

**National Interagency Coordination Center  
Incident Management Situation Report  
Friday, November 2, 2018 – 0800 MT  
National Preparedness Level 1**

**National Fire Activity**

Initial Attack Activity:	Light (278) new fires
New large incidents:	2
Large fires contained:	2
Uncontained large fires:**	1
Area Command teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	2
Type 2 IMTs committed:	1

\*\*Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

<b>Active Incident Resource Summary</b>						
<b>GACC</b>	<b>Incidents</b>	<b>Cumulative Acres</b>	<b>Crews</b>	<b>Engines</b>	<b>Helicopters</b>	<b>Total Personnel</b>
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	1	175,258	2	0	0	225
ONCC	0	550	0	0	0	0
OSCC	1	1,490	4	8	2	168
NRCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
GBCC	2	9,446	2	11	0	56
SWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
RMCC	1	866	0	0	0	4
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	5	5	4	5	0	301
<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>187,615</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>754</b>

**Southern Area (PL 2)**

New fires:	138
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	0
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	2

**FNF Hurricane Michael – Roads**, National Forests in Florida. IMT 1 (Dueitt). Personnel are assessing and repairing damage to trails, roads, infrastructure and recreation areas managed by the Apalachicola NF. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

**Chipola Support**, Florida Forest Service. Transfer of command from Florida IMT 1 (Mousel) to Florida IMT 1 (Dolan) occurred on 10/30. Personnel are coordinating repair and recovery efforts and wildfire response. Road closures in effect.

**Hurricane Florence**, National Forests in North Carolina. Transfer of command from NIMO (Houseman) to the local unit will occur tomorrow. Personnel are assessing and repairing damage to trails, roads and recreation areas managed by the Croatan NF. Road, area, and trail closures in effect. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
FNF Hurricane Michael – Roads	FL-FNF	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11/30	138	13	0	0	0	0	1.2M	FS
Chipola Support	FL-FLS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12/1	104	-28	4	4	0	27	1.9M	ST
Hurricane Florence	NC-NCF	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11/30	55	-10	0	0	0	0	1.4M	FS

#### **Northwest Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 4  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 1  
 Type 2 IMTs committed: 1

**Klondike**, Rogue River-Siskiyou NF. Transfer of command from IMT 2 (Knerr) to IMT 2 (Johnson) occurred on 10/28. Nine miles northwest of Selma, OR. Timber and brush. Minimal fire behavior. Numerous residences threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Klondike	OR-RSF	175,258	812	80	Ctn	11/30	225	-287	2	0	0	0	95.8M	FS

#### **Northern California Area (PL 2)**

New fires: 58  
 New large incidents: 1  
 Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* June	CA-BTU	550	---	100	Ctn	---	0	---	0	0	0	0	200K	ST

BTU – Butte Unit, Cal Fire

**Rocky Mountain Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 3  
New large incidents: 1  
Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* East Logan	CO-LOX	866	---	100	Ctn	---	4	---	0	0	0	0	10K	C&L

LOX – Logan County

**Fires and Acres Last Week (by Protection):**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	3	1	4
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	54	4	58
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	586	1	587
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	1	1	1	46	8	57
	ACRES	0	0	2	0	17	760	779
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	1	1	3
	ACRES	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	6	1	7
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	539	152	691
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	2	0	0	0	1	3
	ACRES	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Southern Area	FIRES	2	0	0	0	136	0	138
	ACRES	11	0	0	0	3,975	0	3,986
TOTAL FIRES:		2	4	1	1	252	18	278
TOTAL ACRES:		11	3	2	0	5,119	917	6,052

**Fire and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):**

<b>Area</b>		<b>BIA</b>	<b>BLM</b>	<b>FWS</b>	<b>NPS</b>	<b>ST/OT</b>	<b>USFS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	123	0	0	206	38	<b>367</b>
	ACRES	0	364,642	0	0	46,013	28	<b>410,683</b>
Northwest Area	FIRES	305	255	33	36	2,084	937	<b>3,650</b>
	ACRES	25,383	341,418	53,416	4,332	416,653	495,628	<b>1,336,830</b>
Northern California Area	FIRES	70	21	3	34	2,728	443	<b>3,299</b>
	ACRES	3,707	2,886	7	42,981	748,346	522,265	<b>1,320,192</b>
Southern California Area	FIRES	46	78	6	57	3,458	417	<b>4,062</b>
	ACRES	907	1,517	7	11,917	43,351	160,937	<b>218,637</b>
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	851	58	5	17	828	470	<b>2,229</b>
	ACRES	7,973	931	2,940	20,150	20,855	76,565	<b>129,414</b>
Great Basin Area	FIRES	40	922	5	41	1,066	538	<b>2,612</b>
	ACRES	16,813	1,057,025	0	868	460,475	623,482	<b>2,158,663</b>
Southwest Area	FIRES	701	242	9	59	810	1,286	<b>3,107</b>
	ACRES	33,066	5,477	426	17,630	293,445	175,038	<b>525,082</b>
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	442	528	10	37	928	483	<b>2,428</b>
	ACRES	4,280	141,470	1,614	282	378,629	213,150	<b>739,424</b>
Eastern Area	FIRES	469	0	19	27	4,417	368	<b>5,300</b>
	ACRES	4,156	0	1,035	190	27,730	7,241	<b>40,352</b>
Southern Area	FIRES	445	67	41	59	23,074	350	<b>24,036</b>
	ACRES	118,211	310	8,682	20,931	1,190,708	29,493	<b>1,368,334</b>
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>3,369</b>	<b>2,294</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>39,599</b>	<b>5,330</b>	<b>51,090</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>214,496</b>	<b>1,915,676</b>	<b>68,127</b>	<b>119,281</b>	<b>3,626,204</b>	<b>2,303,827</b>	<b>8,247,610</b>

<b>Ten Year Average Fires (2008 – 2017 as of today)</b>	<b>56,928</b>
<b>Ten Year Average Acres (2008 – 2017 as of today)</b>	<b>6,503,835</b>

**Prescribed Fires and Acres Last Week (by Ownership):**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	1	1	24	26
	ACRES	467	0	0	84	113	2,507	3,171
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	1	1	0	1	4	7
	ACRES	0	14	55	251	9	994	1,323
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	520	520
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	1	0	1	23	20	45
	ACRES	0	86	0	3	1,011	1,407	2,507
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	1	4	6
	ACRES	0	195	0	0	19	532	746
Southwest Area	FIRES	2	1	1	0	0	8	12
	ACRES	45	190	79	87	0	4,040	4,441
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	1	2	2	3	10	18
	ACRES	6	106	110	5,090	1,375	1,216	7,903
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	4	0	4	1	9
	ACRES	0	0	592	0	133	38	763
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	1	0	1,401	8	1,410
	ACRES	0	0	94	0	16,800	1,417	18,311
TOTAL FIRES:		2	5	9	4	1,434	82	1,536
TOTAL ACRES:		518	591	930	5,515	19,460	12,671	39,685

**Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Ownership)**

Areas		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	3	0	11	1	15
	ACRES	0	0	56	0	36,158	70	36,284
Northwest Area	FIRES	39	36	33	11	9	259	387
	ACRES	11,120	11,837	5,220	584	802	63,578	93,141
Northern California Area	FIRES	4	4	12	19	5	162	206
	ACRES	184	1,806	5,909	2,427	656	24,020	35,002
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	2	11	3	0	138	154
	ACRES	0	90	3,737	51	0	14,506	18,384
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	13	19	44	7	48	297	428
	ACRES	3,854	12,627	12,583	12,215	2,165	29,398	72,842
Great Basin Area	FIRES	2	22	7	5	34	94	164
	ACRES	75	2,517	4,230	1,867	2,475	28,864	40,028
Southwest Area	FIRES	21	17	8	5	8	194	253
	ACRES	4,478	13,205	283	1,130	804	96,218	116,118
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	43	41	34	12	110	138	378
	ACRES	4,775	4,596	19,125	3,955	12,050	51,060	95,561
Eastern Area	FIRES	57	0	249	32	1,146	283	1,767
	ACRES	32,016	0	32,043	7,671	109,156	74,221	255,107
Southern Area	FIRES	77	0	168	31	115,026	1,013	116,315
	ACRES	19,170	0	141,320	120,876	4,235,133	979,481	5,495,980
TOTAL FIRES:		256	141	569	125	116,397	2,579	120,067
TOTAL ACRES:		75,672	46,678	224,506	150,776	4,399,399	1,361,417	6,258,448

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

\*\*\* Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>

**Predictive Service Discussion:** The main concern of the week will be a continuance of off shore winds across Southern California and northerly winds across Northern California that should persist for the majority of the week. The most favorable periods for strong winds across southern portions of the state will be the first half of the work week when the easterly pressure gradient strengthens. Across northern California, there should be two peaks in activity, one on Tuesday and the other on Friday. Looking elsewhere, colder than average conditions are expected across the Great Plains through the week. While in the East the warmer than average, wet conditions early in the week will be replaced by a cold, breezy, but dry westerly flow by mid-week. West of the Continental Divide, temperatures will continue to be 5-10 degrees above average except in lower elevations where seasonal temperature inversions will persist in valley bottoms.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



## Hazard Tree Felling – Hang-Ups

*Felling Safety Category*

Felling a hung-up hazard tree is a particularly hazardous and complex task. Safely felling a hang-up requires extreme caution and expertise.

The following are some topics sawyers should review during tailgate safety discussions to address felling hang-up hazard trees:

### Size up and Evaluation:

- Cut/No Cut (walk-a-way). Is tree secure and does it need to come down?
- What type of hang up? In a fork, pinched between two trees or resting on limbs?
- Vertical hang ups have increased complexities.
- Condition of all relevant trees; live, dead, rot, etc. Does the hang up tree have any weak areas that could fail?
- Obscured view of top?
- If sawyer is unsure of outcome do not attempt to cut leaner.



### Operational Considerations:

- Escape routes for unforeseen circumstances?
- Consider falling trees as a group.
- Consider face cuts versus slash cuts for directional control.
- Rope Technique allows increased distance from danger zones

### Alternative Mitigations:

- Blasting
- Heavy equipment/cable
- No Work Zones

Discuss any personal lessons learned with hang-up trees that you may have experienced.

Resources: [Missouri Ridge Tree Felling Incident](#), [NWCG Procedures for Hang Up Trees](#)

**Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.**

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