

**National Interagency Coordination Center**  
**Incident Management Situation Report**  
**Saturday, September 10, 2016 – 0530 MT**  
**National Preparedness Level 2**

**National Fire Activity**

Initial attack activity:	Light (66 new fires)
New large incidents:	0
Large fires contained:	1
Uncontained large fires:**	9
Area Command Teams Committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	3
Type 2 IMTs committed:	4

\*\*Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.  
[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

**Southern California Area (PL 3)**

New fires:	13
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	2
Type 1 IMTs committed:	2

**Soberanes**, San Benito-Monterey Unit, Cal Fire. IMT 1 (T. Kurth) and IMT 1 (Opliger). Seven miles northwest of Big Sur, CA. Timber, chaparral and tall grass. Active fire behavior with running, flanking and creeping. Numerous structures threatened. Evacuations, road, area and trail closures in effect.

**Cedar**, Sequoia NF. Five miles north of Alta Sierra, CA. Timber and chaparral. Minimal fire behavior. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		% Acres	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Soberanes	CA-BEU	103,242	743	60	Ctn	9/30	1,313	-19	18	64	17	68	188M	ST
Cedar	CA-SQF	29,322	0	97	Ctn	9/24	148	-169	5	2	2	6	58.1M	FS

**Northern California (PL 3)**

New fires:	15
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	2
Type 2 IMTs Committed:	2

**Gap**, Klamath NF. Transfer of command from IMT 2 (Young) to IMT 2 (J. Kurth) will occur tomorrow. Four miles east of Seiad Valley, CA. Timber, brush and hardwood slash. Active fire behavior with group torching, running and flanking. Numerous residences threatened. Road and area closures in effect.

**Saddle**, Butte Unit, Cal Fire. Six miles southeast of Paradise, CA. Timber, brush and chaparral. Minimal fire behavior.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Gap	CA-KNF	31,864	795	85	Ctn	9/30	1,190	-134	25	47	6	14	22.9M	FS
Saddle	CA-BTU	850	0	70	Ctn	9/10	1,055	-372	40	65	4	3	1.3M	ST

### Great Basin Area (PL 3)

New fires: 4  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 2  
 Type 1 IMTs committed: 1

**Pioneer**, Boise NF. IMT 1 (Martin). Eight miles north of Idaho City, ID. Timber. Active fire behavior with group torching and backing. Structures threatened. Evacuations, road, area and trail closures in effect.

**West Government Creek**, Uinta/Wasatch-Cache NF. Twenty miles southwest of Vernon, UT. Timber. Minimal fire behavior with uphill runs, creeping and smoldering. Sage-grouse habitat threatened. Reduction in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Pioneer	ID-BOF	182,445	871	56	Ctn	10/15	1,110	108	29	28	6	6	83.9M	FS
West Government Creek	UT-UWF	4,286	-20	75	Ctn	9/13	32	-70	1	2	0	0	760K	FS

### Northern Rockies Area (PL 2)

New fires: 3  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 1  
 Type 2 IMTs Committed: 2

**Copper King**, Lolo NF. IMT 2 (Staats). Seven miles east of Thompson Falls, MT. Timber. Minimal fire behavior. Residences threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

**Maple**, Yellowstone NP. IMT 2 (Hutton). Four miles northeast of West Yellowstone, MT. Timber and grass. Active fire behavior with single tree torching, backing and creeping. Structures threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Copper King	MT-LNF	28,534	0	70	Ctn	10/31	363	-11	6	13	2	0	25.4M	FS
Maple	WY-YNP	42,000	0	70	Comp	10/15	264	-8	5	11	3	0	5.4M	NPS

## Rocky Mountain (PL 2)

New fires:	10
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	2
NIMOs Committed:	1

**Beaver Creek**, Routt NF. NIMO (Houseman). NIMO is also managing the Broadway fire. Twenty-four miles north of Walden, CO. Timber and brush. Active fire behavior with torching, short crown runs and spotting. Numerous structures and sage-grouse habitat threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

**Broadway**, Medicine Bow NF. Thirty miles northwest of Walden, CO. Timber and brush. Active fire behavior with torching, short crown runs and spotting. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		% Acres	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Beaver Creek	CO-RTF	37,674	0	62	Ctn	10/21	187	9	0	9	4	17	27.7M	FS
Broadway	WY-MBF	1,002	296	4	Ctn	10/21	49	0	0	1	0	0	2.3M	FS
Starwood	CO-LRX	304	0	100	Ctn	---	37	-8	1	2	0	0	650K	CNTY

LRX - Larimer County

## Active Incident Resource Summary

GACC	Fires	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	2	59,822	7	7	3	280
ONCC	4	33,351	72	122	12	2,510
OSCC	8	248,600	50	91	25	2,551
NRCC	12	83,415	17	45	8	933
GBCC	14	221,929	40	61	14	1,627
SWCC	2	280	0	6	0	29
RMCC	5	58,342	2	13	5	313
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>705,739</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>8,243</b>

### Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	2	2	4
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	14	1	15
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	3	696	699
Southern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	11	2	13
	ACRES	0	0	0	1	1	740	742
Northern Rockies Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	2	1	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIREs	0	1	0	0	2	1	4
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	15	988	1,003
Southwest Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	85	85
Rocky Mountain Area	FIREs	0	2	1	0	4	3	10
	ACRES	0	97	0	0	16	10	123
Eastern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Southern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	14	0	14
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	168	0	168
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>66</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>2,520</b>	<b>2,821</b>

**Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIREs	0	182	0	0	341	18	541
	ACRES	0	394,875	0	0	104,822	3	499,700
Northwest Area	FIREs	294	237	28	26	1,111	572	2,268
	ACRES	35,892	337,728	2,117	2,480	18,497	46,077	442,791
Northern California Area	FIREs	100	7	1	25	2,221	335	2,689
	ACRES	139	11	1	5	37,739	40,470	78,365
Southern California Area	FIREs	11	84	9	41	2,611	315	3,071
	ACRES	5,971	30,032	370	1,086	178,268	234,432	450,159
Northern Rockies Area	FIREs	754	96	10	26	1,131	428	2,445
	ACRES	14,895	5,791	1,933	68,987	37,881	60,640	190,127
Great Basin Area	FIREs	29	676	7	51	558	454	1,775
	ACRES	12,444	298,658	3	17,991	150,487	259,865	739,448
Southwest Area	FIREs	669	227	10	63	977	1,068	3,014
	ACRES	86,508	66,480	6,976	32,186	131,388	243,062	566,600
Rocky Mountain Area	FIREs	738	411	14	22	1,077	462	2,724
	ACRES	22,670	26,534	615	2,128	457,244	76,009	585,200
Eastern Area	FIREs	490	0	25	19	5,802	364	6,700
	ACRES	2,007	0	1,087	910	33,587	7,159	44,750
Southern Area	FIREs	347	1	52	54	16,095	441	16,990
	ACRES	132,920	1	1,219	27,567	939,213	43,447	1,144,367
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>3,432</b>	<b>1,921</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>31,924</b>	<b>4,457</b>	<b>42,217</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>313,446</b>	<b>1,160,110</b>	<b>14,321</b>	<b>153,340</b>	<b>2,089,126</b>	<b>1,011,164</b>	<b>4,741,507</b>

<b>Ten Year Average Fires (2006 – 2015 as of today)</b>	<b>55,439</b>
<b>Ten Year Average Acres (2006 – 2015 as of today)</b>	<b>5,952,381</b>

**Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Ownership):**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIREs	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	1,000	0	0	0	69	1,069
Southwest Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	124	0	0	0	350	474
Eastern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	10	10
Southern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	9	0	9
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	453	0	453
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		0	1	0	0	9	1	11
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		0	1,124	0	0	453	429	2,006

### Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Ownership):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIREs	0	7	0	0	2	1	10
	ACRES	0	31,664	0	0	1,566	38	33,268
Northwest Area	FIREs	9	22	6	0	0	152	189
	ACRES	8,752	1,991	356	0	0	24,097	35,196
Northern California Area	FIREs	4	1	9	8	0	125	147
	ACRES	41	90	3,356	328	0	8,244	12,059
Southern California Area	FIREs	0	5	4	1	0	136	146
	ACRES	0	71	422	760	0	3,587	4,840
Northern Rockies Area	FIREs	12	12	53	11	14	154	256
	ACRES	5,316	4,358	12,318	651	698	15,499	38,840
Great Basin Area	FIREs	4	23	6	5	35	75	148
	ACRES	110	3,296	3,584	128	915	25,929	33,962
Southwest Area	FIREs	8	30	3	9	1	128	179
	ACRES	894	26,591	92	2,333	2	63,052	92,964
Rocky Mountain Area	FIREs	26	34	58	24	67	72	281
	ACRES	1,723	3,621	26,221	10,952	4,402	28,711	75,630
Eastern Area	FIREs	87	0	349	23	911	181	1,551
	ACRES	45,614	0	51,090	5,774	61,779	56,088	220,345
Southern Area	FIREs	21	0	198	65	10,743	924	11,951
	ACRES	4,269	0	165,034	51,546	679,414	843,783	1,744,046
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>171</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>11,773</b>	<b>1,948</b>	<b>14,858</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>66,719</b>	<b>71,682</b>	<b>262,473</b>	<b>72,472</b>	<b>748,776</b>	<b>1,069,028</b>	<b>2,291,150</b>

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*

Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>

**Predictive Services Discussion:** Scattered showers and thunderstorms will continue along a cold front from Texas to the Great Lakes. Scattered thunderstorms will also develop along the Gulf Coast. A few showers and thunderstorms will linger in the southern Rockies. Cool weather will continue over the Rockies, the Plains and Great Lakes regions, while very warm to hot conditions continue in the Southwest and much of California. Warmer conditions will spread into the Northwest. Warm weather will continue in the deep South through the mid-Atlantic.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>

## HAZARD TREE FELLING TIPS 1

*Felling Safety Category*

Felling a hazard tree requires accurate risk assessment and complexity analysis, and demands the sawyer's full situational awareness. In all cases, remember to establish and maintain a secure felling area.

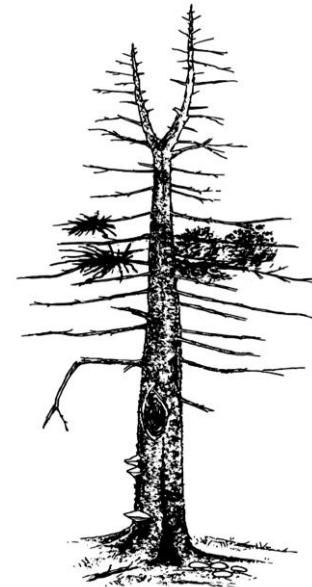
Do not bypass hazard trees without taking some action such as felling or establishing a No-Work-Zone.

Degree of hazard varies with tree size, species, and type/location of defect:

- Stem defects resulting in tree failure, i.e., collapse;
- Weakened sapwood resulting in loss of control when falling trees & limits solid wood for wedging;
- Overhead hazards, i.e., dead or hanging limbs falling on the faller.
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### **Indicators of potential felling hazards:**

**Dead Limbs:** limbs of all sizes and species with decay evident cracking, or loose hung-up limbs. Avoid working under overhead hazards.



**Witches Broom:** caused by mistletoe infection, limbs can grow very large and heavy (200+ lbs).

**Split Trunk:** cracked trunk from frost, lightning or wind. Visible evidence of advanced decay indicates serious weakness where the tree could fail.

**Stem Damage:** caused by windfall, scarring, fire, machine, and animal damage, as well as heart rot diseases.

**Thick Sloughing Bark or Sloughing Sapwood:** usually found on dead trees. Loose bark on Douglas fir or loose sapwood on wind snapped cedars can dislodge during falling.

**Butt and Stem Cankers:** usually found on deciduous trees but can occur on Douglas fir and pine. The infected areas weaken the stem.

**Fungal Fruiting Bodies or Conks:** found on stems may indicate massive interior rot 1 – 2 yards above and below conk. Excessive resinosis (resin flow) also indicates heart or root diseases.

**Heavy Tree Lean:** may be caused by damaged roots or lifting root mats, shallow or wet soils. In some cases, the tree may have corrected itself which can be determined by looking for corrected top growth.

**Root Condition:** look for any ground cracks around the base of the tree, signs of decay or fungal conks on the roots.

**Cat Face:** look for enough solid wood to construct an effective undercut and back cut.

### References:

[Hazard Tree Safety Web Page](#)

Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.