

**National Interagency Coordination Center**  
**Incident Management Situation Report**  
**Friday, January 10, 2020 – 0800 MT**  
**National Preparedness Level 1**

**National Fire Activity (January 3 – January 9, 2020)**

Initial attack activity:	Light (191 new fires)
New large incidents:	6
Large fires contained:	3
Uncontained large fires:***	4
Area Command teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	0
Type 2 IMTs committed:	0

Nationally, there are 0 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.

\*\*\* Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

[Link](#) to Understanding the IMSR.

This report will post every Friday at 0800 Mountain Time unless significant activity occurs.

Fifty-six wildland fire personnel are assigned to support large fires in New South Wales, Australia.

One hundred five wildland fire personnel are assigned to support large fires in Victoria, Australia.

Active Incident Resource Summary						
GACC	Incidents	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
ONCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
OSCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
GBCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
RMCC	3	3,751	0	27	0	100
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	8	2,783	0	31	1	98
<b>Total</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6,534</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>198</b>

### Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires:	161
New large incidents:	3
Uncontained large fires:	3

\* **Dogwood Trail**, Oklahoma Division of Forestry. Three miles northeast of Locust Grove, OK. Hardwood litter. Active fire behavior with uphill runs.

\* **Taylor Hwy 137**, Georgia Forestry Commission. Three miles southwest of Butler, GA. Hardwood litter and tall grass. Active fire behavior with running.

\* **Laura Lynn**, Oklahoma Division of Forestry. Five miles southeast of Ratliff City, OK. Brush and tall grass. Active fire behavior with running, flanking and backing.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		% Acres	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Dogwood Trail	OK-OKS	250	---	90	Ctn	1/11	4	---	0	2	0	0	6K	ST
* Taylor Hwy 137	GA-GAS	173	---	95	Ctn	1/10	11	---	0	1	1	0	8K	ST
* Laura Lynn	OK-OKS	400	---	75	Ctn	1/10	47	---	0	16	0	0	43K	ST
Briar Creek	OK-OMA	1,416	72	100	Ctn	---	6	-31	0	2	0	0	25K	BIA

OMA – Okmulgee Field Office, BIA

### Rocky Mountain Area (PL 1)

New fires:	3
New large incidents:	3
Uncontained large fires:	1

\* **Burrows Draw**, Pike and San Isabel National Forest, USFS. Four miles southeast of Campo, CO. Short grass. Moderate fire behavior. Structures threatened.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		% Acres	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Burrows Draw	CO-PSF	924	---	95	Ctn	1/11	22	---	0	2	0	0	35K	FS
* D165	KS-GWX	2,700	---	100	Ctn	---	50	---	0	16	0	0	NR	CNTY
* 52 <sup>nd</sup> Street	KS-RLX	127	---	100	Ctn	---	28	---	0	9	0	1	39K	CNTY

GWX – Greenwood County      RLX – Riley County

**Fires and Acres (by Protection) from January 3 to January 9, 2020:**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	8	0	8
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
Southern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	7	3	10
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	17	17
Northern Rockies Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest Area	FIREs	0	1	0	0	3	2	6
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	7	1	8
Rocky Mountain Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	2	1	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	3,178	573	3,751
Eastern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	38	38
Southern Area	FIREs	26	0	3	3	126	3	161
	ACRES	1,056	0	21	1	1,375	44	2,498
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>26</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>191</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>1,056</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4,565</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>6,317</b>

**Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	9	0	9
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
Southern California Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	17	4	21
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	18	17	35
Northern Rockies Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest Area	FIREs	0	1	0	0	3	2	6
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	7	1	8
Rocky Mountain Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	2	1	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	3,178	573	3,751
Eastern Area	FIREs	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1	38	39
Southern Area	FIREs	28	0	3	3	279	5	318
	ACRES	2,412	0	21	1	2,952	44	5,431
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>28</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>361</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>2,412</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6,162</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>9,270</b>

<b>Ten Year Average Fires (2009 – 2018 as of today)</b>	<b>215</b>
<b>Ten Year Average Acres (2009 – 2018 as of today)</b>	<b>6,319</b>

\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

\*\*\*Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <https://gacc.nifc.gov/>

**Prescribed Fires and Acres from January 3 to January 9, 2020 (by Ownership):**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	4	0	0	0	5	9
	ACRES	0	387	0	0	0	870	1,257
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	20	20
	ACRES	0	80	7	2	0	1,807	1,896
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	1	0	0	4	5
	ACRES	0	1	5	0	0	1,994	2,000
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	2	0	3
	ACRES	0	21	0	0	100	0	121
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	2	0	0	0	2	4
	ACRES	0	18	0	0	0	43	61
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	1	2	4
	ACRES	0	35	0	0	1	98	234
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	1,620	1,620
Southern Area	FIRES	1	0	6	3	214	33	257
	ACRES	570	0	1,417	1,017	7,759	24,532	35,295
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		1	8	7	3	217	71	307
<b>TOTAL ACRES</b>		570	542	1,429	1,019	7,860	31,064	42,484

\*\*\*Prescribed fire acres are for reference only and may not reflect the most up-to-date information.

\*\*\*Official prescribed fire accomplishment reporting occurs through agency specific systems of record.

**Predictive Services Discussion:** A weather pattern altering low-pressure system will move southeast along the western coast of British Columbia Friday spreading snow into the Pacific Northwest and western portions of the Northern Rockies by afternoon. As the system moves inland along the Canadian Border on Saturday, cold Arctic air will move south from central Canada into Montana, Idaho and Wyoming spreading further southwest into the Great Basin by Sunday. The center of the system will stall over southern Alberta and Saskatchewan and will linger through Tuesday. This will allow for a cold and snowy pattern to continue across the northwestern quarter of the country as snow reaches as far south as the northern Sierra by Monday and Tuesday. As the system begins to move east toward the western portion of the Great Lakes late Wednesday, another strong system will approach the coast of California bringing more middle and upper elevation snowfall and moderate to heavy valley rainfall. Looking elsewhere, a weak but moist cold front will develop along the Mississippi River on Friday and move east toward the coast on Saturday and early Sunday. Widespread wetting rainfall is expected with this system. After this system passes, several days of dry conditions are expected since the next system is not expected to pass until Thursday.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



## Attempting A Frontal Assault On A Fire

*Operational Engagement Category*

Attempting a frontal assault on a fire is recognized as Watchout Situation #10 and is a potentially dangerous tactic.

If your tactics include a frontal assault, the following checklist must be adequately addressed before engaging the fire:

- Has the fire been scouted and sized up? Who will scout and size up a fire and what are they looking for?
- Is your position defensible? List what makes a firefighter's position defensible. (Anchor points, safety zones, escape routes, etc.)
- Are escape routes and safety zones adequate? Review what constitutes an adequate safety zone and escape route.
- Do you have an anchor point? How would you establish an anchor point for a frontal assault on a fire?
- Do you have adequate resources to complete the assault? Discuss things you need to consider; for example, if the frontal assault fails, do you have backup?
- Are you informed on strategy, tactics, and hazards? Consider what could happen if someone has a different approach than you; i.e., the IC has a burnout operation planned while you are attempting frontal assault.
- Is the terrain favorable to holding the fire? Discuss ways the terrain will influence where you will make a stand.
- Are you relying on aircraft for support operation? Any operation, especially frontal assault, should not need air resources to be safe.

In order to reduce the risks, reassess your tactics, post lookouts, identify situations in which firefighters may be enticed to attempt frontal assault on a fire. Review why this may or may not be a good idea.

Resources:

[Incident Response Pocket Guide, PMS 461](#)

[Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations \(Red Book\)](#)

[Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide, PMS 210](#)

**Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.**

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