ST
* Freezout Ridge	OR	WWF	250	---	N/A	N/A	7	---	0	0	1	0	50K	FS
West Fork	OR	WWF	120	0	N/A	N/A	85	82	4	0	2	0	50K	FS

Southern California Area (PL 3)

New fires: 15
 New large fires: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 2
 Type 1 IMTs committed: 1
 Type 2 IMTs committed: 1

Meadow, Yosemite NP. IMT 2 (Cooper). Five miles east of Yosemite Valley, CA. Timber and brush. Moderate fire behavior with crowning and spotting. Structures threatened. Area closures in effect.

Bridge, Merced-Mariposa Unit, Cal Fire. Cal Fire IMT 1 (Patterson). Ten miles north of Oakhurst, CA. Dormant brush and hardwood slash. Minimal fire behavior.

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
Meadow	CA	YNP	4,400	1,818	10	UNK	407	80	12	1	9	0	941K	NPS
Bridge	CA	MMU	300	0	90	9/10	470	-90	16	25	0	0	5.1M	ST

Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires: 2
 New large fires: 1
 Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	St	Unit	Size	Size Chge 24 Hrs	% Ctn	Est Ctn	Totl Pers	Pers Chge 24 Hrs	Crw	Eng	Heli	Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
* Jackson Ditch	TX	AHR	2,249	---	100	---	19	---	0	4	1	0	10K	FWS

AHR - Anahuac NWR, FWS

Other Fires

(As of September 5)

GACC	Fires	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AK	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	3	69,401	3	13	1	180
NO	1	12,536	0	2	0	12
SO	0	0	0	0	0	0
NR	4	1,035	0	0	0	13
EB	1	470	0	0	0	1
WB	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW	1	4,313	0	4	0	54
RM	0	0	0	0	0	0
EA	0	0	0	0	0	0
SA	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	10	87,755	3	19	1	260

Predictive Services Discussion: A ridge of high pressure will strengthen off the Pacific Coast today, allowing warming and drying across California, the Great Basin, and the southwest U.S. In sharp contrast, an upper level trough sagging southward will bring a cold, moist intrusion from Canada to the northern Rockies and Plains, with freezing temperatures and accumulating snowfall in the mountains and cold, blustery rain at lower elevations. Unsettled weather in the form of showers and thunderstorms is also expected to be widespread today along a frontal boundary extending from the southern Plains northeastward through the Ohio Valley.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>

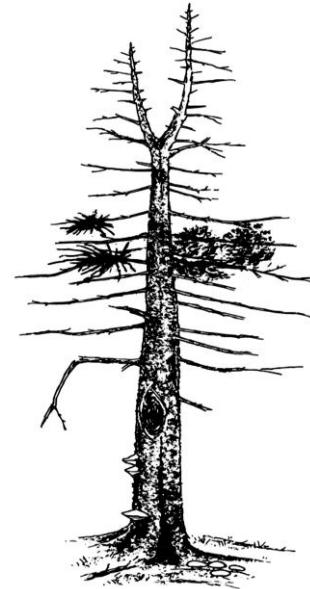
HAZARD TREE FELLING TIPS 1

Felling Safety Category

Felling a hazard tree requires accurate risk assessment and complexity analysis, and demands the sawyer's full situational awareness. In all cases, remember to establish and maintain a secure felling area.

Do not bypass hazard trees without taking some action such as felling or establishing a No-Work-Zone.

Degree of hazard varies with tree size, species, and type/location of defect:



- Stem defects resulting in tree failure, i.e., collapse;
- Weakened sapwood resulting in loss of control when falling trees & limits solid wood for wedging;
- Overhead hazards, i.e., dead or hanging limbs falling on the faller.

Indicators of potential felling hazards:

Dead Limbs: limbs of all sizes and species with decay evident cracking, or loose hung-up limbs. Avoid working under overhead hazards.

Witches Broom: caused by mistletoe infection, limbs can grow very large and heavy (200+ lbs).

Split Trunk: cracked trunk from frost, lightning or wind. Visible evidence of advanced decay indicates serious weakness where the tree could fail.

Stem Damage: caused by windfall, scarring, fire, machine, and animal damage, as well as heart rot diseases.

Thick Sloughing Bark or Sloughing Sapwood: usually found on dead trees. Loose bark on Douglas fir or loose sapwood on wind snapped cedars can dislodge during falling.

Butt and Stem Cankers: usually found on deciduous trees but can occur on Douglas fir and pine. The infected areas weaken the stem.

Fungal Fruiting Bodies or Conks: found on stems may indicate massive interior rot 1 – 2 yards above and below conk. Excessive resinosis (resin flow) also indicates heart or root diseases.

Heavy Tree Lean: may be caused by damaged roots or lifting root mats, shallow or wet soils. In some cases, the tree may have corrected itself which can be determined by looking for corrected top growth.

Root Condition: look for any ground cracks around the base of the tree, signs of decay or fungal conks on the roots.

Cat Face: look for enough solid wood to construct an effective undercut and back cut.

References:

[Hazard Tree Safety Web Page](#)

Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.

[ONLINE](#) | MAIL: 6 Minutes For Safety Subcommittee • 3833 S. Development Ave • Boise, ID 83705 | FAX: 208-387-5250

[6 Minutes Home](#)

Fires and Acres Yesterday

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California	FIREs	0	0	0	0	7	0	7
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	6	4,965	4,971
Southern California	FIREs	0	0	0	0	13	2	15
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	51	0	51
Northern Rockies	FIREs	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	21	21
Eastern Great Basin	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Western Great Basin	FIREs	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	4	0	0	0	1	0	5
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	30	0	30
Eastern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
TOTAL	FIREs	4	1	0	0	27	5	37
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	89	4,986	5,075

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	54	0	0	299	23	376
	ACRES	0	31,512	0	0	201,240	6	232,758
Northwest	FIREs	315	278	54	58	1,012	1,319	3,036
	ACRES	81,407	697,123	152	2,937	278,501	128,290	1,188,410
Northern California	FIREs	94	36	7	11	2,680	738	3,566
	ACRES	88	16,102	35	31	82,079	255,861	354,196
Southern California	FIREs	39	67	13	55	2,256	528	2,958
	ACRES	235	2,908	518	219	20,579	22,543	47,002
Northern Rockies	FIREs	635	77	7	11	873	669	2,272
	ACRES	10,467	2,867	1,168	5	82,152	18,545	115,204
Eastern Great Basin	FIREs	39	413	1	28	566	508	1,555
	ACRES	1,159	60,799	0	206	21,003	14,738	97,905
Western Great Basin	FIREs	9	301	1	16	51	86	464
	ACRES	168	32,447	0	7	1,098	24,242	57,962
Southwest	FIREs	471	161	11	53	601	809	2,106
	ACRES	99,064	1,540	577	11,031	14,327	81,309	207,848
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	478	346	22	17	648	231	1,742
	ACRES	2,332	10,857	1,181	2,505	48,532	2,148	67,555
Eastern Area	FIREs	408	0	47	22	4,882	320	5,679
	ACRES	602	0	1,600	186	34,063	4,893	41,344
Southern Area	FIREs	403	0	91	26	14,362	501	15,383
	ACRES	111,325	0	8,877	282	248,231	35,105	403,820
TOTAL	FIREs	2,891	1,733	254	297	28,230	5,732	39,137
	ACRES	306,847	856,155	14,108	17,409	1,031,805	587,680	2,814,004

Ten Year Average Fires	57,415
Ten Year Average Acres	6,402,906

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest	FIRES	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
	ACRES	0	0	112	0	0	0	112
Northern California	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern California	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	44	44
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Western Great Basin	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest	FIRES	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
	ACRES	146	0	0	0	0	83	229
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	350	350
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	6	6
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	FIRES	1	0	2	0	0	7	10
	ACRES	146	0	112	0	0	483	741

Prescribed Fires and Acres Year to Date

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	7	0	0	0	0	7
	ACRES	0	59,591	0	0	0	0	59,591
Northwest	FIREs	12	46	8	3	15	168	252
	ACRES	2,906	11,255	3,049	37	447	20,826	38,520
Northern California	FIREs	2	3	16	9	0	127	157
	ACRES	56	135	7,322	60	0	5,950	13,523
Southern California	FIREs	2	5	3	6	0	71	87
	ACRES	9	277	191	454	0	2,082	3,013
Northern Rockies	FIREs	13	20	45	4	11	123	216
	ACRES	2,553	8,090	11,292	3,253	241	16,873	42,302
Eastern Great Basin	FIREs	3	14	5	7	30	68	127
	ACRES	355	4,062	2,184	56	1,203	19,586	27,446
Western Great Basin	FIREs	0	3	1	0	7	3	14
	ACRES	0	716	300	0	147	216	1,379
Southwest	FIREs	10	16	7	1	1	53	88
	ACRES	2,036	16,408	1,959	17	75	20,220	40,715
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	23	37	92	18	67	77	314
	ACRES	1,919	3,471	19,531	4,833	2,344	11,608	43,706
Eastern Area	FIREs	53	0	312	51	1,180	169	1,765
	ACRES	58,417	0	47,713	5,551	71,398	63,948	247,027
Southern Area	FIREs	88	0	182	28	7,996	875	9,169
	ACRES	17,721	0	72,789	31,863	343,795	889,691	1,355,859
TOTAL	FIREs	206	151	671	127	9,307	1,734	12,196
	ACRES	85,972	104,005	166,330	46,124	419,650	1,051,000	1,873,081

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>.

This report contains information derived from the National Fire and Aviation Management Web Applications (FAMWEB) system and other sources to provide relative information about emerging and ongoing incident activity. This information is considered operational in nature, is subject to change, and therefore may not match official year-to-date agency records.

** National Interagency Coordination Center **