

**National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Friday, June 7, 2019 – 0530 MT
National Preparedness Level 1**

National Fire Activity

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Initial attack activity: | Light (123) new fires |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Large fires contained: | 1 |
| Uncontained large fires:** | 5 |
| Area Command teams committed: | 0 |
| NIMOs committed: | 0 |
| Type 1 IMTs committed: | 0 |
| Type 2 IMTs committed: | 0 |

Nationally, there are 6 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.

**Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

[Link](#) to Understanding the IMSR.

Five wildland fire suppression crews and sixteen overhead personnel are assigned to support large fires in Alberta, Canada.

| Active Incident Resource Summary | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-----------------|
| GACC | Incidents | Cumulative Acres | Crews | Engines | Helicopters | Total Personnel |
| AICC | 3 | 34,769 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 159 |
| NWCC | 2 | 20,673 | 8 | 67 | 2 | 442 |
| ONCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OSCC | 1 | 1,127 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 |
| NRCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GBCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SWCC | 5 | 14,156 | 10 | 20 | 2 | 324 |
| RMCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EACC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SACC | 15 | 4,474 | 0 | 40 | 2 | 174 |
| Total | 26 | 75,199 | 24 | 130 | 9 | 1,105 |

Southern Area (PL 2)

New fires: 27
 New large incidents: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 2

Smith Still, National Forests in Florida. Eleven miles east of White Springs, FL. Southern rough and timber. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering.

360G, National Forests in Florida. Ten miles southwest of Tallahassee, FL. Short grass and timber. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size | | % | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel | | Resources | | | Strc Lost | \$\$ CTD | Origin Own |
|---------------|--------|-------|------|----|--------------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Acres | Chge | | | | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli | | | |
| Smith Still | FL-FNF | 515 | 0 | 48 | Ctn | 06/07 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 150K | FS |
| 360G | FL-FNF | 521 | 0 | 95 | Ctn | 06/30 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 210K | FS |

Southwest Area (PL 2)

New fires: 37
 New large incidents: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 1

Maroon, Coconino NF. Thirteen miles northeast of Flagstaff, AZ. Brush and timber. Minimal fire behavior.

Coldwater, Coconino NF. Previously reported incident. Twelve miles northwest of Strawberry, AZ. Timber and brush. Active fire behavior with running, flanking and backing. Structures threatened. Last narrative unless significant activity occurs.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size | | % | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel | | Resources | | | Strc Lost | \$\$ CTD | Origin Own |
|--|--------|-------|-------|----|--------------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Acres | Chge | | | | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli | | | |
| Maroon | AZ-COF | 8,602 | 0 | 51 | Ctn | 07/15 | 47 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1.8M | FS |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coldwater | AZ-COF | 2,230 | 2,090 | 4 | Comp | 06/30 | 124 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 300K | FS |
| Deer | AZ-ASF | 570 | 235 | 15 | Comp | 06/30 | 39 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 85K | FS |

ASF – Apache-Sitgreaves NF

Alaska Area (PL 2)

New fires: 8
 New large incidents: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 0

Oregon Lakes, Military Zone, BLM. Previously reported incident. Started on DOD land eleven miles southwest of Delta Junction, AK. Tall grass and timber. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Numerous structures threatened. Last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size | | % | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel | | Resources | | | Strc Lost | \$\$ CTD | Origin Own |
|--|--------|--------|-------|----|--------------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Acres | Chge | | | | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli | | | |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oregon Lakes | AK-MID | 34,499 | 2,649 | 75 | Comp | 10/15 | 89 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4.4M | DOD |
| Melozitna | AK-TAD | 1,295 | 0 | 0 | Comp | 06/30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10K | ST |
| McArthur Creek | AK-TAS | 5,000 | --- | 0 | Comp | 06/20 | 15 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 49K | ST |
| East Fork Dennison | AK-TAS | 400 | --- | 0 | Comp | 07/30 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3K | ST |

TAS – Tok Area Forestry, Alaska DOF TAD – Tanana Zone, BLM

Southern California Area (PL 2)

New fires: 14
 New large incidents: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 0

Boulder, San Luis Obispo Unit, Cal Fire. Forty-two miles east of San Luis Obispo, CA. Tall grass. Minimal fire behavior.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size | | % | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel | | Resources | | | Strc Lost | \$\$ CTD | Origin Own |
|---------------|--------|-------|------|-----|--------------|-----|-----------|------|-----------|-----|------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Acres | Chge | | | | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli | | | |
| Boulder | CA-SLU | 1,127 | 377 | 100 | Ctn | --- | 6 | -107 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 50K | ST |

Northwest Area (PL 1)

New fires: 15
 New large incidents: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 2

243 Command, Spokane District, BLM. Thirteen miles west of Royal City, WA. Short grass and brush. Moderate fire behavior with creeping and smoldering.

Taylor Butte, Fremont-Winema NF. Twenty miles northeast of Chiloquin, OR. Timber. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Precipitation occurred over the fire area yesterday.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size | | % | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel | | Resources | | | Strc Lost | \$\$ CTD | Origin Own |
|---------------|--------|--------|-------|----|--------------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Acres | Chge | | | | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli | | | |
| 243 Command | WA-SPD | 20,380 | 1,606 | 65 | Ctn | 06/08 | 270 | -77 | 4 | 42 | 2 | 2 | 1M | BLM |
| Taylor Butte | OR-FWF | 293 | 0 | 50 | Ctn | 06/08 | 95 | 14 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 150K | FS |

Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

| Area | | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
|--------------------------|-------|----------|------------|----------|----------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 159 | 0 | 159 |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 15 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 293 | 296 |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 14 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,179 | 0 | 1,179 |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 31 | 37 |
| | ACRES | 1 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 11,171 | 11,332 |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 8 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 27 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 72 | 0 | 72 |
| TOTAL FIRES: | | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 60 | 53 | 123 |
| TOTAL ACRES: | | 1 | 112 | 0 | 1 | 1,474 | 11,467 | 13,055 |

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

| Area | | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
|--------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 104 | 10 | 155 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 33,991 | 0 | 0 | 6,639 | 4 | 40,634 |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 28 | 19 | 6 | 2 | 269 | 56 | 380 |
| | ACRES | 896 | 18,926 | 68 | 1 | 989 | 731 | 21,611 |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 514 | 59 | 578 |
| | ACRES | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,176 | 123 | 1,302 |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 7 | 32 | 2 | 2 | 825 | 57 | 925 |
| | ACRES | 6 | 56 | 2,500 | 0 | 4,214 | 70 | 6,846 |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 440 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 158 | 45 | 655 |
| | ACRES | 4,745 | 41 | 1,171 | 0 | 4,709 | 671 | 11,337 |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 5 | 53 | 0 | 5 | 72 | 21 | 156 |
| | ACRES | 6 | 380 | 0 | 8 | 119 | 12 | 526 |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 229 | 80 | 7 | 9 | 223 | 262 | 810 |
| | ACRES | 1,046 | 2,025 | 10 | 1,128 | 12,938 | 27,147 | 44,295 |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 57 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 43 | 245 |
| | ACRES | 464 | 126 | 5,043 | 0 | 12,900 | 3,247 | 21,780 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 280 | 0 | 7 | 13 | 2,097 | 221 | 2,618 |
| | ACRES | 559 | 0 | 52 | 508 | 19,663 | 5,519 | 26,301 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 184 | 0 | 22 | 31 | 9,020 | 184 | 9,441 |
| | ACRES | 22,128 | 0 | 831 | 1,748 | 120,612 | 12,838 | 158,157 |
| TOTAL FIRES: | | 1,231 | 263 | 53 | 63 | 13,395 | 958 | 15,963 |
| TOTAL ACRES: | | 29,853 | 55,545 | 9,675 | 3,393 | 183,960 | 50,364 | 332,791 |

***Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <https://qacc.nifc.gov/>

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Ten Year Average Fires (2009 – 2018 as of today) | 25,911 |
| Ten Year Average Acres (2009 – 2018 as of today) | 1,415,399 |

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Ownership):

| Area | | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
|--------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 8 |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 280 | 280 |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 52 |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 93 | 93 |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 500 | 1,372 | 1,872 |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 13 |
| | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 265 | 0 | 265 |
| TOTAL FIRES: | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 10 | 27 |
| TOTAL ACRES: | | 0 | 89 | 0 | 5 | 765 | 1,761 | 2,620 |

Canadian Fires and Hectares

| PROVINCES | FIRES YESTERDAY | HECTARES YESTERDAY | FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE | HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| BRITISH COLUMBIA | 3 | 1,660 | 430 | 11,474 |
| YUKON TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 29 | 16,116 |
| ALBERTA | 3 | 3,400 | 568 | 672,232 |
| NORTHWEST TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 15 | 2,288 |
| SASKATCHEWAN | 5 | 32 | 119 | 1,388 |
| MANITOBA | 1 | 0 | 107 | 8,698 |
| ONTARIO | 1 | 1 | 91 | 4,152 |
| QUEBEC | 4 | 1 | 62 | 29 |
| NEWFOUNDLAND | 0 | 0 | 51 | 88 |
| NEW BRUNSWICK | 2 | 0 | 104 | 148 |
| NOVA SCOTIA | 0 | 0 | 81 | 97 |
| PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 |
| NATIONAL PARKS | 0 | 0 | 22 | 82 |
| TOTALS | 19 | 5,093 | 1,680 | 716,800 |

*1 Hectare = 2.47 Acres

Predictive Services Discussion: A trough of low pressure over the West will deepen and bring cooler temperatures to areas west of the Continental Divide. Scattered showers and storms will continue across the Pacific Northwest and the Northern Rockies. Low pressure over the central Great Plains will focus the shower and storm activity over the Lower Midwest. The Deep South, including Georgia and northeastern Florida will begin to see a slight increase in shower and storm activity. In Alaska, high pressure will weaken and will allow for a very slight increase in the afternoon convection. Temperatures will remain above average, but afternoon humidities should remain slightly elevated.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



Firefighter Nutrition

Firefighter Health & First Aid

Nutrition is a critical part of the health and safety of wildland fire suppression personnel. This is the fuel for the body to perform the work and maintain cognitive abilities. Wildland firefighters on the fireline need 4,000-6,000 calories a day to not go into an energy deficit. Consider the following key points when choosing your meal:

- There are 3 major energy sources in food: carbohydrates, protein, and fats.
- Carbohydrates (also called sugar) offer an immediate source of energy for your body. They provide the fuel for your muscles and organs, such as your brain.
- Proteins are the basic building blocks of the human body. They are made up of amino acids that help build muscles, blood, skin, hair, nails and internal organs.
- Fat is an essential nutrient that provides energy, energy storage, insulation, and contour to the body.
- MTDC recommends eating 150-200 kcals every 2 hours during the work shift to maintain blood glucose and energy levels.

Carbohydrates:

- Studies on athletes have shown that carbohydrates are the most critical energy source for performance and health.
- Carbohydrates are your body's first choice for fuel. If given a choice of several types of foods simultaneously, your body will use the energy from carbohydrates first.
- If you do not eat enough carbohydrates, the following can occur:
 - Fatigue
 - Muscle cramps
 - Poor mental function
- The fire camp lunches (called shift food) are designed to allow firefighters small amounts of food (primarily carbohydrates) that can be easily eaten throughout the work shift.

Discussion Points:

How are you eating your fire lunch? Is it all at once or small amounts throughout the day? Think of long duration events (Ultra Runs, triathlons), do you see athletes stopping for a big meal or eating small amounts constantly throughout the race?

Resources:

[Eating for Health and Performance web presentation](#), [MTDC Tech Tip on Nutrition \(2007\)](#), [NWCG Fitness and Work Capacity Ch 10](#)