

National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Friday, April 10, 2015 – 0800 MT
National Preparedness Level 1

National Fire Activity (Weekly Total)

Initial attack activity:	Light (805 new fires)
New large incidents:	14 (*)
Large fires contained:	23
Uncontained large fires: **	1
Area Command Teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	0
Type 2 IMTs committed:	0

** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

Southern Area (PL 2)

New fires:	413
New large incidents:	11
Uncontained large fires:	1

* **Archuleta**, Osage Agency, BIA. Four miles southwest of Avant, OK. Grass. Smoldering. Structures threatened. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Archuleta	OK-OSA	704	---	95	Ctn	NR	4	---	0	2	0	2	8K	BIA
* Z Bar 7	OK-OSA	4,000	---	100	Ctn	---	0	---	0	0	0	0	2K	BIA
* 2230 Road	OK-OKS	2,781	---	100	Ctn	---	37	---	0	10	1	6	25K	ST
Short Hills Mountain	VA-VAS	1,776	776	100	Ctn	---	30	-32	2	2	1	0	20K	ST
Weed Lane	NC-NCS	740	1	100	Ctn	---	62	-27	2	2	0	1	347K	ST
Poplar	NC-NCF	651	426	100	Ctn	---	8	-80	0	0	0	0	305K	FS
* Dump	OK-ECU	600	---	100	Ctn	---	5	---	0	3	0	0	7K	ST
* Brokey	OK-OSA	505	---	100	Ctn	---	0	---	0	0	0	0	10K	BIA
* Compass Point	NC-NCS	500	---	100	Ctn	---	9	---	0	2	1	1	8K	ST
* Wynona	OK-OSA	474	---	100	Ctn	---	0	---	0	0	0	0	2K	BIA
* Quail Road	FL-FLS	467	---	100	Ctn	---	4	---	0	0	0	0	NR	ST
* Frying Pan	TX-TXS	317	---	100	Ctn	---	51	---	0	14	0	0	NR	PRI
Webster	OK-OSA	259	0	100	Ctn	---	0	-9	0	0	0	0	30K	BIA

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Fence	OK-NEU	230	---	100	Ctn	---	6	---	0	3	0	0	15K	ST
Hampton	TN-CNF	215	0	100	Ctn	---	1	-30	0	0	0	0	70K	FS
* Clearwater	VA-VAS	185	---	100	Ctn	---	28	---	2	2	0	0	2K	ST

OKS – Oklahoma DOF

NCF – National Forests in North Carolina

TXS – Texas A&M Forest Service

VAS – Virginia Department of Forestry

ECU – East Central Area Oklahoma, DOF

NEU – Northeast Area Oklahoma, DOF

NCS – North Carolina Forest Service

FLS – Florida Forest Service

CNF – Cherokee NF

Eastern Area (PL 1)

New fires: 228

New large incidents: 2

Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Tamarack	MN-MNS	2,800	---	100	Ctn	---	22	---	0	0	1	1	70K	ST
* Star	MN-MNS	807	---	100	Ctn	---	22	---	0	3	1	0	20K	ST
Bearclaw	MO-MTF	257	0	100	Ctn	---	0	-20	0	0	0	0	10K	FS

MNS – Minnesota DNR

MTF – Mark Twain NF

Northern Rockies Area (PL 1)

New fires: 3

New large incidents: 0

Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Sheep Draw	MT-MCD	13,949	0	100	Ctn	---	8	-115	0	3	0	4	450K	PRI
Moonshine	MT-MCD	2,829	329	100	Ctn	---	7	-179	0	0	0	0	600K	CNTY
West Fork Road	MT-CGF	398	0	100	Ctn	---	3	0	0	1	0	0	219K	FS

MCD – Miles City Field Office, BLM

CGF – Custer Gallatin NF

Rocky Mountain Area (PL 1)

New fires: 40

New large incidents: 1

Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Big Lake	ND-SRA	1,700	0	100	Ctn	---	9	1	1	1	0	3	100K	BIA
* Ashes	SD-RBA	871	---	100	Ctn	---	30	---	0	9	0	0	25K	BIA

SRA – Standing Rock Agency, BIA

RBA – Rosebud Agency, BIA

Active Incident Resource Summary

GACC	Fires	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AK	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0
NO	0	0	0	0	0	0
SO	0	0	0	0	0	0
NR	3	17,176	0	4	0	18
GB	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0
RM	2	2,571	1	10	0	39
EA	4	3,680	0	12	2	90
SA	25	16,311	13	70	4	357
Total	34	39,738	14	96	6	504

*This table is updated daily and includes the total count of active incidents and acres with resources assigned that have been reported in the SIT-209 program within the last seven days. This includes what has been reported in the Geographic Area summary tables above.

Fires and Acres Last Week (By Protection)

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest	FIREs	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
	ACRES	1	0	0	0	35	0	36
Northern California	FIREs	0	0	0	0	25	1	26
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	13	0	13
Southern California	FIREs	0	0	0	2	0	32	34
	ACRES	0	0	0	50	0	485	535
Northern Rockies	FIREs	1	1	0	0	1	0	3
	ACRES	30	148	0	0	1	0	179
Great Basin	FIREs	1	5	1	1	7	4	19
	ACRES	2	0	0	0	7	0	9
Southwest	FIREs	16	4	0	0	6	13	39
	ACRES	28	9	0	0	6	157	200
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	22	1	1	0	14	2	40
	ACRES	4,702	5	2	0	4,843	5	9,557
Eastern Area	FIREs	44	0	6	1	162	15	228
	ACRES	586	0	54	87	856	290	1,873
Southern Area	FIREs	7	0	0	1	401	4	413
	ACRES	1,648	0	0	1	3,843	68	5,560
TOTAL	FIREs	92	11	8	5	618	71	805
	ACRES	6,997	162	56	138	9,604	1,005	17,962

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (By Protection)

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	1	0	0	12	0	13
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
Northwest	FIREs	13	7	1	3	50	18	92
	ACRES	330	0	0	0	223	5	558
Northern California	FIREs	0	0	1	0	242	33	276
	ACRES	0	0	345	0	205	283	833
Southern California	FIREs	4	6	1	1	330	74	416
	ACRES	5	1,872	1	4	6,621	2,303	10,806
Northern Rockies	FIREs	93	13	0	0	120	16	242
	ACRES	1,029	3,902	0	0	30,922	583	36,436
Great Basin	FIREs	3	31	2	1	64	10	111
	ACRES	6	27	0	0	584	15	632
Southwest	FIREs	95	27	0	3	121	43	289
	ACRES	436	61	0	0	11,397	317	12,211
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	143	21	6	1	152	14	337
	ACRES	10,037	238	148	0	42,003	237	52,663
Eastern Area	FIREs	223	0	8	6	863	75	1,175
	ACRES	948	0	508	283	13,489	1,918	17,146
Southern Area	FIREs	266	0	2	2	8,127	178	8,575
	ACRES	33,629	0	66	3	87,968	10,164	131,830
TOTAL	FIREs	840	106	21	17	10,081	461	11,526
	ACRES	46,420	6,100	1,068	290	193,415	15,825	263,118

Ten Year Average Fires	16,106
Ten Year Average Acres	583,257

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Prescribed Fires and Acres Last Week (By Ownership)

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest	FIREs	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
	ACRES	400	0	0	0	0	5	405
Northern California	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	8	8
	ACRES	0	0	0	8	0	892	900
Southern California	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	60	60
Northern Rockies	FIREs	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
	ACRES	400	0	0	0	0	0	400
Great Basin	FIREs	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
	ACRES	0	15	0	0	0	409	424
Southwest	FIREs	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	350	350
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	1	1	2	0	1	2	7
	ACRES	140	165	136	0	7	330	778
Eastern Area	FIREs	0	0	6	1	12	5	24
	ACRES	0	0	610	2	304	1,391	2,307
Southern Area	FIREs	2	0	3	0	328	15	348
	ACRES	175	0	746	0	17,720	14,652	33,293
TOTAL	FIREs	5	2	12	1	341	43	404
	ACRES	1,115	180	1,492	10	18,031	18,089	38,917

Prescribed Fires and Acres Year to Date (By Ownership)

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest	FIREs	1	23	2	0	0	56	82
	ACRES	400	17,560	50	0	0	6,495	24,505
Northern California	FIREs	0	0	5	7	0	99	111
	ACRES	0	143	1,630	185	0	6,947	8,905
Southern California	FIREs	0	2	1	0	0	96	99
	ACRES	0	58	460	0	0	1,783	2,301
Northern Rockies	FIREs	9	25	6	0	0	20	60
	ACRES	3,550	3,022	8	0	0	1,503	8,083
Great Basin	FIREs	1	19	1	8	30	32	91
	ACRES	8	1,182	560	78	895	6,276	8,999
Southwest	FIREs	6	21	12	4	0	69	112
	ACRES	225	15,741	2,235	4,539	0	10,798	33,538
Rocky Mountain	FIREs	3	30	11	9	30	68	151
	ACRES	241	5,794	3,167	148	1,771	18,397	29,518
Eastern Area	FIREs	20	0	46	5	333	63	467
	ACRES	38,795	0	8,467	6,352	21,673	35,522	110,809
Southern Area	FIREs	78	0	113	10	5,451	535	6,187
	ACRES	14,498	0	88,967	13,974	352,868	477,826	948,133
TOTAL	FIREs	118	120	197	43	5,844	1,038	7,360
	ACRES	57,717	43,500	105,544	25,276	377,207	565,547	1,174,791

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>.

Predictive Services Discussion: Breezy and dry conditions over the southwest U.S. this weekend will give way to precipitation on Monday for some of the desert southwest as a closed low pressure system moves into the region from Mexico. For the southeast U.S. there will be a break in the recent storm pattern this weekend, with showers and thunderstorms resuming early next week along a stalled frontal zone from the southern Rockies through the mid-Atlantic. There will also be a series of upper level troughs of low pressure moving inland from the Pacific Northwest through the Rockies and high Plains with widespread precipitation, including mountain snowfall. The northeast quarter of the Nation will also see upper level disturbances and associated frontal boundaries focus moist and unsettled weather from the Great Lakes through New England. By late next week the weather pattern will become more consolidated with a strong ridge of high pressure over the west and a deep trough of low pressure impacting the eastern half of the U.S.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>

This report contains information derived from the National Fire and Aviation Management Web Applications (FAMWEB) system and other sources to provide relative information about emerging and ongoing incident activity. This information is considered operational in nature, is subject to change, and therefore may not match official year-to-date agency records.

**** National Interagency Coordination Center ****



Hazard Trees – Situational Awareness

Felling Safety Category

Snags (dead, standing trees without leaves or needles in the crowns) and green hazard trees present a significant threat to wildland firefighter safety. Snags typically have much lower fuel moistures than live, green trees; and they burn more readily. In the process, they often throw off embers creating spot fires in advance of the main fire. Snags may burn through more quickly than green trees and can fall without warning. Live, green trees weakened by insects, disease, weather, fire, and age presents another hazard and they can also fall without notice.

- The risk of serious injuries from hazard trees may increase during the night operational period when visibility is reduced.
- While work in cooler, nighttime environments can help control efforts, it also presents an increased risk from unseen falling snags and weakened live trees. Night operations should be restricted in areas of high risk rated dead and dying trees.
- Environmental conditions that increase risk from hazard trees: Strong or gusty winds from storm cells. Air operations - water or retardant drops, rotor wash from helicopters. Steep slopes with rolling material. Erosion and undercut root systems. Diseased or bug-killed areas (Mountain Pine Beetle).
- Things to consider when assessing the potential dangers of hazard trees: Trees have been burning for an extended period. High-risk tree species (those that are known for rot and shallow root systems) in the area. Numerous downed trees/material. Broken tops and dead limbs overhead. Accumulation of downed limbs, tree decay, cavities, splits, cracks, lack of needles, bark, limbs or other indicators of overhead hazards. Roots damaged by equipment, fire or erosion create hazards.
- Mitigation measures to take: Identify and establish No-Work-Zones (NWZ) in all high-risk areas until the hazard has been mitigated. Instruct firefighters of established NWZ in briefings. Identify with flagging/signs, and show area on maps. Establish lookouts to protect NWZs. Assign only qualified sawyers and Falling Bosses. Order additional professional fallers in advance. Use heavy equipment, and blasters when appropriate. Plan a quick and safe escape routes. Do not turn your back on a falling tree or known hazard. Use lookouts to maintain secure felling areas. Maintain situational awareness.

References:

[Hazard Tree Safety Web Page](#)

Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.

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