

**National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Friday, March 8, 2019 – 0800 MT
National Preparedness Level 1**

National Fire Activity

Initial Attack Activity:	light (83) new fires
New large incidents:	1
Large fires contained:	1
Uncontained large fires:**	1
Area Command teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	0
Type 2 IMTs committed:	0

**Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

[Link](#) to Understanding the IMSR.

Active Incident Resource Summary						
GACC	Incidents	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
ONCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
OSCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
GBCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWCC	1	565	4	4	2	122
RMCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	565	4	4	2	122

Southwest Area (PL 1)

New fires:	12
New large incidents:	1
Uncontained large fires:	1

* **Benton**, Coronado National Forest. Twenty miles east of Nogalez, AZ. Tall grass and brush. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Structures threatened.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Benton	AZ-CNF	565	---	20	Ctn	03/09	122	---	4	4	2	0	80K	FS

Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires: 61
 New large incidents: 0
 Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
College	OK-OKS	199	0	100	Ctn	---	2	0	0	1	0	0	5K	ST

OKS – Oklahoma DOF

Fires and Acres Last Week (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	3	1	4
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Southwest Area	FIRES	1	4	0	0	6	1	12
	ACRES	2	52	0	0	22	186	262
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	4	0	4
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Area	FIRES	5	0	0	0	50	6	61
	ACRES	44	0	0	0	198	14	256
TOTAL FIRES:		6	5	0	0	64	8	83
TOTAL ACRES:		46	53	0	0	225	200	524

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	4	3	8
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	12	4	17
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	13	0	13
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	1	1	0	70	5	77
	ACRES	0	3	0	0	7	0	10
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	6	1	0	0	0	1	8
	ACRES	1	9	0	0	0	15	25
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	6	0	1	2	0	9
	ACRES	0	6	0	0	1	11	18
Southwest Area	FIRES	15	24	2	2	40	15	98
	ACRES	34	1,300	0	135	2,785	335	4,589
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	2	1	0	0	7	6	16
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	2,226	2,485	4,711
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	99	6	105
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1,252	23	1,275
Southern Area	FIRES	43	0	2	1	1,995	31	2,072
	ACRES	706	0	450	2	36,356	1,819	39,333
TOTAL FIRES:		66	36	5	4	2,229	71	2,411
TOTAL ACRES:		741	1,318	450	137	42,643	4,688	49,976

Ten Year Average Fires (2009 – 2018 as of today)	6,919
Ten Year Average Acres (2009 – 2018 as of today)	212,474

Prescribed Fires and Acres Last Week (by Ownership):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	164	164
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	8	8
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	38	38
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	1	1	1	1	2	6
	ACRES	0	14	45	34	5	7	105
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	0	3	4
	ACRES	120	3,000	0	0	0	157	3,277
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	2	0	0	1	9	12
	ACRES	0	5	0	0	434	1,923	2,362
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	1,324	1,324
Southern Area	FIRES	6	0	4	1	2,112	59	2,182
	ACRES	750	0	9,338	600	120,778	49,825	181,291
TOTAL FIRES:		6	4	5	2	2,114	77	2,208
TOTAL ACRES:		870	3,019	9,383	634	121,217	53,446	188,569

Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Ownership)

Areas		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	6	0	1	0	7
	ACRES	0	0	25	0	150	0	175
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	9	1	0	0	9	19
	ACRES	0	381	4	0	0	883.5	1,268.5
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	1	0	27	28
	ACRES	0	42	3	4	0	1,171	1,220
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	2	2	0	0	32	36
	ACRES	1	65	34	0	0	1,770.5	1,870.5
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	51	51
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	7	1	3	8	11	30
	ACRES	16	226	45	41	154	120	602
Southwest Area	FIRES	1	8	4	0	7	35	55
	ACRES	315	3,739	243	0	0	1,872.5	6,169.5
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	2	11	2	4	29	76	124
	ACRES	29	241	25	340	2,192	29,664	32,491
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	11	0	114	12	137
	ACRES	0	0	1,596	0	4,613	8,128	14,337
Southern Area	FIRES	59	0	48	6	23,214	193	23,520
	ACRES	9,987	0	20,862	15,238	678,908	137,899.5	862,894.5
TOTAL FIRES:		62	37	75	14	23,373	400	23,961
TOTAL ACRES:		10,348	4,694	22,837	15,623	686,017	181,560	921,079

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

*** Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <http://gacc.nifc.gov/>

Predictive Service Discussion: The forecast period begins with critical fire weather conditions expected Friday across southeastern New Mexico and extreme West Texas as a passing fold front to the north introduces warm, dry, and breezy southwesterly flow across areas that have received little, if any precipitation over the past few months. To the north, along the Continental Divide, additional mountain snowfall is expected with the passage of the front. Severe storms will be possible early Saturday across the eastern portion of the southern Great Plains as the passing front gathers strength. The critical fire weather conditions will continue across eastern New Mexico and will move into northwestern Texas and western Oklahoma. In the East, expect mostly dry conditions through the weekend with near normal temperatures. Southern California and Arizona should receive additional moisture Sunday night and Monday as a strengthening low pressure area swings inland from the Pacific along the Mexican border. There is a chance that New Mexico and West Texas could receive some moisture Monday and Tuesday as the low pressure area approaches. Cool, wet conditions will continue across the majority of the West Tuesday and early Wednesday as another system moves on shore into the Pacific Northwest. However, a warming and drying trend should begin Thursday as high pressure moves on shore and strengthens. <http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



Managing Vehicle Traffic In Smoke

Vehicles/Roads Category

Smoke has the potential to cause safety hazards to vehicle traffic in the vicinity of active fires (both wildfires and prescribed), especially at night. The following traffic-related items should be considered and addressed in local unit planning documents prior to an incident/project.

- Identification, location, and phone numbers of local units that have law enforcement and traffic control responsibilities in the smoke-impacted areas. Review any local agreements with these agencies presently in place.
- Identification of important, public roads that may be impacted by smoke.
- Identification of adequate equipment and trained personnel to control traffic. This may include warning signs, communications equipment (preferably not using the active fire frequency) and vehicles equipped with warning or flashing lights.
- Identification and phone numbers of radio and television stations that can issue traffic advisories for the smoke-impacted area.
- Identification of alternative traffic routes as part of the incident/project traffic plan.
- Identification of traffic routes subject to temperature inversions as well as contributory factors such as fog and ice.
- When potential smoke-related problems are identified:
 - Advise the Incident Commander, Burn Boss, or Agency Administrator that severe smoke exists.
 - Notify local law enforcement units and highway departments of a potential problem.
 - Implement preplanned actions such as posting smoke warning signs.
 - Ensure that proper equipment is ready, and appropriate personnel are briefed on contingency plans and are available to control traffic.

Resources: [Incident Response Pocket Guide](#), [Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations](#), [Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide](#)