

**National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Friday, June 22, 2018 – 0530 MT
National Preparedness Level 2**

National Fire Activity

Initial Attack Activity:	Light (131) new fires
New large incidents:	7
Large fires contained:	4
Uncontained large fires:**	11
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1
Type 2 IMTs committed:	2

Nationally, there are 32 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.

**Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

Active Incident Resource Summary						
GACC	Incidents	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AICC	2	54,181	7	1	4	199
NWCC	4	14,725	7	19	3	188
ONCC	2	2,936	4	5	0	94
OSCC	3	4,933	2	4	0	69
NRCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
GBCC	5	19,075	18	32	9	818
SWCC	8	87,456	14	17	6	493
RMCC	7	61,324	18	32	5	934
EACC	1	60	0	0	1	81
SACC	6	25,464	0	3	0	63
Total	38	270,154	70	113	28	2,939

Rocky Mountain Area (PL 2)

New fires:	2
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	3
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1

416, San Juan NF. Transfer of command from IMT 1 (Pechota) to NIMO (Reinarz) will occur today. Thirteen miles north of Durango, CO. Timber and brush. Minimal fire behavior. Numerous residences threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Badger Creek, Medicine Bow-Routt NF. Two miles northwest of Mountain Home, WY. Timber. Minimal fire behavior. Numerous residences and sage-grouse habitat threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Burro, San Juan NF. Fourteen miles south of Rico, CO. Timber. Minimal fire behavior. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
416	CO-SJF	34,184	7	37	Ctn	7/31	548	-84	10	15	3	0	21.2M	FS
Badger Creek	WY-MRF	20,357	0	94	Ctn	6/30	146	-114	3	9	2	3	6.3M	FS
Burro	CO-SJF	3,747	6	53	Ctn	8/1	134	-126	2	1	0	0	2.2M	FS

Great Basin Area (PL 2)

New fires: 22
 New large incidents: 1
 Uncontained large fires: 2
 Type 2 IMTs committed: 1

Trail Mountain, Manti-Lasal NF. IMT 2 (Roide). Fifteen miles northwest of Orangeville, UT. Timber and brush. Active fire behavior with wind-driven runs, group torching and spotting. Structures and sage-grouse habitat threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Upper Colony, Carson City District Office, BLM. Fifteen miles southwest of Yerington, NV. Closed timber litter and brush. Minimal fire behavior. Structures and sage-grouse habitat threatened.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Trail Mountain	UT-MLF	15,720	821	59	Ctn	7/11	417	-91	8	17	4	4	8.5M	FS
Upper Colony	NV-CCD	1,202	0	84	Ctn	6/27	257	-24	6	9	2	0	1.7M	BLM
* Chaparral	UT-SLD	652	---	100	Ctn	---	74	---	2	4	1	0	150K	BLM
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Willow Creek	UT-UWF	1,311	0	77	Comp	10/11	21	-37	0	2	0	0	627K	FS

SLD – Salt Lake District UWF – Uinta/Wasatch-Cache NF

Northwest Area (PL 1)

New fires: 39
 New large incidents: 2
 Uncontained large fires: 3
 Type 2 IMTs committed: 1

* **Boxcar 0410 RN**, Prineville District, BLM. IMT2 (Gales) is mobilizing. One mile southeast of Maupin, OR. Timber, brush and short grass. Active fire behavior with wind-driven runs. Residences threatened.

* **Graham 0420 OD**, Sisters Unit, ODF. Fifteen miles north of Sisters, OR. Timber, brush and short grass. Extreme fire behavior with running, torching and wind-driven runs. Numerous residences threatened. Evacuations and road closures in effect.

Milepost Twenty Two, Southeast Region, Washington DNR. Four miles northwest of Vantage, WA. Brush and tall grass. Active fire behavior with backing. Area and road closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Boxcar 0410 RN	OR-PRD	7,000	---	0	Ctn	6/30	73	---	3	7	1	0	100K	PRI
* Graham 0420 OD	OR-955S	750	---	0	Ctn	6/30	54	---	2	5	0	0	100K	PRI
Milepost Twenty Two	WA-SES	4,620	2,920	50	Ctn	6/25	45	0	2	3	2	0	150K	ST

Southwest Area (PL 3)

New fires: 6
 New large incidents: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 3

San Antonio, Valles Caldera National Preserve, NPS. Eighteen miles northwest of Los Alamos, NM. Timber and short grass. Moderate fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Structures threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Cottonwood, Cimarron District, New Mexico State Forestry. Twelve miles north of Cimarron, NM. Timber, brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior.

Buzzard, Gila NF. Ten miles east of Reserve, NM. Timber. Active fire behavior with backing and flanking. Structures threatened. No new information.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
San Antonio	NM-VCP	416	-79	60	Ctn	7/15	224	-26	7	5	3	0	2M	NPS
Cottonwood	NM-N2S	405	0	95	Ctn	6/21	35	-3	1	1	0	0	390K	ST
Buzzard	NM-GNF	47,633	---	83	Ctn	7/5	100	---	2	1	2	0	13.8M	FS
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Willow	NM-GNF	592	0	0	Comp	7/15	12	7	1	0	0	0	165K	FS

Alaska Area (PL 1)

New fires: 5
 New large incidents: 3
 Uncontained large fires: 0

Dulby Hot Springs, Galena Zone, Alaska Fire Service. Previously reported incident. Sixty-one miles northeast of Galena, AK. Timber. Active fire behavior with backing and torching. Last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

Webber Creek, Upper Yukon Zone, Alaska Fire Service. Thirty-two miles east of Circle Hot Springs, AK. Timber and short grass. Moderate fire behavior with isolated torching. Last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

Door Mountains, Southwest Area, Alaska DOF. Previously reported incident. Twenty-seven miles west of Lime Village, AK. Timber and Short Grass. Minimal fire behavior. Last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Dulby Hot Springs	AK-GAD	38,052	11,187	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	22K	BLM
Webber Creek	AK-UYD	4,233	1289	0	Comp	10/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	NR	NPS
Door Mountains	AK-SWS	10,454	9,102	0	Comp	7/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	2K	ST
Little Melozitna River	AK-TAD	9,313	1531	0	Comp	7/31	0	0	0	0	0	0	NR	ST
* Swift Fork	AK-TAD	3,527	---	0	Comp	UNK	0	---	0	0	0	0	1K	ST
Unalakleet River	AK-GAD	3341	2,857	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	13K	BLM
* Purcell	AK-GAD	2,564	---	0	Comp	9/1	0	---	0	0	0	0	1K	BLM
Lynx Creek	AK-TAD	2,382	1,482	0	Comp	7/15	0	0	0	0	0	0	1K	ST
* Snohomish	AK-TAD	311	---	0	Comp	7/15	0	---	0	0	0	0	1K	ST
Louise Creek Coal Seam 2018	AK-FAS	763	-1135	0	Comp	6/27	55	9	2	1	1	0	200K	ST
Bella Creek	AK-SWS	2,631	237	0	Comp	7/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	6K	ST
Gweek	AK-SWS	446	0	0	Comp	7/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1K	FWS
Our Creek	AK-SWS	181	10	0	Comp	7/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1K	ST
Devils Elbow	AK-SWS	180	0	0	Comp	7/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	10K	PRI
Bear Paw	AK-TAD	487	26	0	Comp	7/10	0	0	0	0	0	0	NR	NPS
Deniktaw Ridge	AK-GAD	18,387	0	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	1	0	1	0	428K	PRI
Tusikpak Lake	AK-GAD	14,547	0	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	88K	BLM
North Innoko	AK-GAD	1,718	1	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	28K	FWS
Fairhaven Creek	AK-GAD	1,908	0	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4K	ST
Rabbit River	AK-GAD	837	137	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	45K	FWS

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Continental Divide	AK-GAD	558	0	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	NR	BLM
Tumit Creek	AK-GAD	517	0	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	NR	BLM
Hather Creek	AK-GAD	256	0	0	Comp	9/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1K	BLM
Zitziana River	AK-TAD	34,380	0	0	Comp	10/1	144	-1	5	0	3	2	1.4M	ST
Kilolitna River	AK-TAD	12,800	0	0	Comp	10/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	NR	BLM
Haystack	AK-TAD	421	0	0	Comp	10/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	NR	BLM
Trimokish Hills	AK-SWS	1,427	0	0	Comp	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	0	4K	PRI
Bismark	AK-GAD	876	0	0	Comp	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	0	144K	BLM
Kako Creek	AK-GAD	1,908	---	0	Comp	UNK	0	---	0	0	0	0	151K	BLM
Fishing Village	AK-GAD	318	---	0	Comp	UNK	0	---	0	0	0	0	152K	PRI
* Sec 29	AK-GAD	323	---	100	Comp	---	0	---	0	0	0	0	1K	BLM
Mooseheart	AK-TAD	52,700	22,909	100	Comp	---	0	0	0	0	0	0	1K	ST

Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	2	2	5
	ACRES	0	10,748	0	0	4	0	10,752
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	5	0	2	15	17	39
	ACRES	0	7,026	0	2	7,763	63	14,854
Northern California Area	FIRES	1	0	0	0	14	2	17
	ACRES	10	0	0	0	5	0	15
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	17	0	17
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1,202	0	1,202
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	3	1	4
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	4	0	4
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	3	0	0	19	0	22
	ACRES	0	5	0	0	14	0	19
Southwest Area	FIRES	4	0	0	0	1	1	6
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	50	107	157
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	1	0	16	1	18
	ACRES	0	0	303	0	129	0	432
TOTAL FIRES:		5	9	1	2	90	24	131
TOTAL ACRES:		10	17,779	303	2	9,171	170	27,435

Fire and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	77	0	0	134	10	221
	ACRES	0	209,137	0	0	19,686	57	228,880
Northwest Area	FIRES	53	49	10	4	361	133	610
	ACRES	496	9,377	1,512	2	8,529	133	20,049
Northern California Area	FIRES	37	10	0	1	890	119	1,057
	ACRES	18	728	0	0	6,875	502	8,123
Southern California Area	FIRES	13	23	3	8	1,533	118	1,698
	ACRES	19	541	4	256	17,886	998	19,704
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	382	1	0	0	98	38	519
	ACRES	2,425	1	0	0	964	30	3,420
Great Basin Area	FIRES	9	177	2	13	292	52	545
	ACRES	102	7,523	0	37	12,436	13,278	33,376
Southwest Area	FIRES	491	121	5	19	543	431	1,610
	ACRES	30,143	2,155	215	3,531	261,614	97,536	395,194
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	160	85	7	7	328	154	741
	ACRES	2,229	4,577	1,712	24	193,465	58,848	260,855
Eastern Area	FIRES	428	0	4	20	3,103	313	3,868
	ACRES	4,130	0	22	186	17,494	7,167	28,999
Southern Area	FIRES	399	67	37	37	15,730	282	16,552
	ACRES	115,077	310	3,226	18,972	1,007,452	27,340	1,172,377
TOTAL FIRES:		1,972	610	68	109	23,012	1,650	27,421
TOTAL ACRES:		154,639	234,349	6,691	23,008	1,546,400	205,890	2,170,976

Ten Year Average Fires (2008 – 2017 as of today)	28,761
Ten Year Average Acres (2008 – 2017 as of today)	1,739,826

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Ownership):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	11	11
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	78	78
Southern Area	FIRES	1	0	1	0	117	0	119
	ACRES	100	0	202	0	1,421	0	1,723
TOTAL FIRES:		1	0	1	0	117	1	120
TOTAL ACRES:		100	0	202	0	1,421	89	1,812

Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Ownership)

Areas		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	3	0	11	1	15
	ACRES	0	0	56	0	36,158	70	36,284
Northwest Area	FIRES	25	29	9	7	0	170	240
	ACRES	2,472	5,546	4,497	414	0	45,984	58,913
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	3	9	16	1	125	154
	ACRES	0	1,792	5,627	1,938	35	18,066	27,458
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	2	3	2	0	130	137
	ACRES	0	90	405	48	0	12,550	13,093
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	9	13	39	3	4	110	178
	ACRES	3,006	12,437	10,191	12,203	257	13,757	51,851
Great Basin Area	FIRES	2	18	2	4	31	72	129
	ACRES	75	2,239	40	67	2,315	23,231	27,967
Southwest Area	FIRES	10	15	7	4	1	95	132
	ACRES	1,676	12,963	204	836	51	70,035	85,765
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	16	38	24	9	37	112	236
	ACRES	2,196	4,204	15,594	263	9,026	46,189	77,472
Eastern Area	FIRES	57	0	148	29	1,045	227	1,506
	ACRES	31,884	0	23,483	7,669	90,721	71,775	225,532
Southern Area	FIRES	72	0	148	37	59,317	968	60,542
	ACRES	18,920	0	124,044	120,230	2,347,416	966,394	3,577,004
TOTAL FIRES:		191	118	392	111	60,447	2,010	63,269
TOTAL ACRES:		60,229	39,271	184,141	143,668	2,485,979	1,268,051	4,181,339

*** **Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.**

***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>

Canadian Fires and Hectares

PROVINCES	FIRES YESTERDAY	HECTACRES YESTERDAY	FIRES YEAR-TO- DATE	HECTACRES YEAR-TO-DATE
BRITISH COLUMBIA	112	0	401	36,833
YUKON TERRITORY	2	0	15	4,569
ALBERTA	7	9	594	30,297
NORTHWEST TERRITORY	0	0	11	1,701
SASKATCHEWAN	7	8,830	234	42,294
MANITOBA	0	21	221	74,847
ONTARIO	8	224	275	9,714
QUEBEC	0	0	252	2,790
NEWFOUNDLAND	0	0	65	114
NEW BRUNSWICK	2	0	187	192
NOVA SCOTIA	1	0	121	191
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	0	0	0	0
NATIONAL PARKS	0	0	42	48,342
TOTALS	139	9,084	2,418	251,884

*1 Hectare = 2.47 Acres

Predictive Services Discussion: Cooler conditions are expected across the northwestern portion of the country as a cold front continues to push east into the northern Great Plains. Scattered showers and storms will continue to be possible across the Northern Rockies. Critical fire weather conditions may be present across the Great Basin as breezy winds interact with warm and dry air. Temperatures across the Southwest will be slightly less hot but will remain elevated across Southern California as the ridge of high pressure retreats to the west slightly. Looking east, widespread showers and storms will be possible across the upper Mississippi River Valley and across the southern portion of the Great Lakes as a low pressure area and cold front begin to move north. In Alaska, high pressure across the Interior and low pressure along the West Coast will linger; however, a slight decrease in instability and moisture availability will restrict convective development to areas along the Brooks Range.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



Fire Shelter Deployment

Operational Engagement

Firefighters must never rely on fire shelters, but instead should depend on well-defined and pre-located escape routes and safety zones. However, if the need for shelter deployment should ever arise, it is imperative that the firefighter knows how to deploy and use the shelter.

- Don't think of your fire shelter as a tactical tool.
- Recognize when deployment is your only option. When considering escape, remember that you can hold your breath for only about 15 seconds while running through flames or superheated air.
- If time runs out while attempting to escape, get on the ground before the flame front arrives and finish deploying on the ground. Death is almost certain if the fire catches a person off the ground. (The optimal survival zone with or without a shelter is within a foot of the ground.) Once entrapped, the highest priority is to protect the lungs and airways.
- When deploying, remove packs and place them away from the deployment area.
- Even though deploying your shelter is a last resort, time is critical when entrapped. Play it safe; give yourself ample time to deploy. Failure to adequately anticipate the severity and timing of the turnover and failure to utilize the best location and proper deployment techniques contributed to the fatalities and injuries on the Thirty Mile incident. Don't let the cost of opening a shelter become a factor in your decision.
- Before passing through superheated gases, try to close the front of your shroud. You can take your shelter out of the plastic bag and use it for a heat shield to pass quickly through a hot area. If you use the shelter in this way, don't drop it or allow it to snag on brush. Remember that your lungs are still vulnerable.
- If flames contact the shelter, the glass/foil fabric heats up more rapidly. If flame contact is prolonged, spots of aluminum foil can melt or tear away, reducing protection. Even if this happens, it is still safer inside the shelter. Your flame-resistant clothing becomes your backup protection. It's even more critical to keep your nose pressed to the ground and stay in your shelter.
- Remember, direct contact with flames or hot gases is the biggest threat to your shelter. It is vital to deploy in a spot that offers the least chance of such contact. The heavier the fuels, the bigger your fuel break needs to be.
- Remember, once you commit yourself to the shelter, stay there. No matter how bad it gets inside, it is usually much worse outside. If you panic and leave the shelter, one breath of hot, toxic gases could damage your lungs. Suffocation may follow. Most firefighters were killed as a result of heat-damaged airways and lungs, not by external burns. Protect your airways and lungs at all costs by keeping your face close to the ground and staying in your shelter.

If your crew becomes entrapped, identify everything you and your crew/team are going to do to survive (start your discussion using pages 30-31 in your IRPG).

Activity: Consider having a mock fire shelter deployment exercise in realistic terrain and fuels using practice shelters (no live fire). Assess the exercise using an AAR.

Resources:

[Your Fire Shelter Guide and Video](#), [Incident Response Pocket Guide](#), [Interagency Standards for Fire & Fire Aviation Operations](#)

[Wildland fire Incident Management Field Guide](#)

Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.

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